

Data management challenges and solutions in closing the loop from healthcare to research and back



eCLINICAL RESEARCH: GETTING VIRTUAL AND PERSONAL

Innovative solutions for the use of electronic medical data to serve research purposes

30-31 May

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Digital Health Information Systems

AIT Austrian Institute of Technology



Content

- Background
 - AIT
 - data protection regulations
 - Rare diseases
 - dimensions of data integration / record linkage
- Identity management & privacy preserving record linkage
- Examples for data integration in three dimensions
- Summary & Conclusion

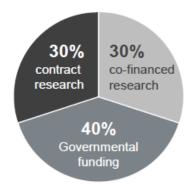


AIT Austrian Institute of Technology

The largest applied research institute in **Austria**



Finance structure



Research and Technology Organisation



Owner structure

50.46%

Republic of Austria

49.54%

Federation of Austrian Industries

1300

Employees



Low-Emission Transport Digital Safety & Security

Science

Technology Experience Vision,
Automation &
Control

Politics

Innovation
Systems & Policy

Energy

Mobility Systems



Digital Health Information Systems – Office Locations

~ 45 staff members at 3 locations



Graz



Hall in Tirol (Innsbruck)



Vienna



The 4th dimension ...

- Sci-Fi
- Extra terrestrial
- Universal
- Relativity
- Time travel
- Confusing,
 Unimaginable for 3D creatures like us

...



History of Regulations on data protection in research

- Declaration of Helsinki
 - Privacy and Confidentiality
 - 24. Every precaution must be taken to protect the **privacy** of research subjects and the **confidentiality** of their personal information.
- Good Clinical Practice (GCP)
 - THE PRINCIPLES OF ICH GCP.
 - 2.11 The **confidentiality** of records that could identify subjects should be protected, respecting the **privacy** and **confidentiality** rules in accordance with the applicable regulatory requirement(s).
- General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR)
 - Article 89 Safeguards and derogations relating to processing for archiving purposes in the public interest, scientific or historical research purposes or statistical purposes



EU General Data Protection Regulation

- Regulation (EU) 2016/679
- Article 4, Definitions
 - 'pseudonymisation' means the processing of personal data in such a manner that the personal data can no longer be attributed to a specific data subject without the use of additional information, provided that such additional information is kept separately and is subject to technical and organisational measures to ensure that the personal data are not attributed to an identified or identifiable natural person;





Privacy & Confidentiality

- Confidentiality is about the data
 - one of the three dimensions in IT Security
- Privacy is about the subjects identity
 - De-identification
 - Pseudonymisation
 - Anonymisation
- Data Protection in 4 dimensions = management of
 - 1. Availability
 - 2. Integrity
 - 3. Confidentiality
 - 4. Identity



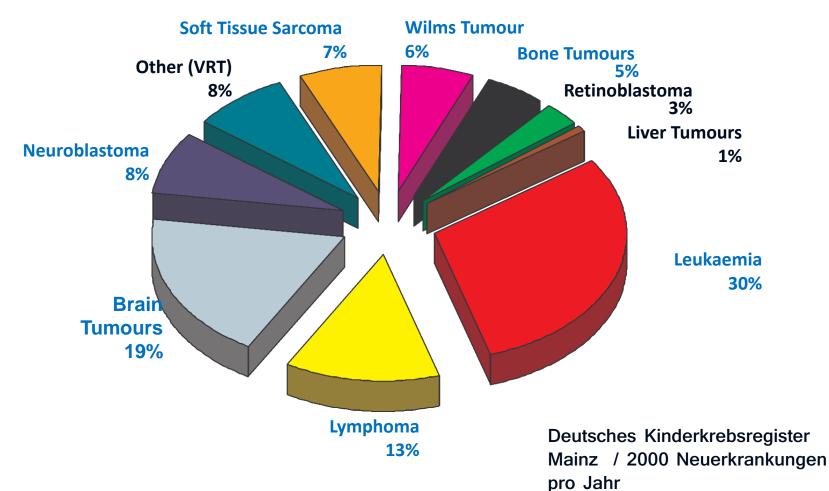
Dimensions of data management in clinical trials

- 1. Data Collection
- 2. Data Analysis
- 3. Data Archiving
- 4. Data Protection



Special Context - Rare Disease, e.g. Childhood Cancer

- Rare Disease Definition: Prävalenz < 1 in 2000 <u>www.eurordis.org</u>
- Childhood (< 15 years) Cancer Incidence in Europe: 1 in 6250
- Kaatsch et al. Cancer Treat Rev. 2010, 36(4):277-85. Epidemiology of childhood cancer.
- In Austria: ~ 185 cases per year (Statistik Austria)







What are European Reference Networks? http://ec.europa.eu/health/ern/policy/index_en.htm

- Directive 2011/24/EU on patients' rights in cross-border healthcare
- Article 12 of the directive is concerned with supporting MS with the development of so called European Reference Networks (ERN)
- The European Reference Networks (ERNs) bring together highly specialised healthcare providers from different Member States. They help provide affordable, high-quality and cost-effective healthcare to patients with conditions requiring a particular concentration of resources or expertise.





ICT infrastructures for biomedical research networks



- SIOPEN-R-NET Thematic Network (FP5)
 - SIOP European Neuroblastoma Research Network
 - AIT: design and operation of IT Infrastructure



- ENCCA Network of Excellence (FP7)
 - European Network for Cancer in Children & Adolescents
 - AIT: Virtual Institute Information Portal



- ExPO-r-NeT (European Reference Network DG SANTE)
 - European Expert Paediatric Oncology Reference Network for Diagnostics and Treatment
 - AIT: ICT strategy and interoperability architecture





ENCCA

European Network for Cancer research in Children and Adolescents

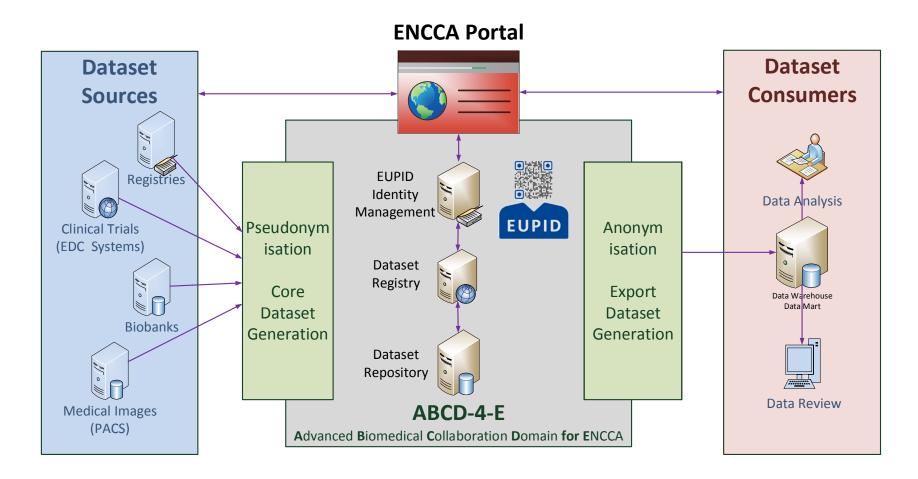
- FP7 Network of Excellence
- **2011-2015**
- Coordinator: St. Anna Kinderkrebsforschung (Prof. Ruth Ladenstein)
- AIT: ICT WP Lead: "Establishing the Virtual Institute"
- www.encca.eu







Advanced Biomedical Collaboration Domain 4 ENCCA

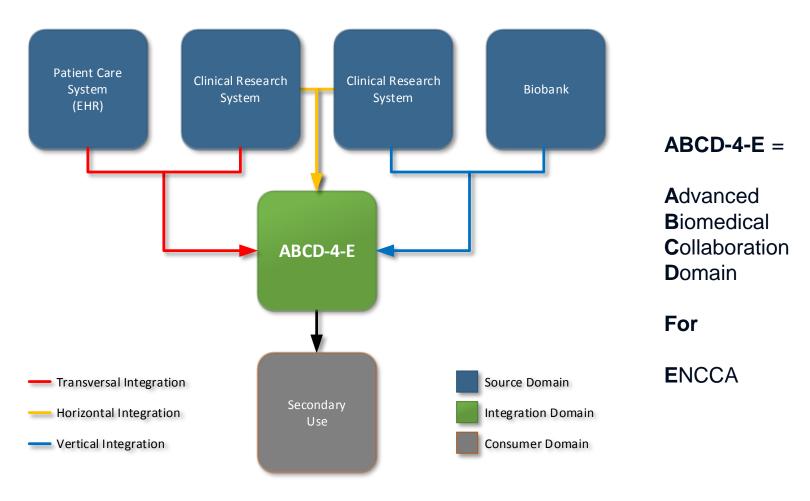


NitzInader M, Falgenhauer M, Gossy C, Schreier G. Architecture for an advanced biomedical collaboration domain for the European paediatric cancer research community (ABCD-4-E). Studies in health technology and informatics. 2015;212:167-74. PubMed PMID: 26063273.





Different dimensions of data linkage



M. Nitzlnader, M. Falgenhauer, C. Gossy, and G. u. Schreier, "Architecture for an Advanced Biomedical Collaboration Domain for the European Paediatric Cancer Research Community (ABCD-4-E)," in *Stud Health Technol Inform - Proceedings of the eHealth2015 - Health Informatics meets eHealth*, 2015, pp. 167-174.



Different dimensions of integration

- Horizontal integration
 - Linking different clinical trials
- Vertical integration
 - Linking clinical research and Biobanking
- Transversal integration
 - Bridging the gap between healthcare and research
- The 4th dimension
 - Reach out to the patient (electronic Patient Reported Outcomes)



EUPID ... a versatile acronym

- ENCCA Unified Patient IDentity
- EUropean Patient IDentity
- Electronic Universal Patient IDentity

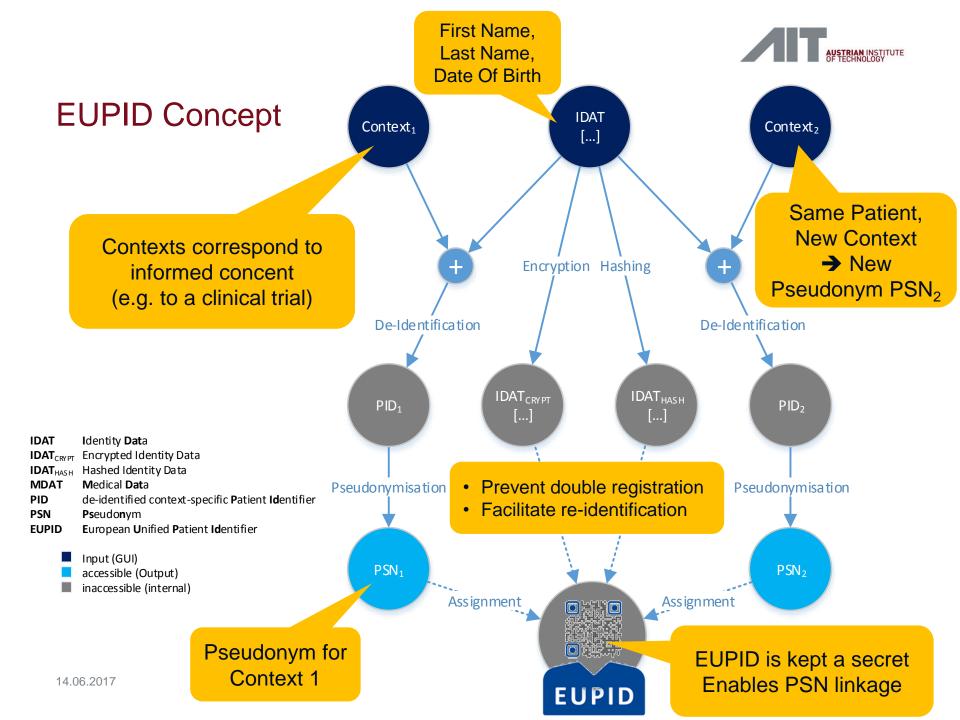




ENCCA → EUPID Core Requirements

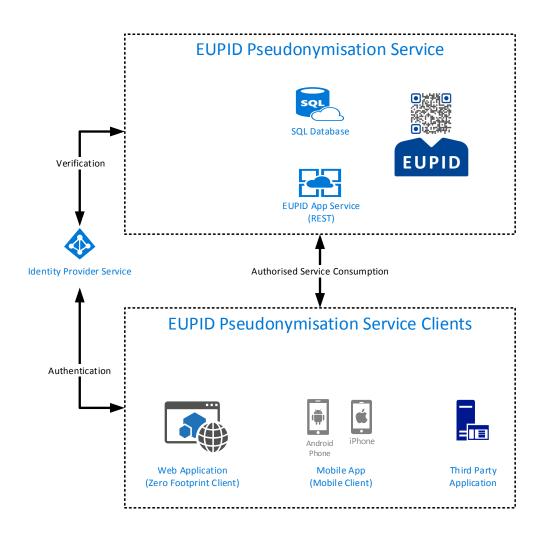
- 1. Prevent duplicate registration of patients
- Avoid publishing a transparent universal patient ID → use different pseudonyms for different contexts
- 3. Provide a method to link pseudonyms from different contexts, if needed
- 4. Preserve the possibility for re-identification by a trusted third party
- 5. Non-functional requirements:

Accessibility, Regulatory, Affordability, ...





EUPID Schema



M. NitzInader and G. Schreier,
"Patient identity management for
secondary use of biomedical
research data in a distributed
computing environment," Stud
Health Technol Inform, vol. 198, pp.
211-8, 2014.

No unencrypted personal data are stored anywhere in the system!

PRIVACY by DESIGN PRIVACY by DEFAULT

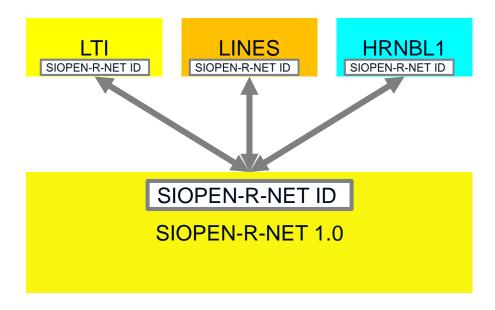


Horizontal Integration

Linking different clinical trials in a backward compatible way



SIOPEN-R-NET Portal 1.0 -...



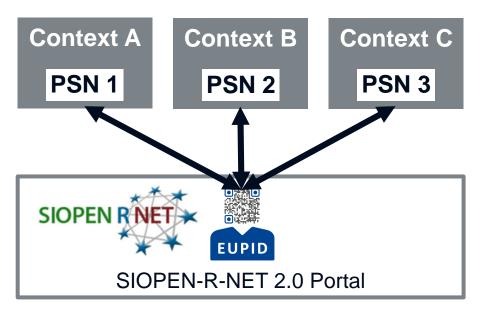
 Clinical Trials shared a unique identifier (SIOPEN-R-NET ID) for easy record linkage

6/14/2017



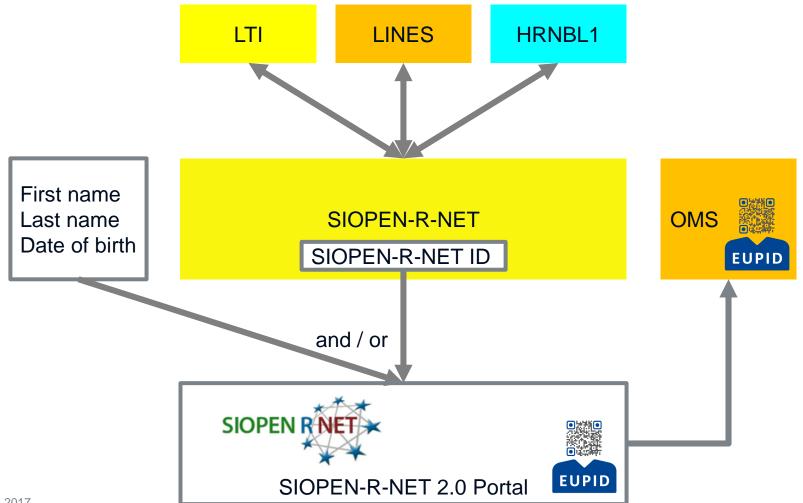
SIOPEN-R-NET Portal 2.0

- SIOPEN-R-NET Portal 2.0 is based on EUPID
- Patients receive a unique ID for each clinical trial (data collecting project)



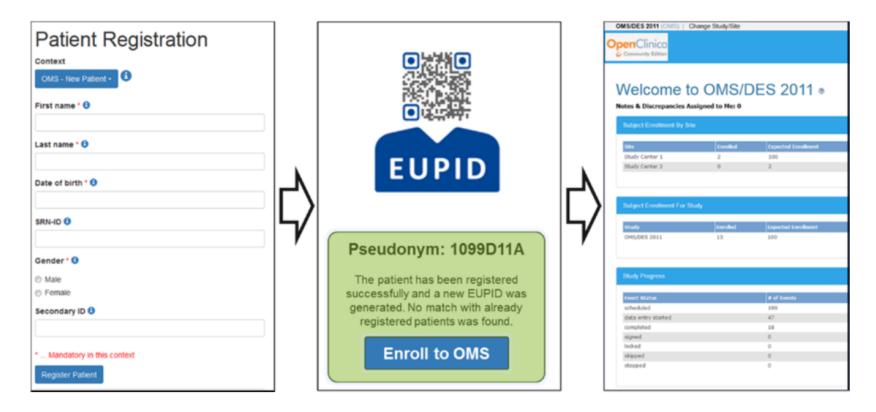


SIOPEN-R-NET Portal & Clinical Trials & EUPID





SIOPEN-R-NET Portal 2.0 & EUPID – link to clinical trial

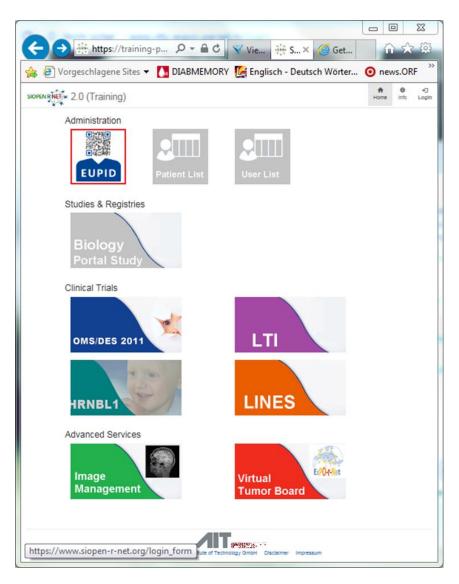


Hayn D, Falgenhauer M, Kropf M, Nitzlnader M, Welte S, Ebner H, Ladenstein R, Schleiermacher G, Hero B, Schreier G. IT Infrastructure for Merging Data from Different Clinical Trials and Across Independent Research Networks. Stud Health Technol Inform. 2016;228:287-91



EUPID Demonstration

- Login as a registered user
- Register a patient to a clinical trial context
 - Using firstName, lastName, dateOfBirth
 - (Using an existing, unique ID)
- Enrolling the registered patient to a third party system (clinical trial)
- Adding a small typo check system reaction





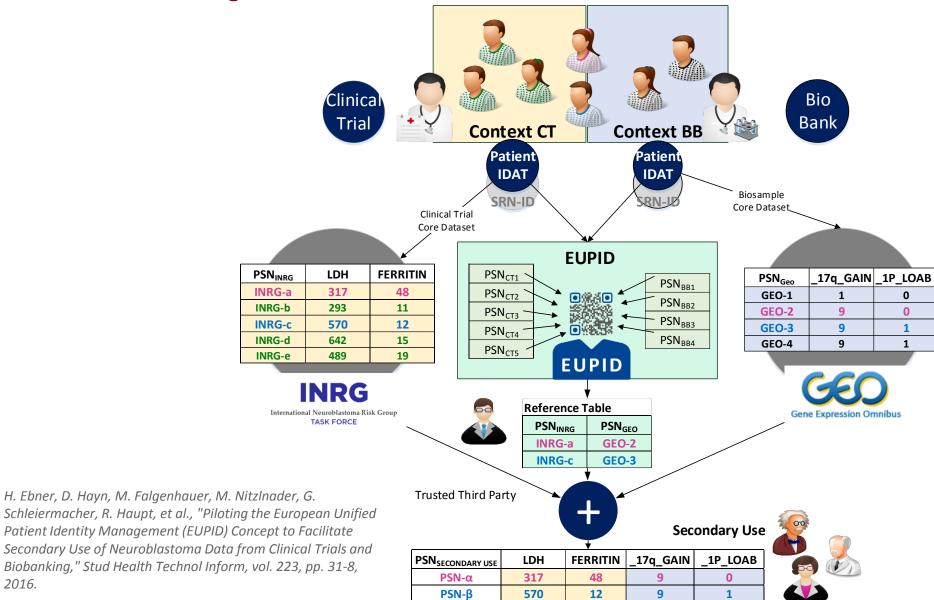
Vertical Integration

Linking clinical trials and biobanking (clinical research and basic science)



Pilot data integration with EUPID

2016.





Transversal Integration

Linking Clinical Research and Healthcare





Already available Tools from ENCCA

- EUPID European Patient IDentity Management Service
 - https://eupid.eu



 Survivorship Passport – Patient Summary





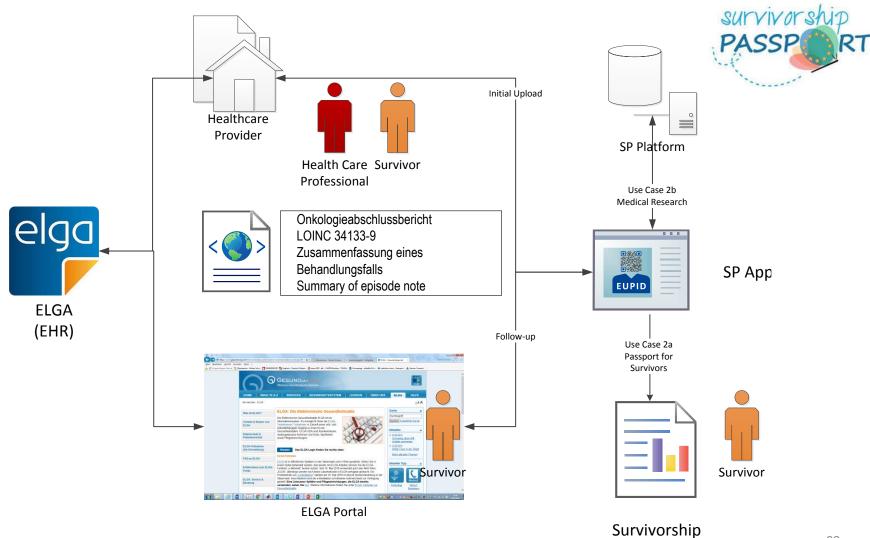
How to make the Survivorship Passport "fly"?

- Aim better healthcare for children with cancer
 - Continuity of Care
 - Better management of long-term effects
 - Enhance "Late Effects" research
- In Austria by leveraging the existing eHealth infrastructure
 - ELGA (Elektronische Gesundheitsakte)





From ELGA to Survivorship Passport



Passport



Survivorship Passport Concept

- ... how the Survivorship passport can be implemented in the Austrian Healthcare system, compliant with existing regulations (data protection, healthcare/ELGA)
- ... makes use of previously developed components
 - Survivorship Passport Platform



EUPID



... has been handed-in to the Austrian Ministry of Health

Ebner H, et al. A Concept to Bridge the Gap Between Health Care and Research in Pediatric Oncology based on EUPID and Survivorship Passport, Applied Clinical Informatics, submitted



Closing the virtuous cycle





Summary and Conclusion

- Data protection and privacy regulations pose increasing challenges to in Biomedical Research and Healthcare.
- Systems like EUPID allow for controlled identity management
 - privacy preserved record linking (PPRL) in different dimensions
 - featuring privacy by design and privacy by default.

- Identity Management ...
- the fourth dimension of data protection?