

New dimensions of design for user experience and evaluation in digital health

SPEAKER: Dr. Joseph CAFAZZO

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New dimensions of design for user experience and evaluation in digital health

Joseph Cafazzo PhD PEng

Wolfond Chair in Digital Health Executive Director, Centre for Global eHealth Innovation, University Health Network Associate Professor, University of Toronto







1964. IBM.

theEHR

"less paper work"

"correlation of diseases"

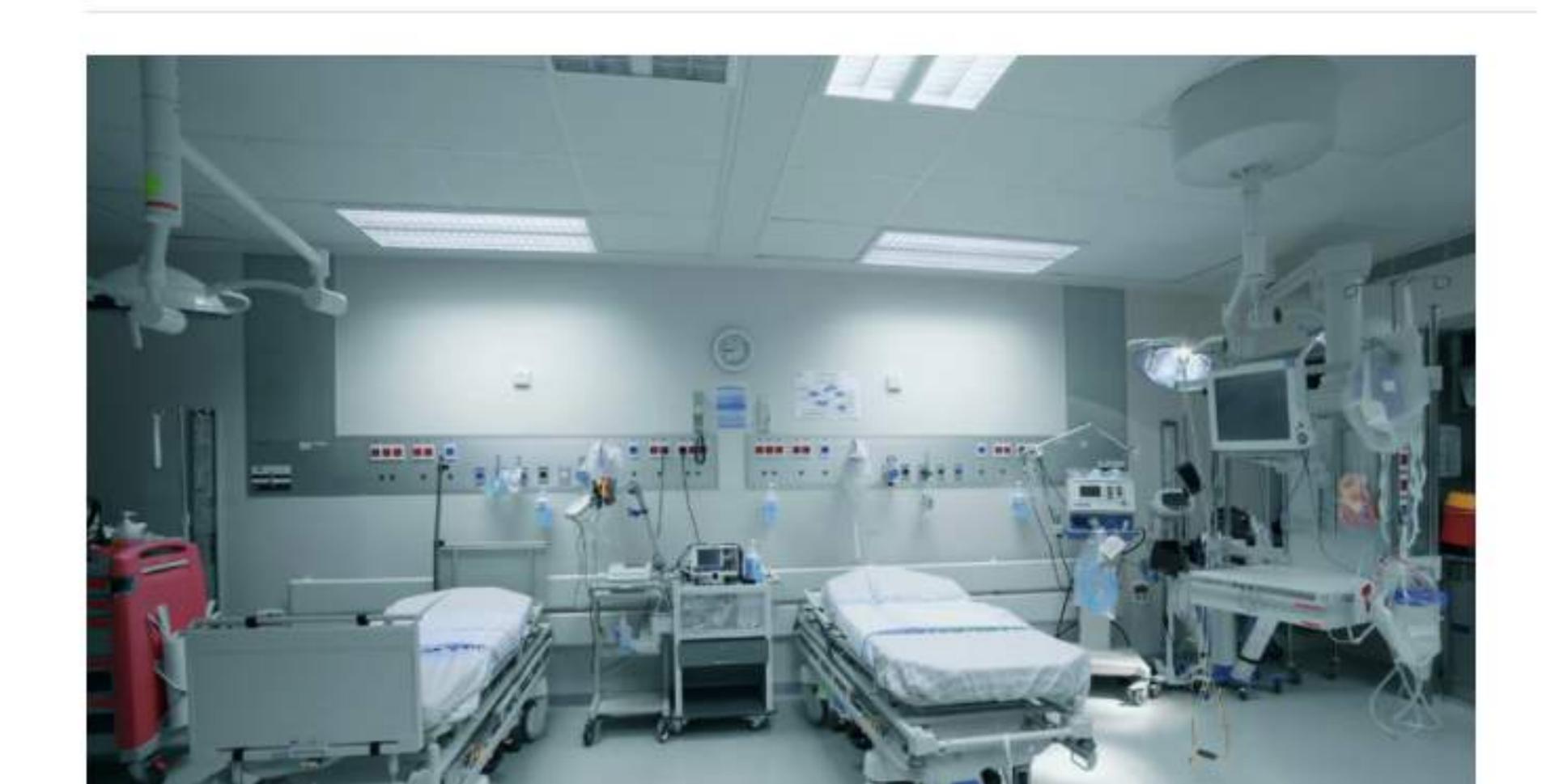
"eliminate errors"



The New York Times

Bad Hospital Design Is Making Us Sicker

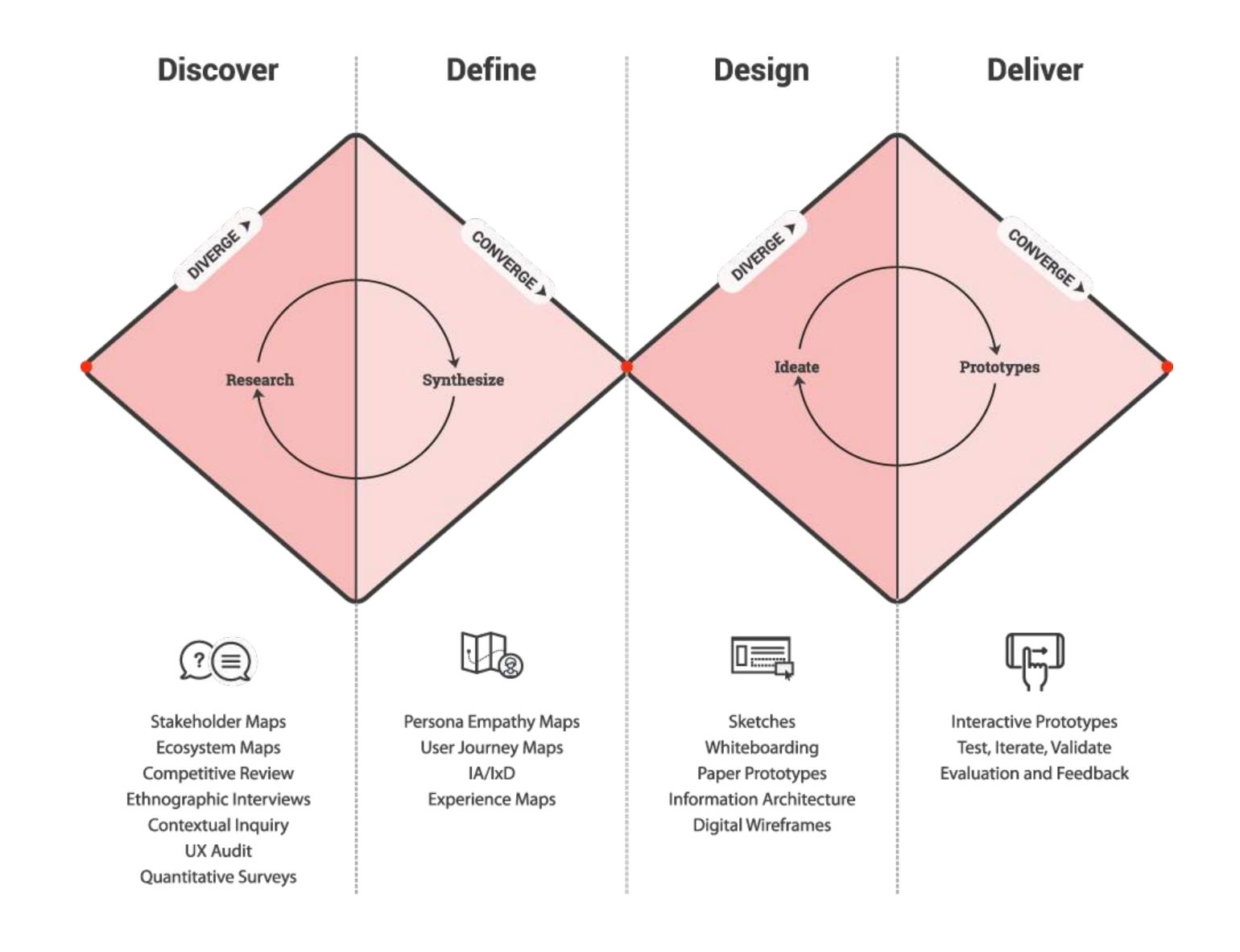
By DHRUV KHULLAR, M.D. FEB. 22, 2017

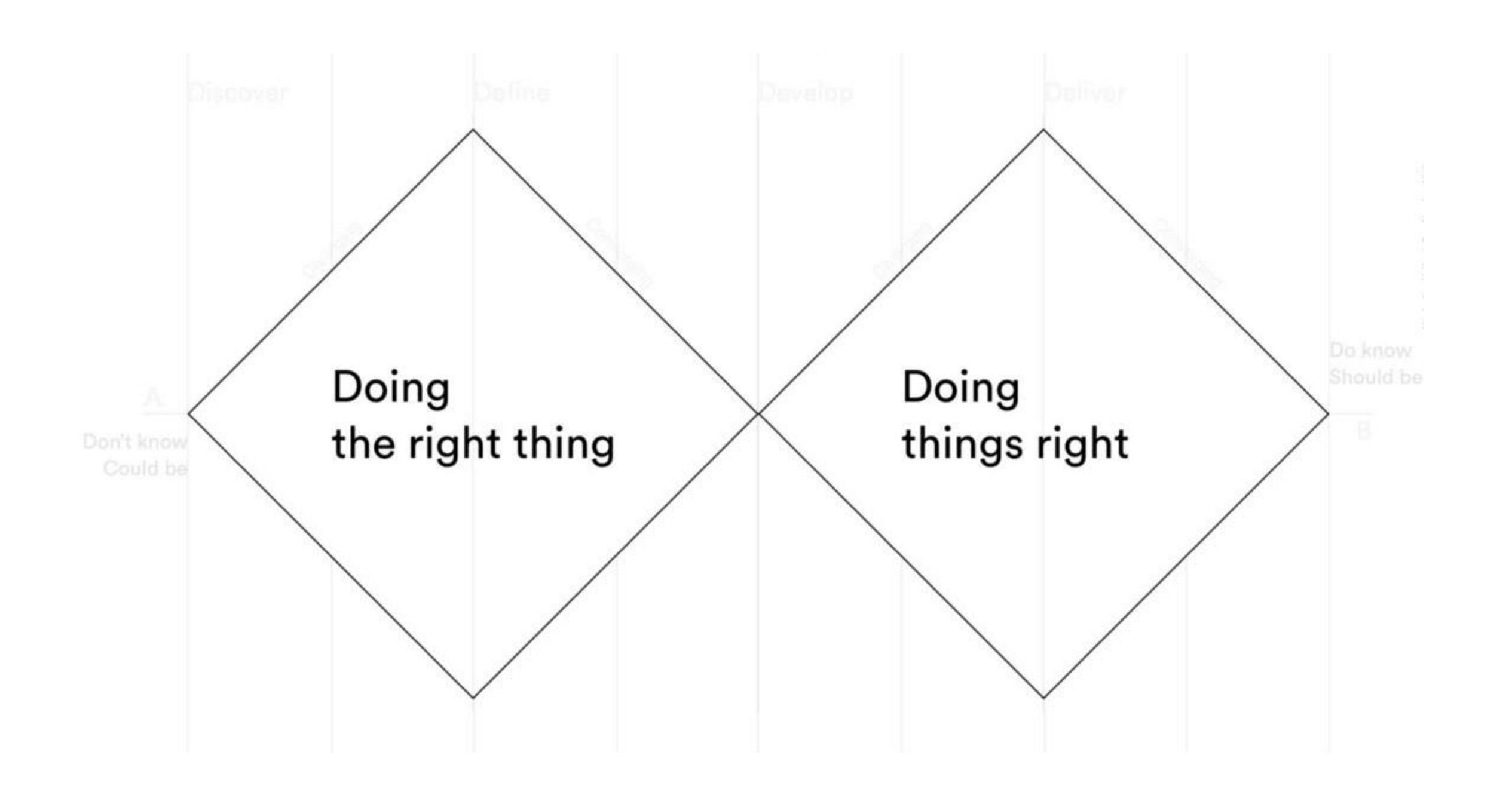


Bad Design?

No Design.

Double Diamond Design Model





ANNALS OF MEDICINE

WHY DOCTORS HATE THEIR COMPUTERS

Digitization promises to make medical care easier and more efficient. But are screens coming between doctors and patients?

By Atul Gawande November 5, 2018

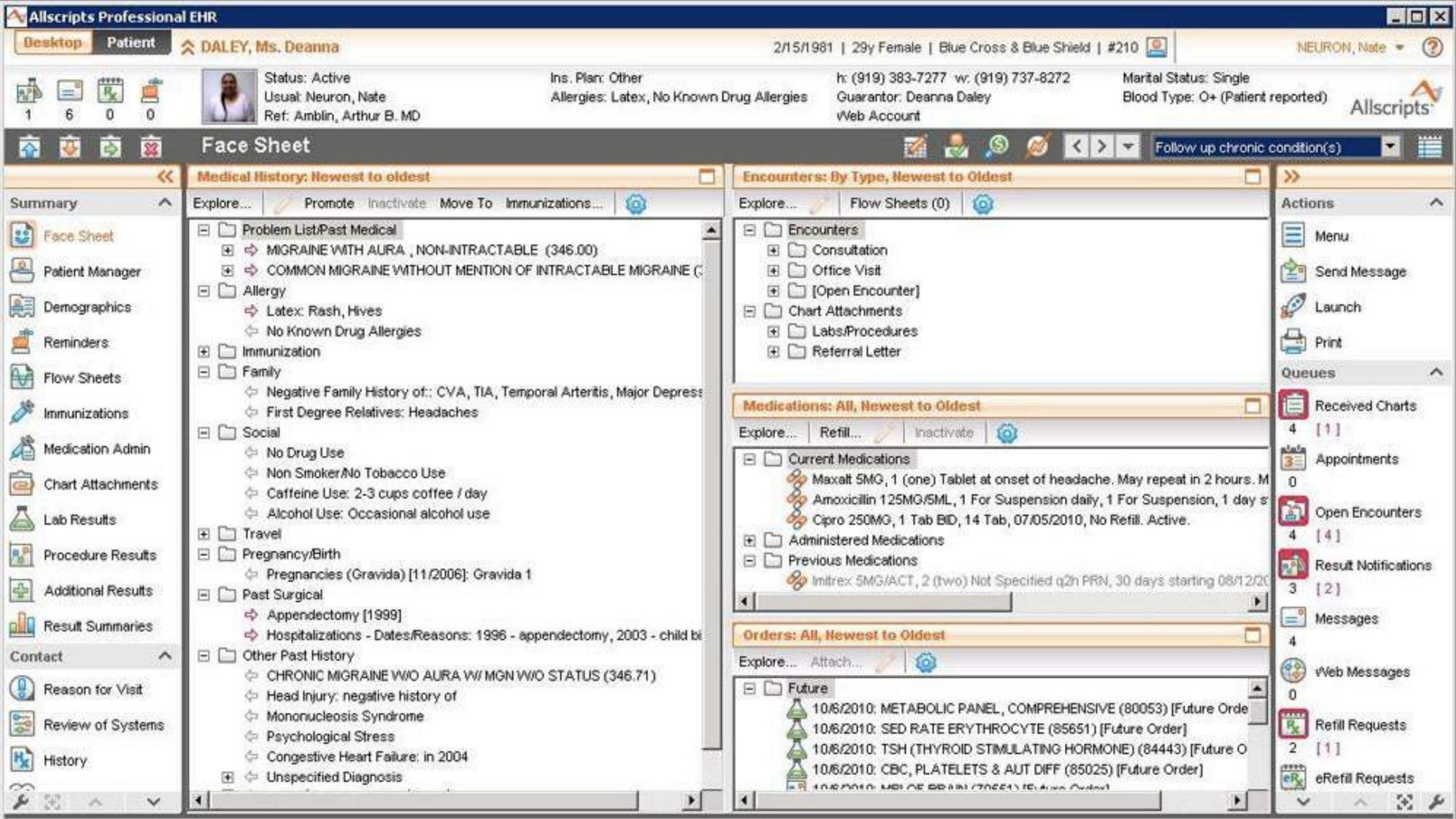


FORTUNE

Death by a Thousand Clicks: Where Electronic Health Records Went Wrong

The U.S. government claimed that turning American medical charts into electronic records would make health care better, safer, and cheaper. Ten years and \$36 billion later, the system is an unholy mess: Inside a digital revolution gone wrong. A joint investigation by Fortune and Kaiser Health News.

By Erika Fry and Fred Schulte March 18, 2019





Physician Burnout Is a Problem at 83% of Healthcare Organizations

A new study found 83 percent of surveyed clinicians and healthcare organization leadership see physician burnout as a problem.

















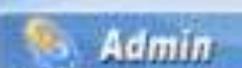






⇒Welcome Jim

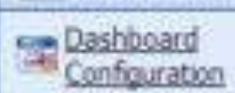
Home

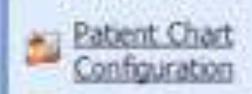


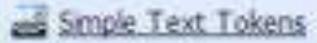
Dashboard	
 Appointments 	
2 Alerts	
Patient Tracker	
Messages	

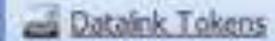
4	Lasks	
E	Preferences	3

Encounters List









🔪 Арроіп	ointments 50 %			
Patient Nan	Appointmen	Account	Status	Provider Na
Test, Mary	04/30/20 10:00 AM	100002	Not Seen	Weby,M
Internal	04/30/20 10:15 AM	100197	Not Seen	Weby,M
Medical Joe	04/30/20 10:30 AM	100194	Not Seen	Welby,M
Orthope	04/30/20 10:45 AM	100198	Not Seen	Weby,M
Surgical,	04/30/20 11:00 AM	100199	Not Seen	Welby,M
Page 1 of 2	(6 tems)	[1] 2	2	

Alerts			E
Subject	Start Date	Message	4
System	04/28/	Account: 100002 Test, Mary -	100
Generated	05:13	Patient's BP Diastoic is more than	
Alert	AM	100. Patient requires attention.	
System	04/28/	Account: 100002 Test, Mary - BP	4 00 0
Generated	05:13	Diastolic is more than 130.	
Alert	AM	Attention reqd.	
System	04/28/	Account: 100002 Test, Mary - BP	4
Generated	05:12	Diastolic is more than 130.	
Alert	AM	Attention regd.	
System	04/28/	Account: 100002 Test Mary -	ď

Messages	
Message Date	Subject
02/12/2008 09:50 AM	Message with Attachement
12/18/2007.06:28 AM	RE: To all the providers/doctors
12/18/2007 06:27 AM	To all the providers/doctors
12/04/2007 04:59 PM	RE: RE:
12/04/2007 04:59 PM	RE:

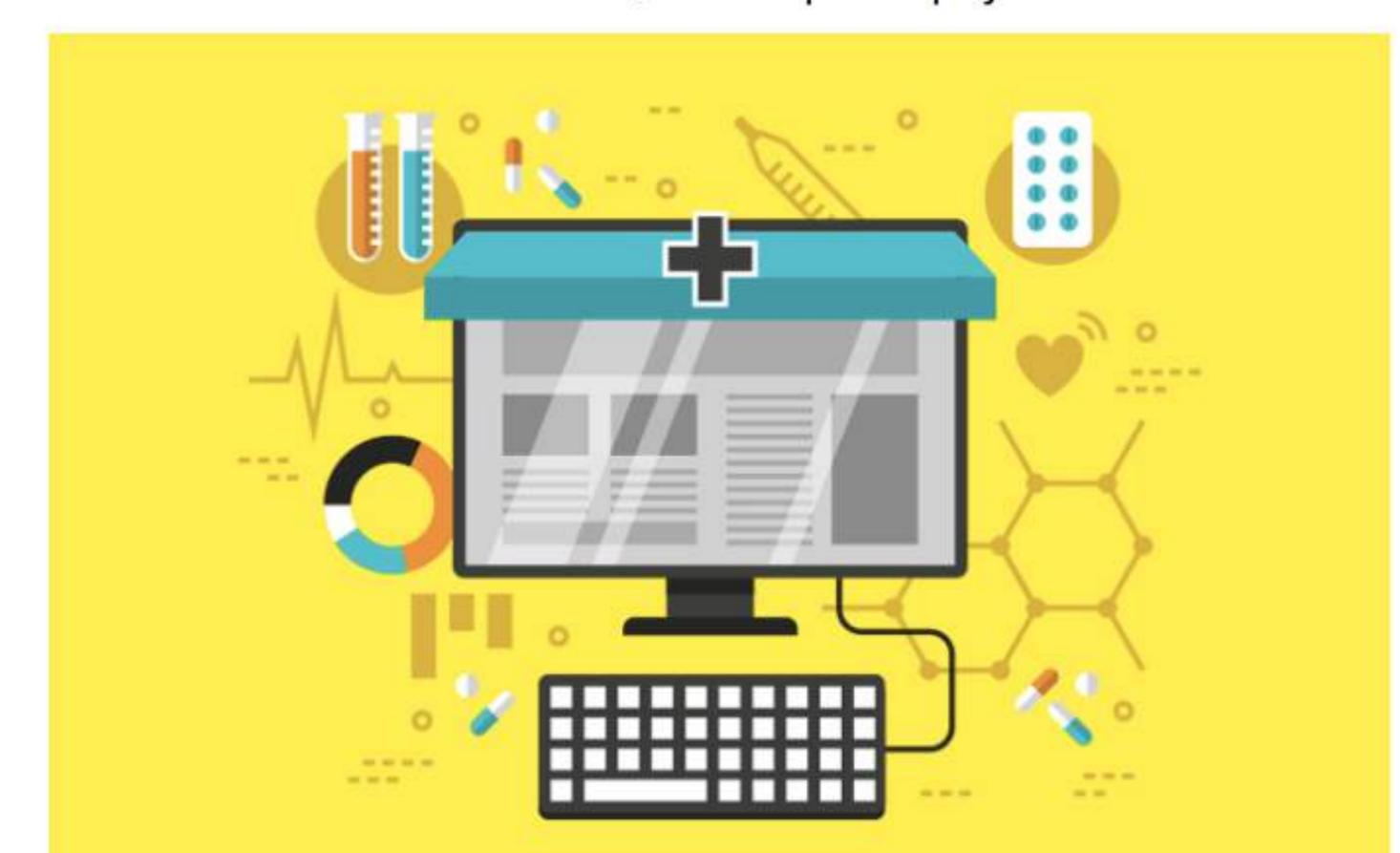
Encounter Dat	Encounter Nan	Patient Name	Status
0 2/12/2008	Jim	Internal,	Pending
8:31:38 AM	Encounter	Mark	
02/12/2008	Jim	Orthopedic,	Pending
6:54:24.AM	Encounter	Jim	
© 2/12/2008 6:49:16 AM	Jim Encounter	ObGyn, Jane	Pending
2/11/2008	Jims	Ms. Test,	Pending
11:21:53 AM	encounter	Mary	
2/11/2008 11:18:44 AM	Office Visit	Ms. Test, Mary	Pending



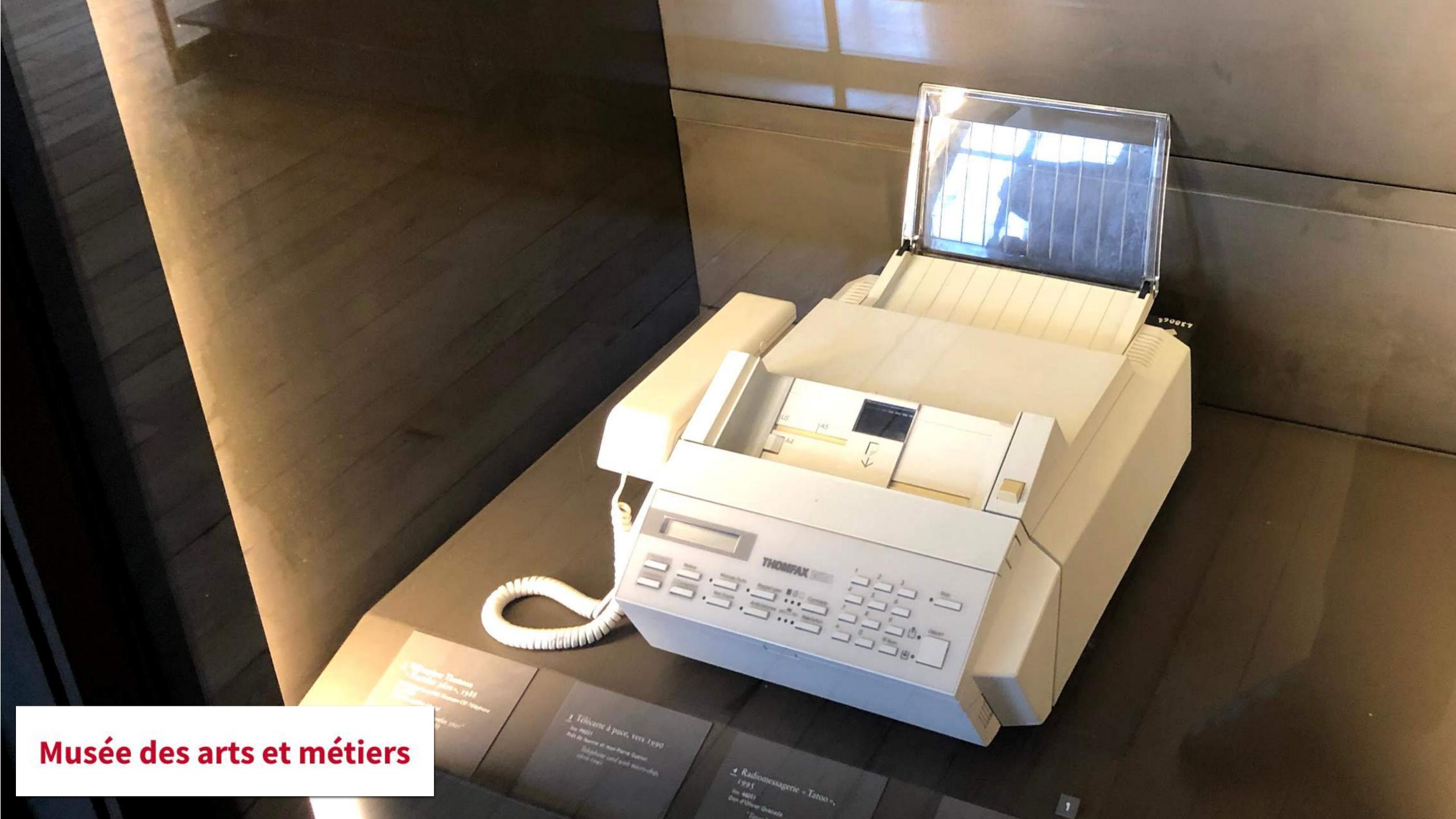


Scribes Reduce EHR Use, Restore Joy of Practice for Physicians

Utilizing scribes in primary care clinics can help reduce EHR use, lessen administrative burden, and improve physician satisfaction.







ITU-T

T.4 (07/2003)

TELECOMMUNICATION STANDARDIZATION SECTOR OF ITU

SERIES T: TERMINALS FOR TELEMATIC SERVICES

Standardization of Group 3 facsimile terminals for document transmission

works with any other fax ... in the world

simple to use

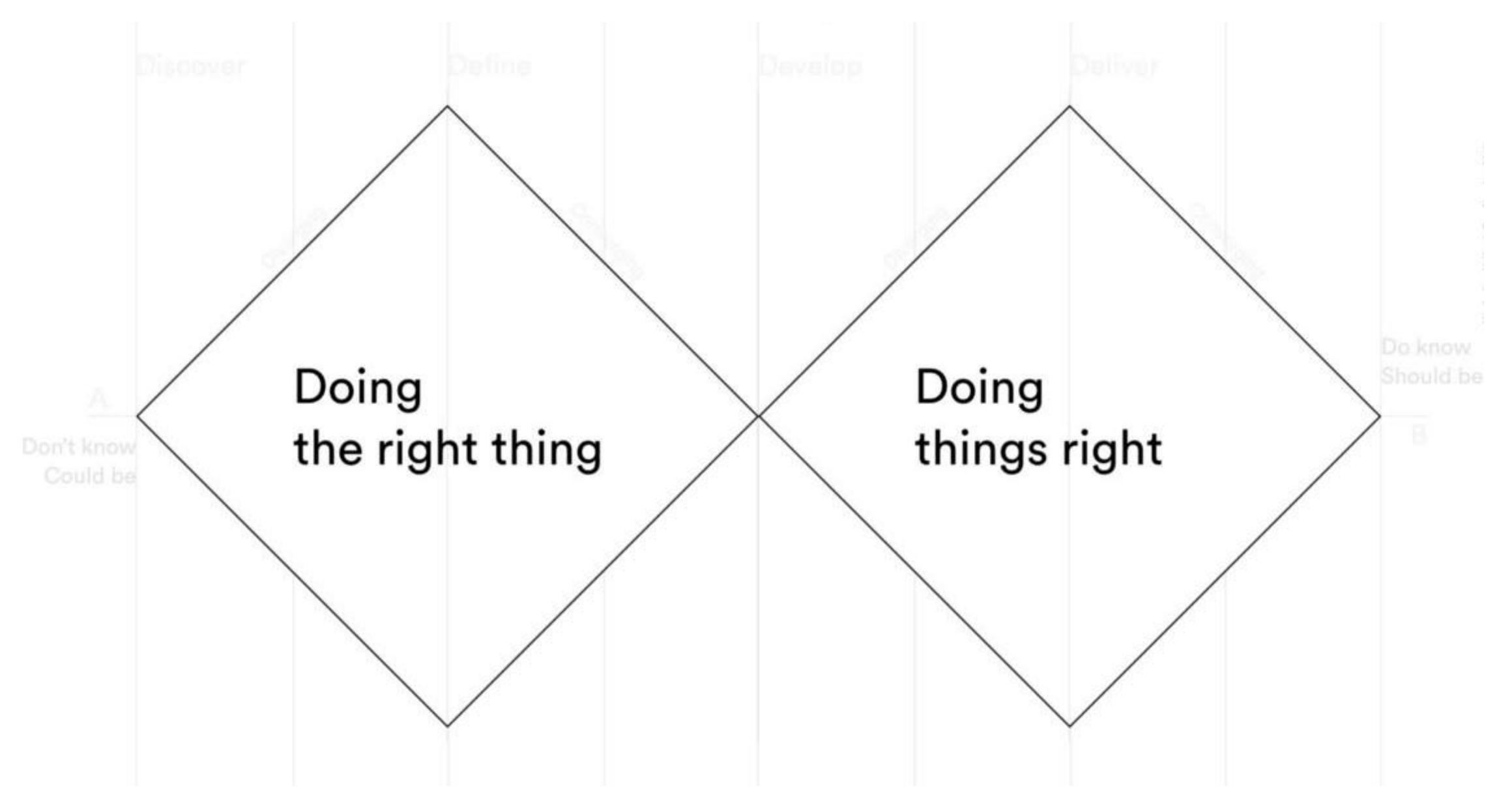
it's cheap

If your fax machine was like your EHR

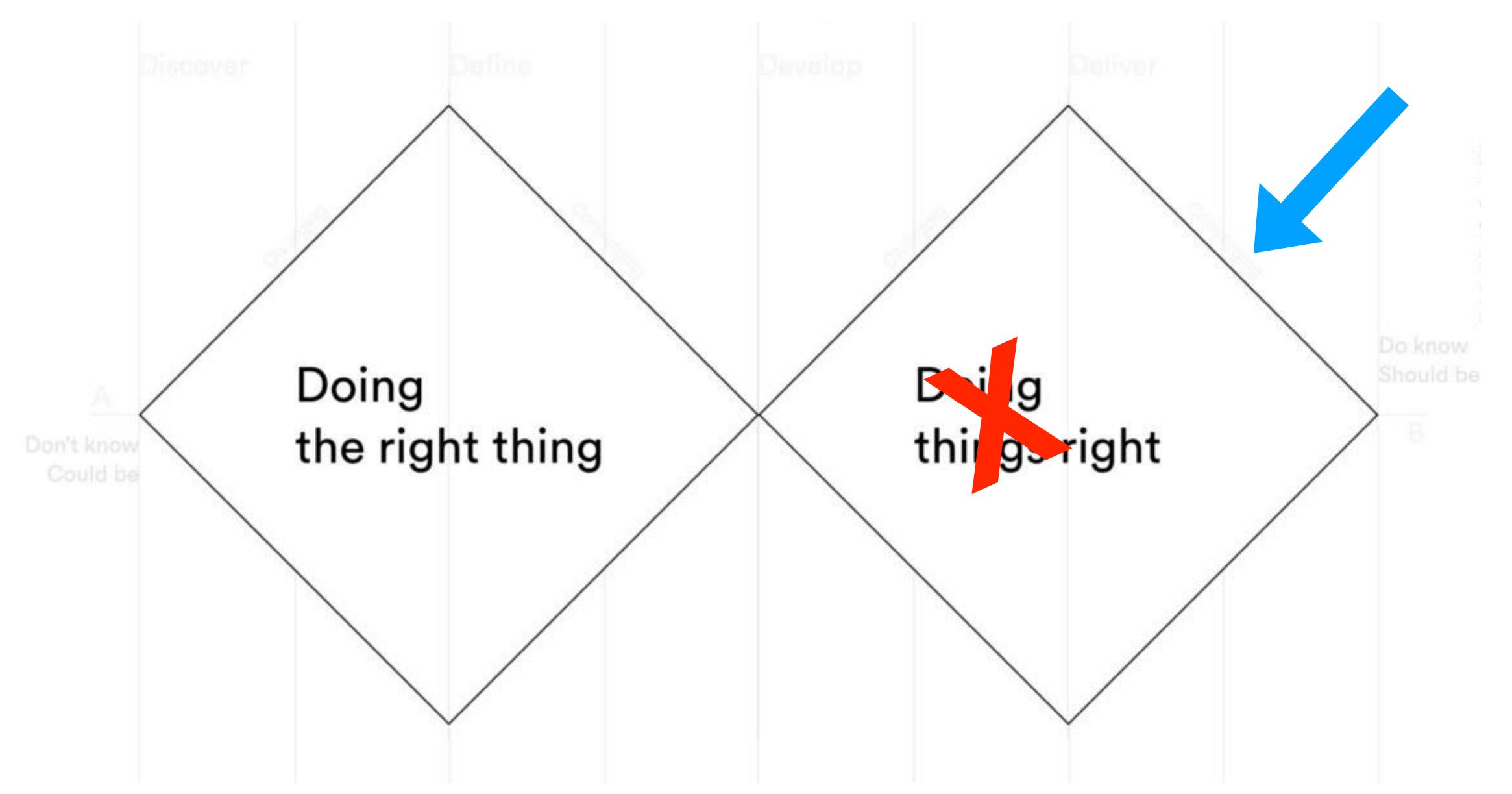
It can't connect to any other fax machine

It would take you months (years?) to figure out how to use it

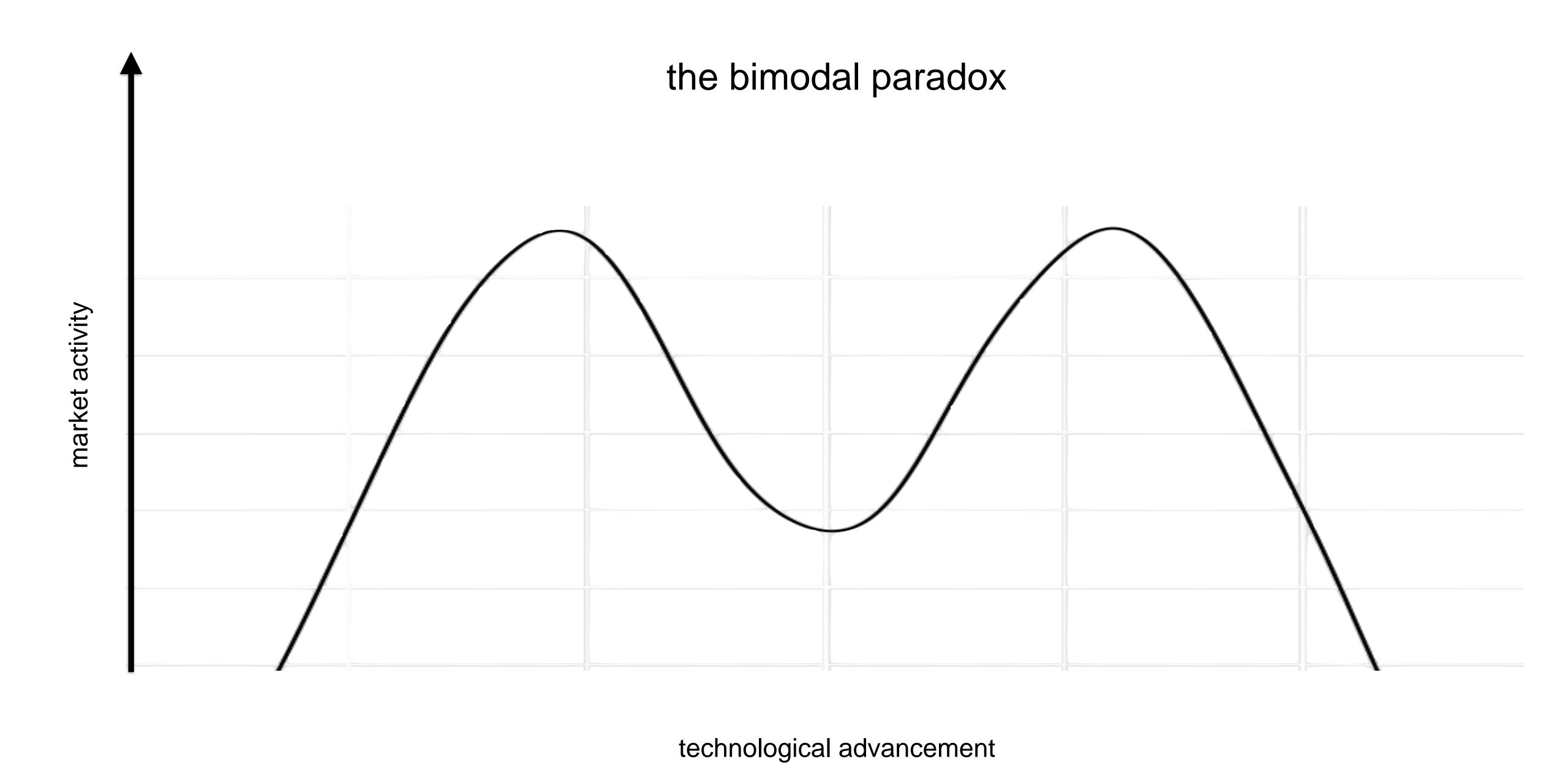
It would cost \$100,000

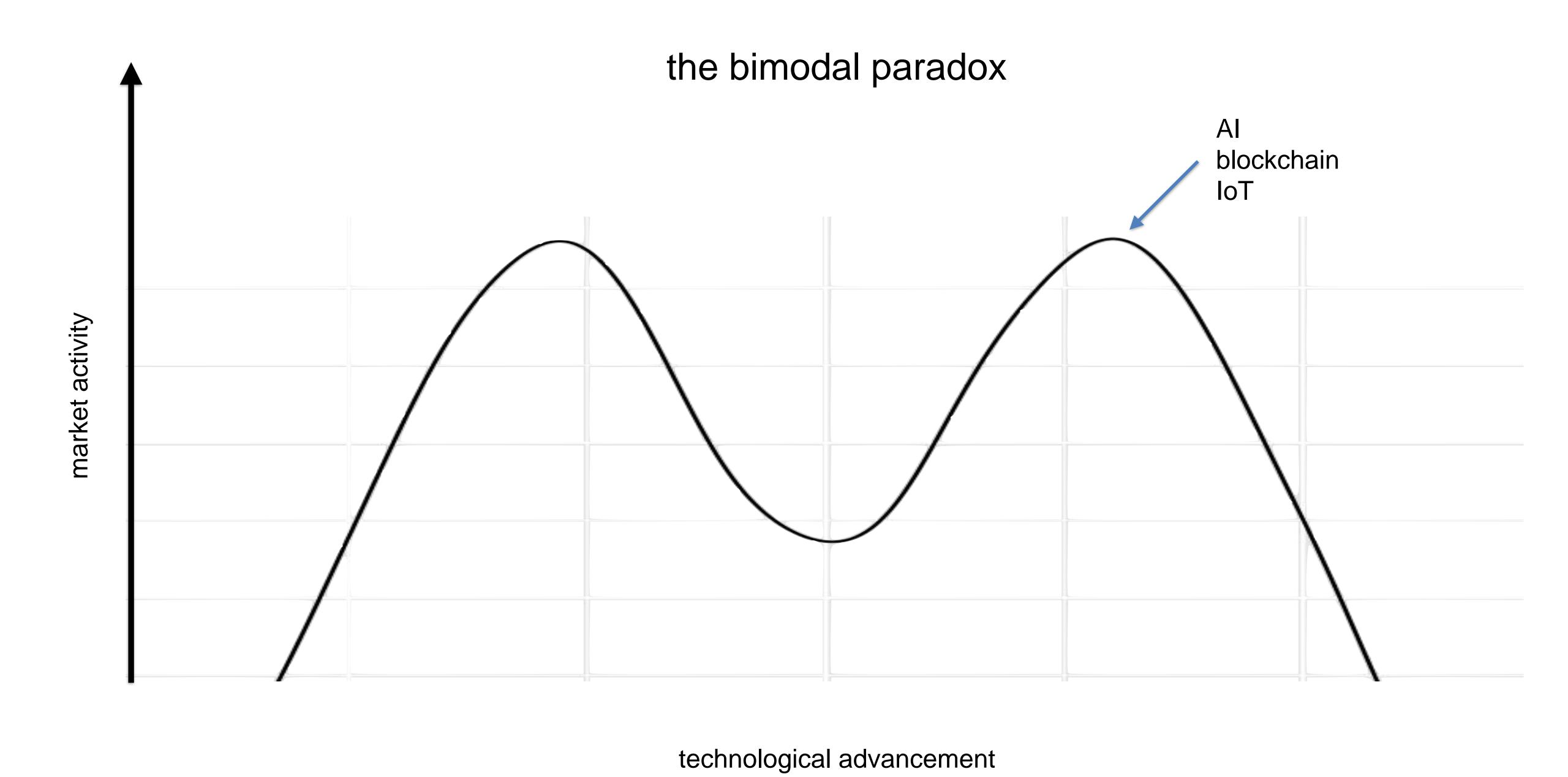


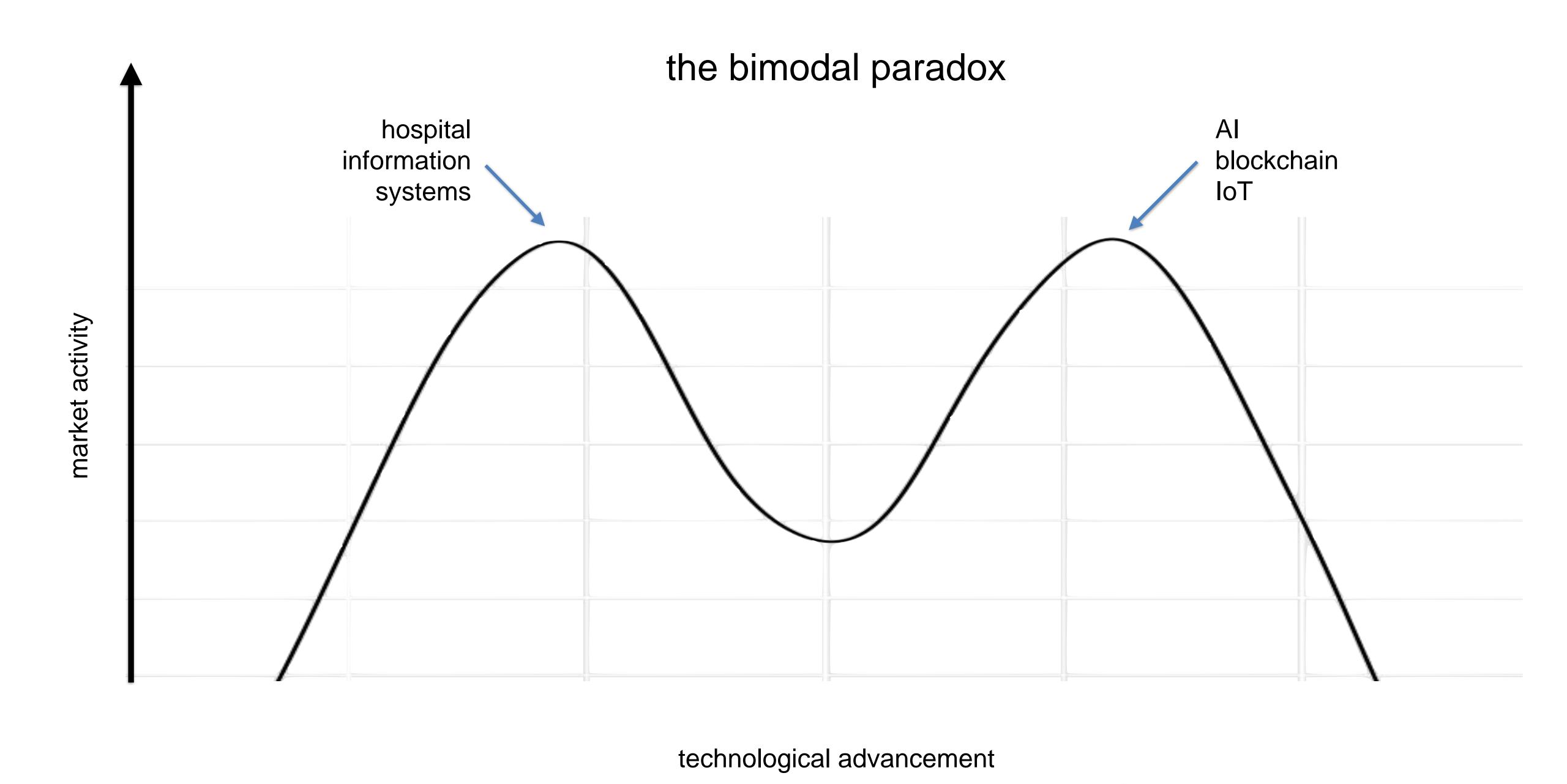
Dan Nessler



Dan Nessler











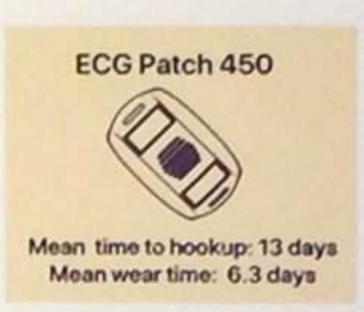




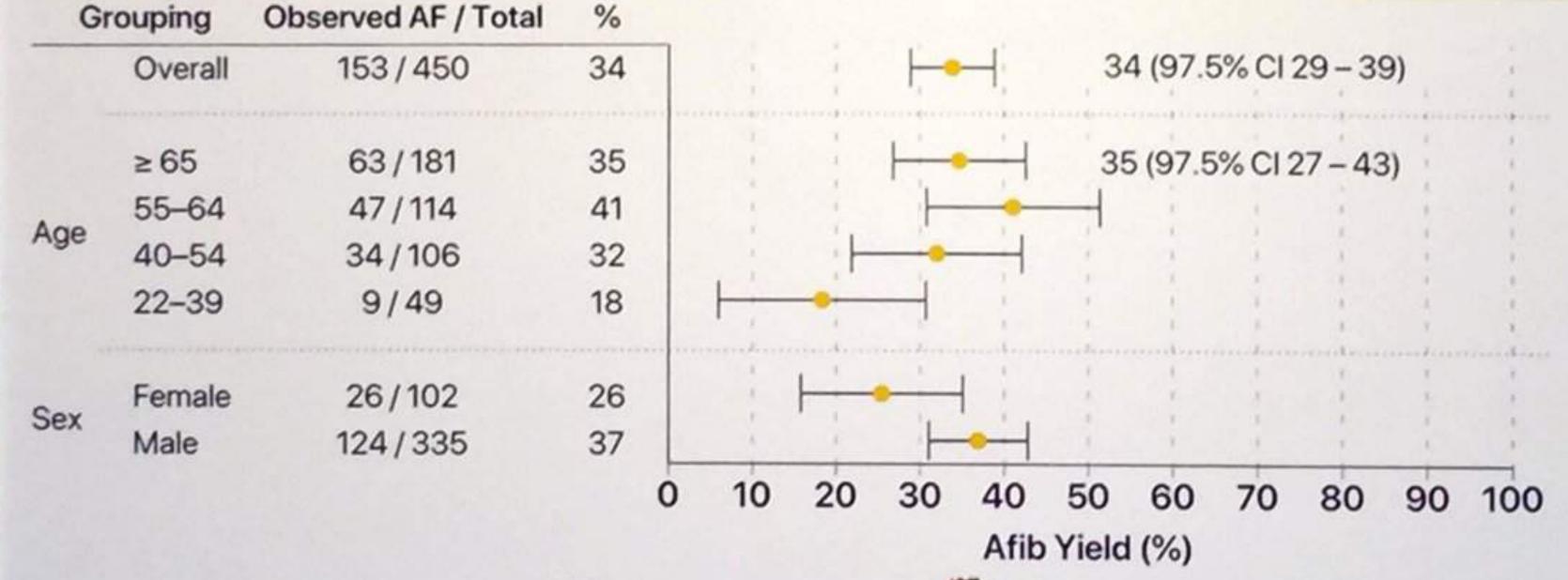
No one asked for AFib screening at population levels

even with state-of-the-art Al, superb sensitivity and specificity, many people will worry unnecessarily and be over-treated

Afib Yield on ECG Patch



ACC 2019





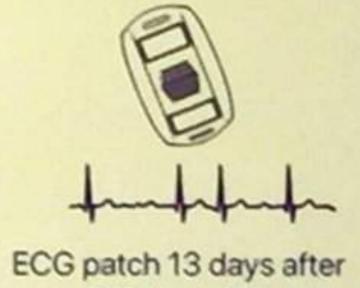
Conclusions

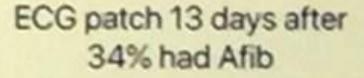


Study w/ Novel Virtual Design 419,297 in 8 months



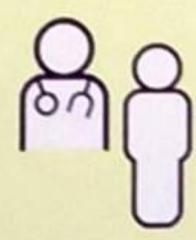
Proportion Notified low Overall: 0.52% (0.49-0.54)







Positive predictive value Tachogram: 0.71 (0.69-0.74) Notification: 0.84 (0.76-0.92)



57% Notified (surveyed) Contacted Non-Study Provider

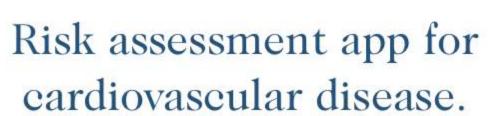


Exposure to the app was safe

ACC 2019

419,297 in 8 months

30 DAYS

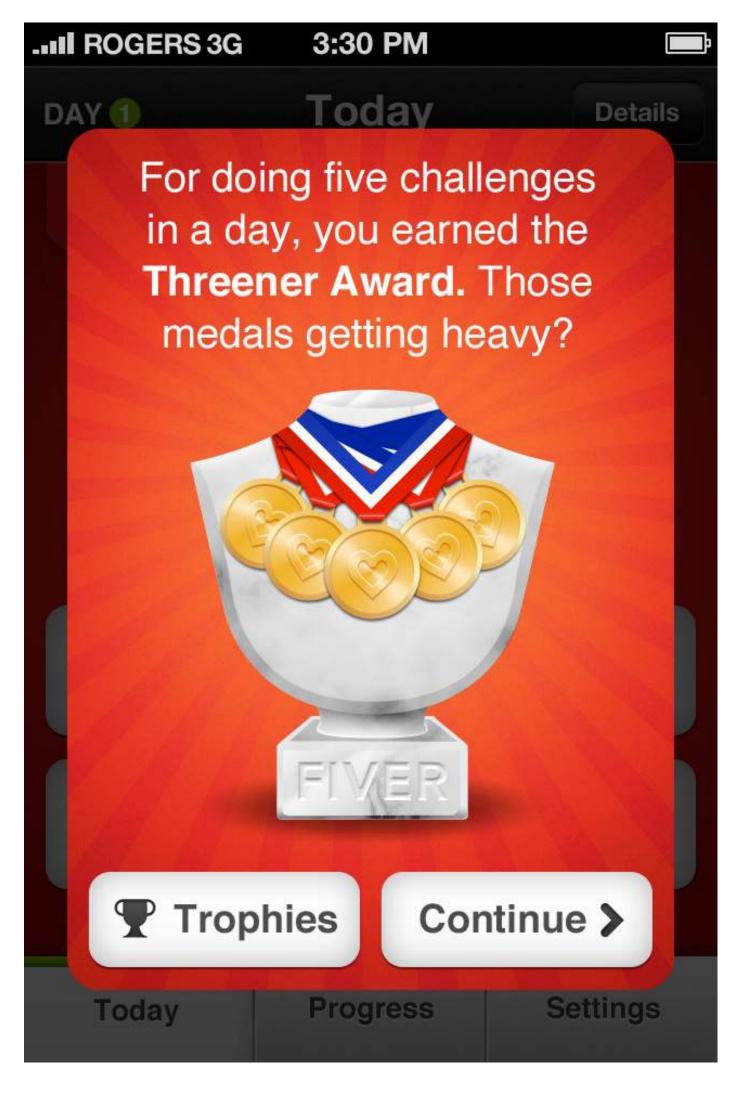


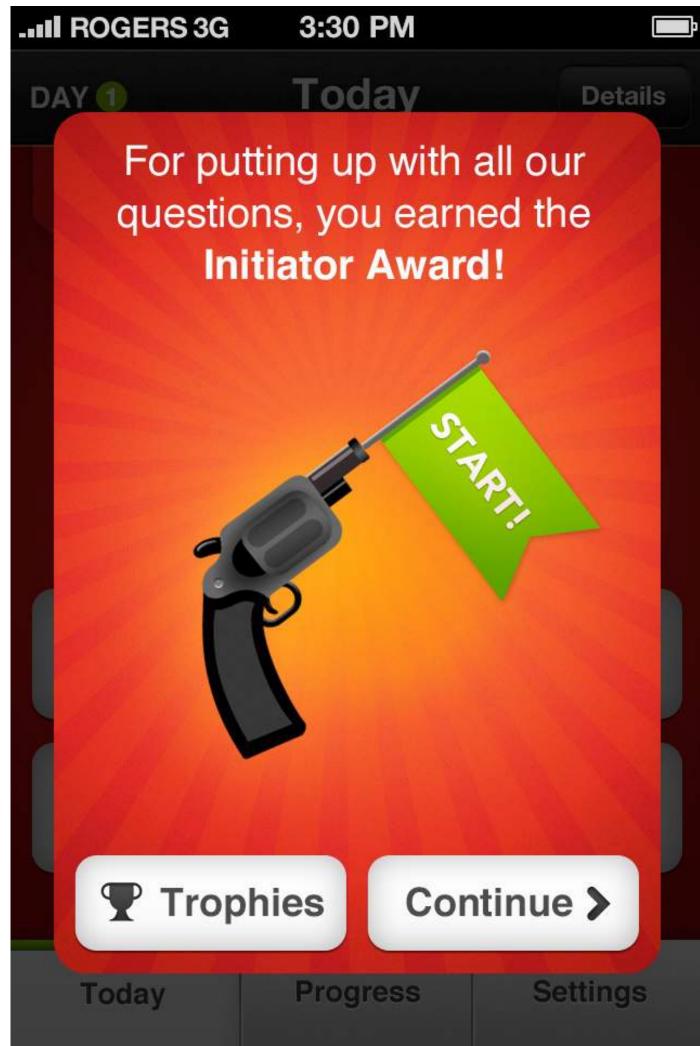


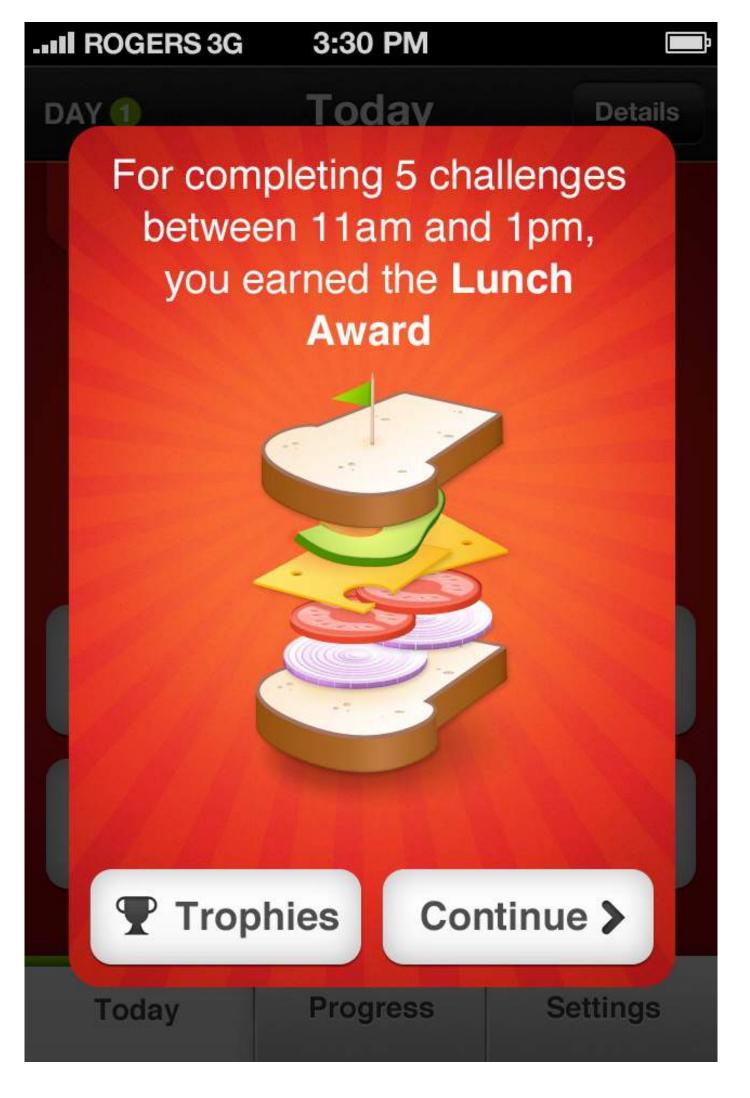




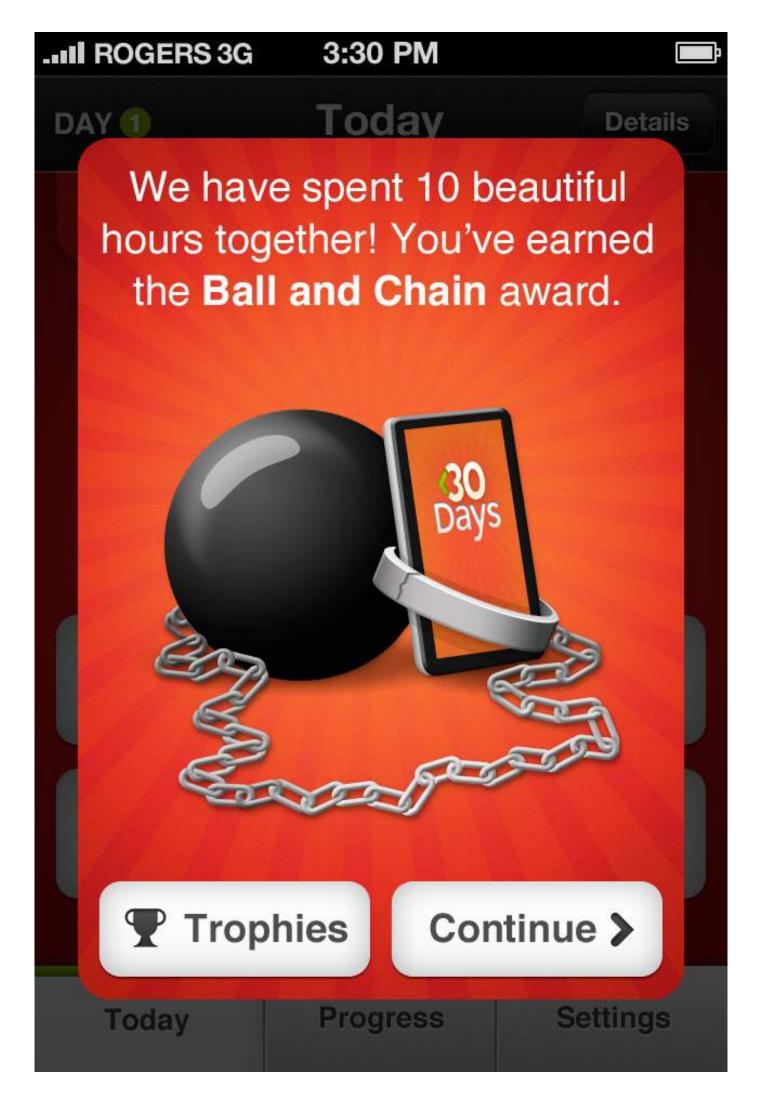


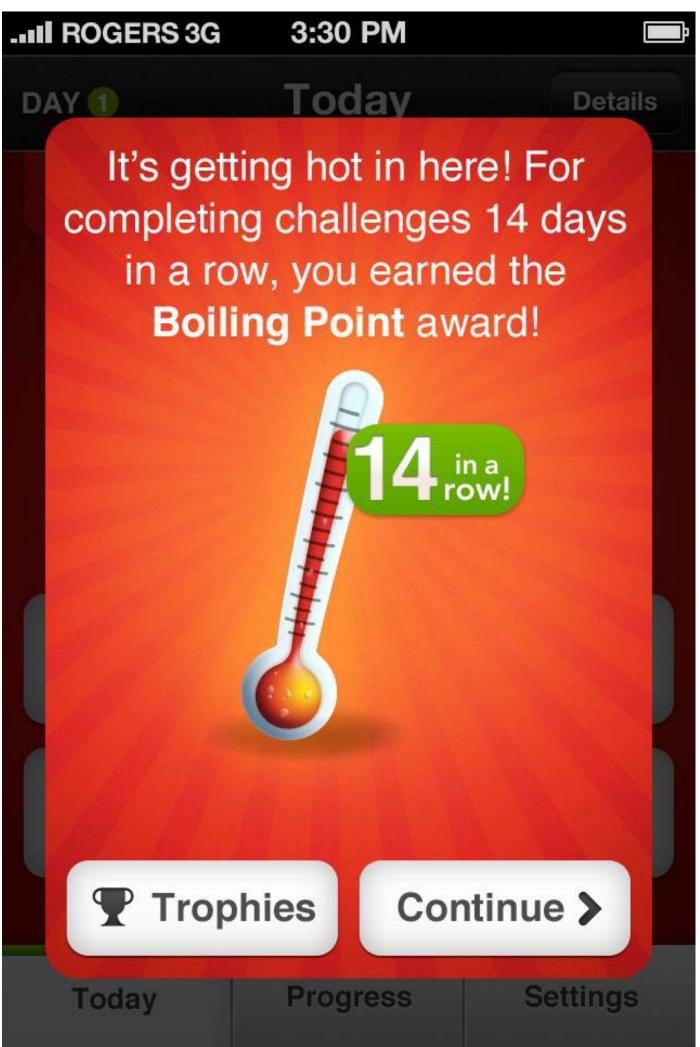












Original Paper

Uptake of a Consumer-Focused mHealth Application for the Assessment and Prevention of Heart Disease: The <30 Days Study

Shivani Goyal^{1,2}, BEng, MASc; Plinio P Morita¹, PhD; Peter Picton¹, MASc; Emily Seto^{1,3}, PhD; Ahmad Zbib⁴, MD; Joseph A Cafazzo^{1,2,3}, PhD, PEng

Corresponding Author:

Shivani Goyal, BEng, MASc Centre for Global eHealth Innovation Techna Institute University Health Network 190 Elizabeth Street Toronto, ON, M5G 2C4

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²Institute of Biomaterials and Biomedical Engineering, University of Toronto, Toronto, ON, Canada

³Institute of Health Policy, Management and Evaluation, University of Toronto, Toronto, ON, Canada

⁴Heart and Stroke Foundation of Canada, Toronto, ON, Canada



70,000 downloads 15,000 > 2 weeks 6,000 all 30 days



#1 downloader:

young women



most frequent user: older woman



used the longest: older men

30 Days

To a Healthier Heart





To a Healthier Heart



Vers un cœur en santé

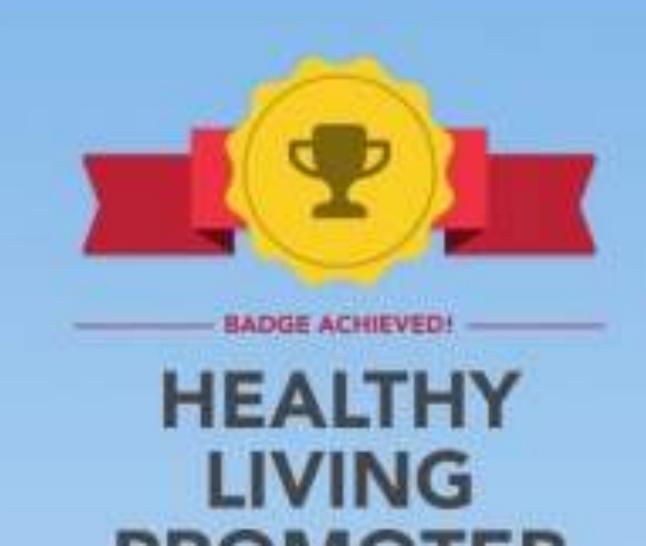
1/15

Do you feel any of these issues are affecting your personal health?

Tap all that apply to you

Weight

Stress



PICK A CHALLENGE



PHYSICAL ACTIVITY ----

1 x 1

Get up at least once an hour, every hour.

To a Healthier Heart

Vers un cœur en santé

1/15

Do you feel any of these issues are affecting your personal health?

Tap all that apply to you

Weight

Stress

Alcohol

Smoking

Unhealthy Diet

Physical Activity

None of the above



BADGE ACHIEVED!

HEALTHY LIVING PROMOTER

You are a Healthy Living
Promoter! You have completed 5
challenges since the beginning
of your <30 Days journey.

Share with Your Friends?





PICK A CHALLENGE



- PHYSICAL ACTIVITY

1 x 1

Get up at least once an hour, every hour.

Why?

Moving a little can help with your circulation.

Continue

Accept This Challenge

The bant Randomized Controlled Trial

Goyal, S et al. A Mobile App for the Self-Management of Type 1 Diabetes Among Adolescents: A Randomized Controlled Trial. *JMIR mHealth uHealth*. 2017;5(6):e82

August 2013

Study recruitment initiated.

January 2016

Final study visit completed; n=92

June 2017

Full manuscript published.

"Future evaluations of mHealth apps should consider more robust research tools and alternative study designs to enable more rapid and iterative evaluations, better suited to the nature of rapidly evolving consumer technology."



The Asthma Health Prospective Observational Study

Chan, Y et al. The Asthma Mobile Health Study, a large-scale clinical observational study using ResearchKit. Nat. Biotechnol. 35, 354–362 (2017).

March 2015

Study recruitment initiated.

January 2016

Final study visit completed; n= 7,593

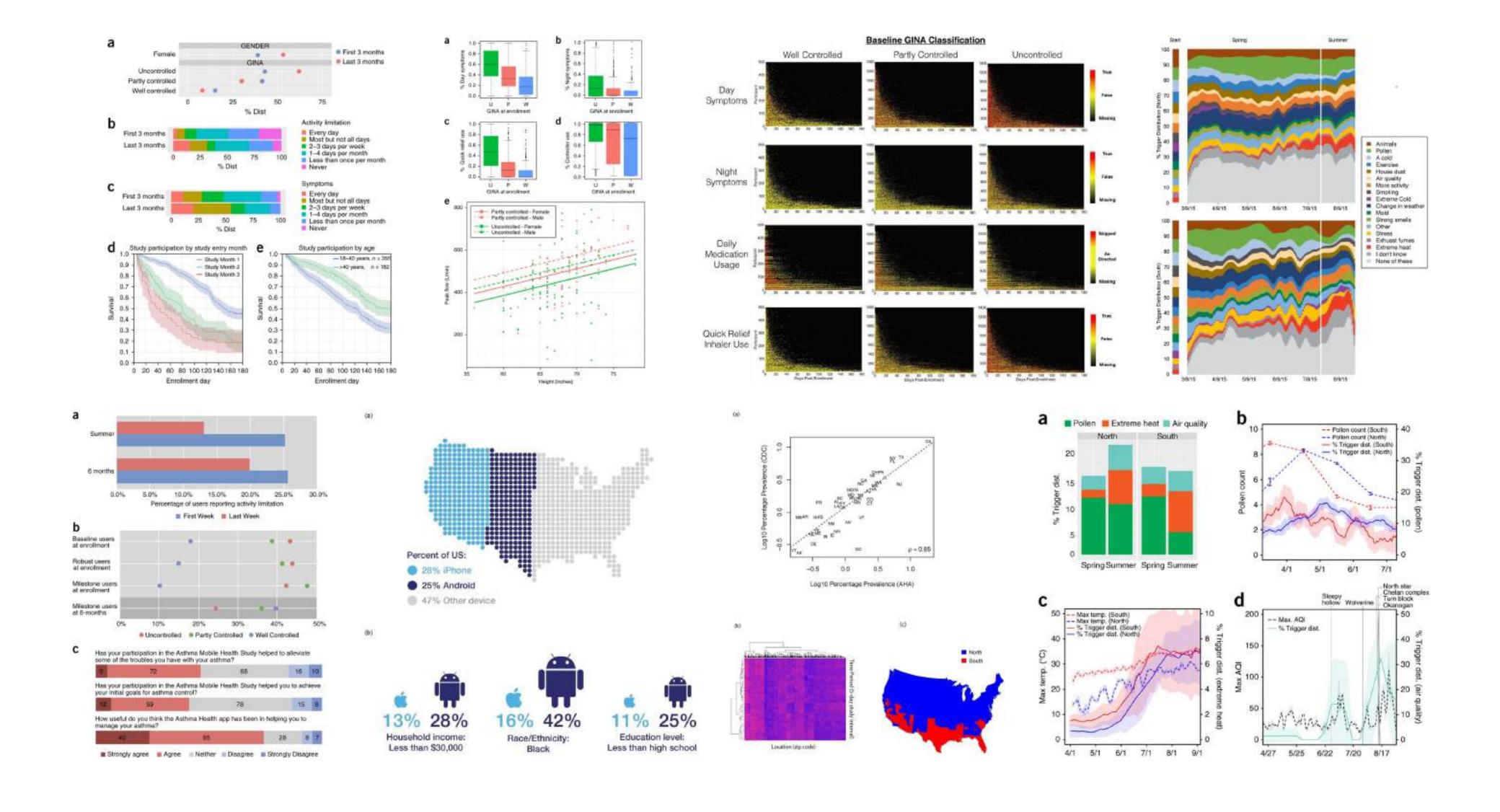
March 2017

Full manuscript published.

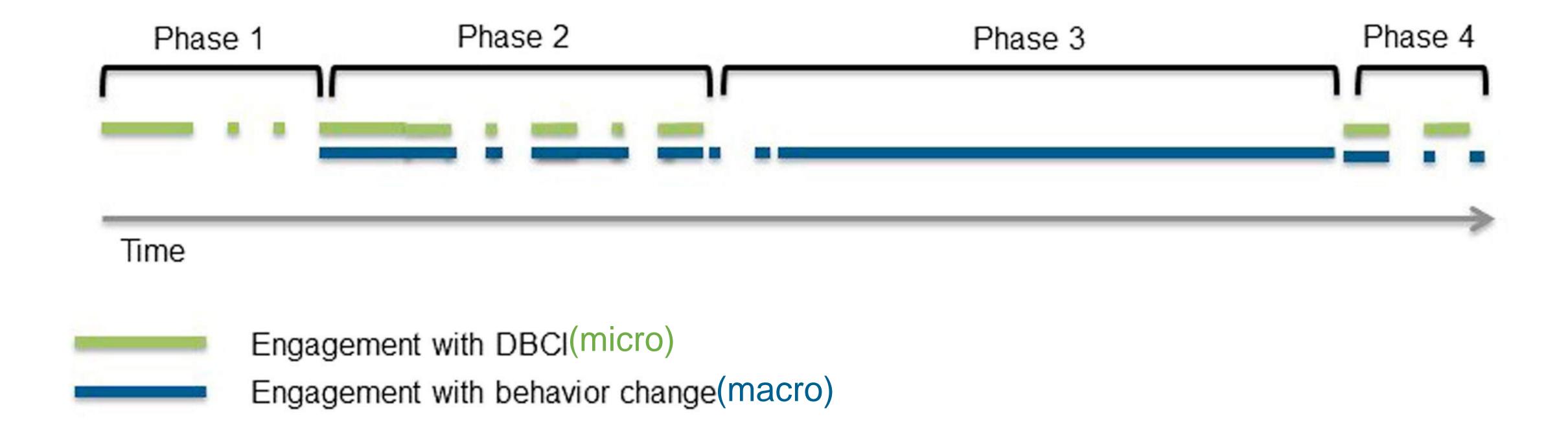
"...a broad-scale asthma study can be conducted in its entirety via a smartphone application...we collected detailed, multi-dimensional, longitudinal data more efficiently than traditional epidemiological studies by automating, standardizing, and accelerating various costly and time-consuming processes."



Asthma Health Engagement Analytics



Micro and Macro Levels of Engagement

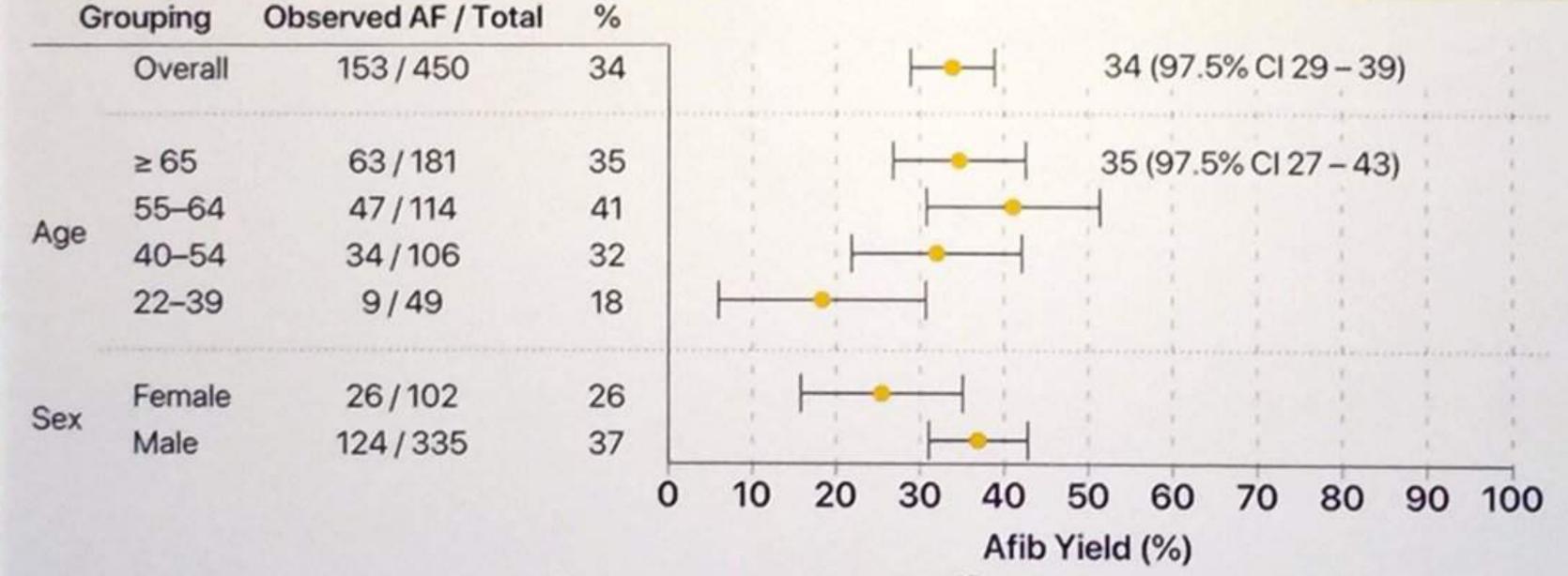




Afib Yield on ECG Patch



ACC 2019







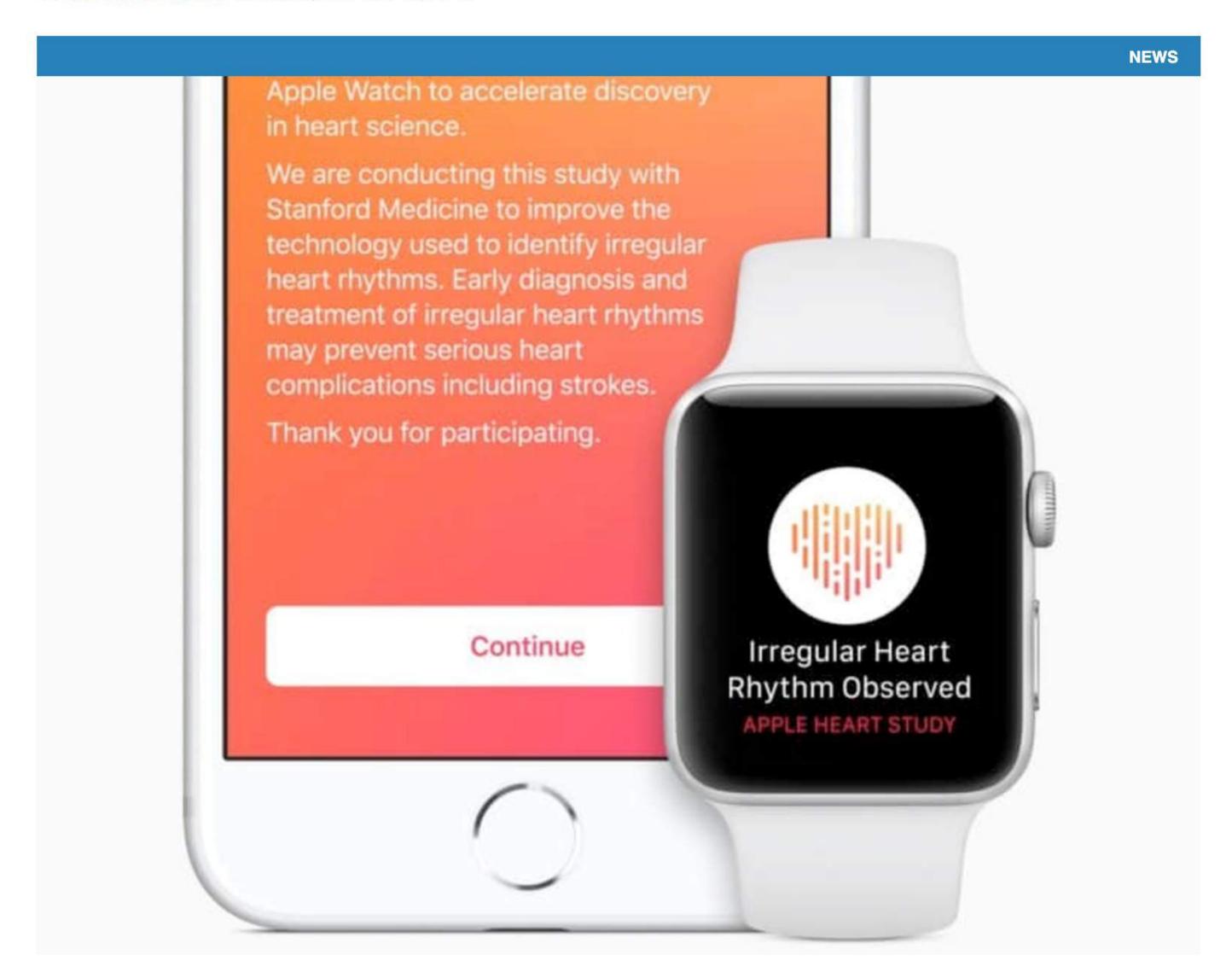
Apple Watch app could save your life by detecting irregular heartbeat, study says

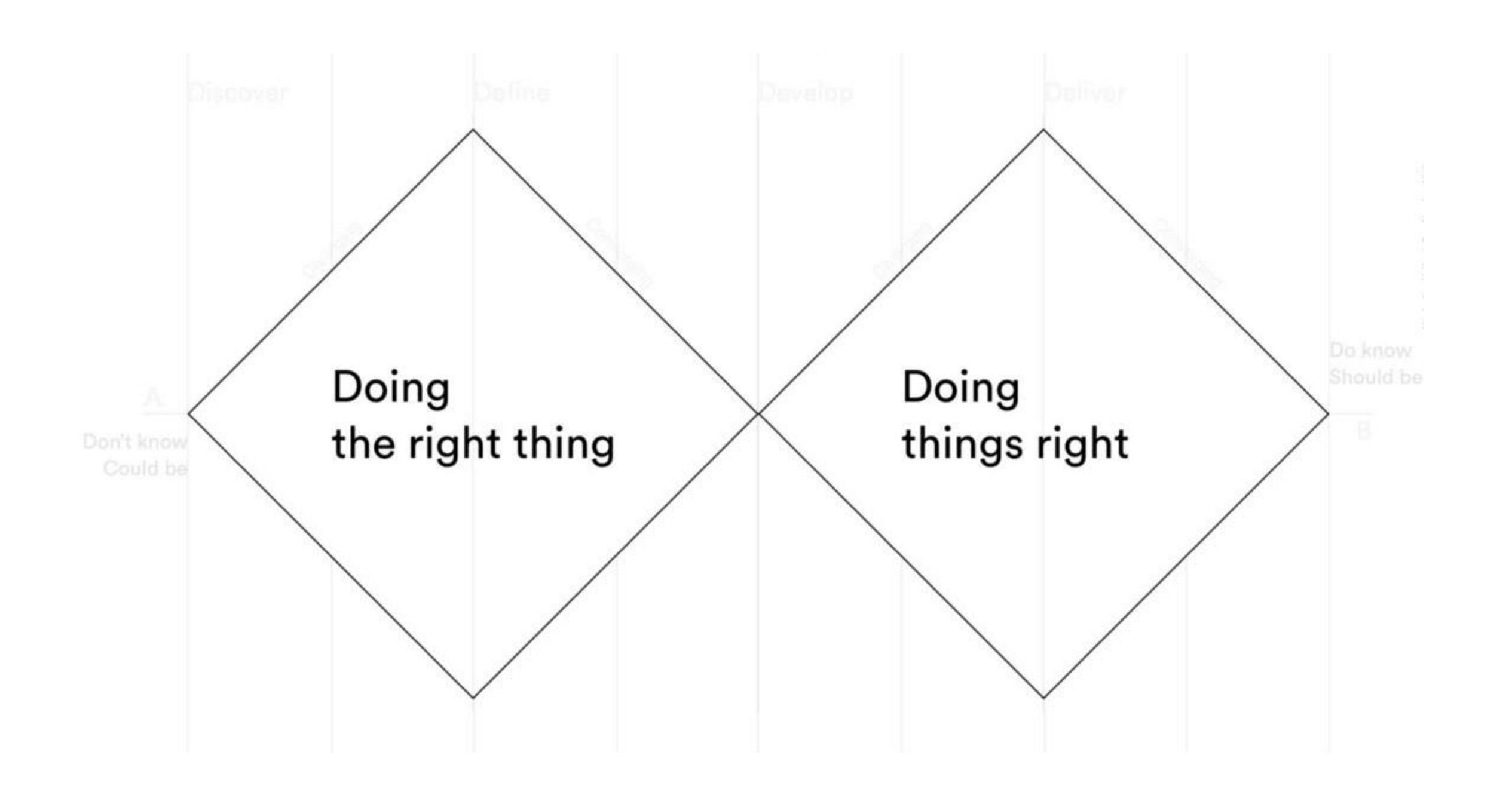
By Susan Scutti, CNN

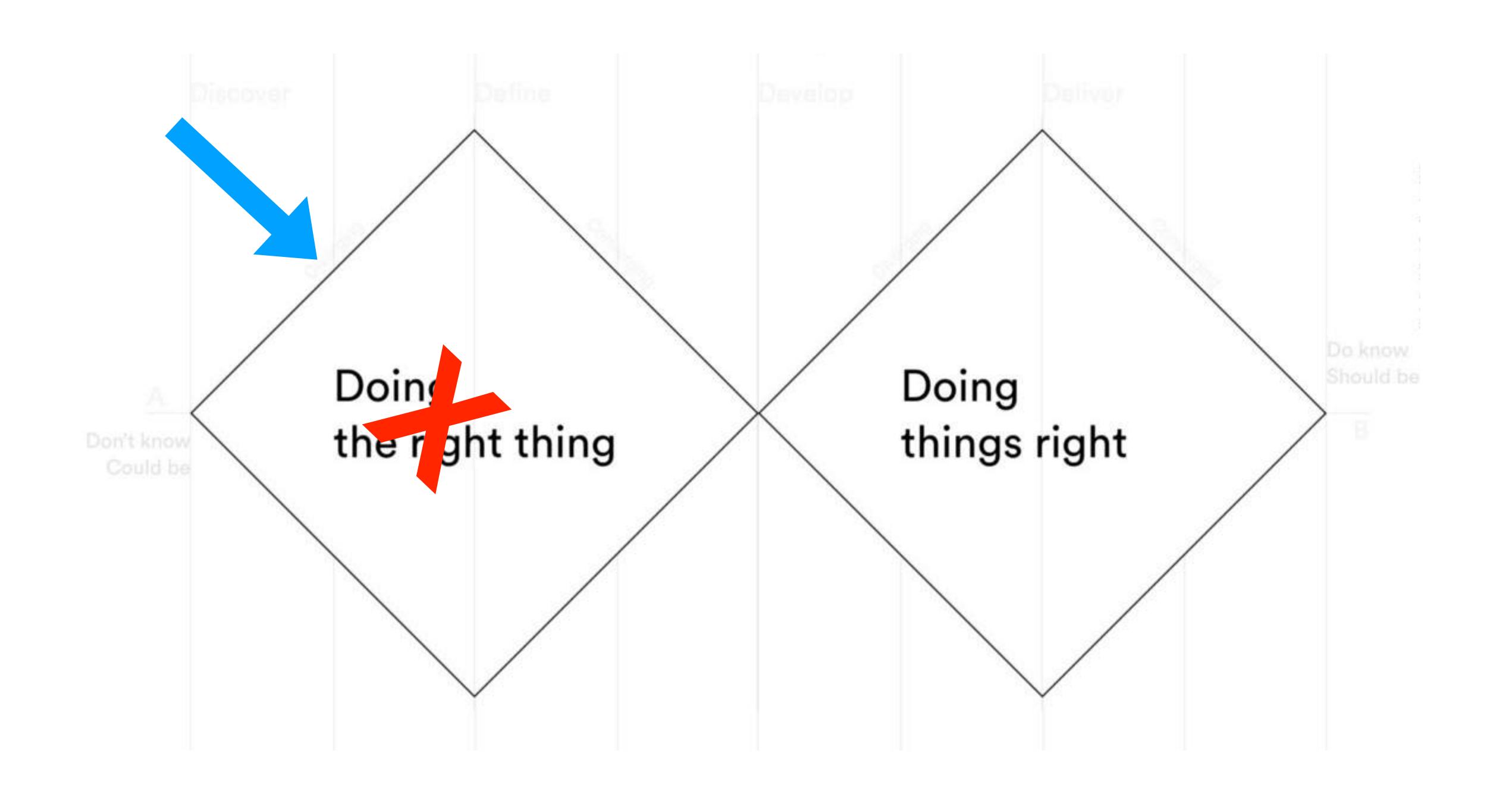


Massive study proves Apple Watch could save your life

BY LUKE DORMEHL • 6:12 AM, MARCH 18, 2019



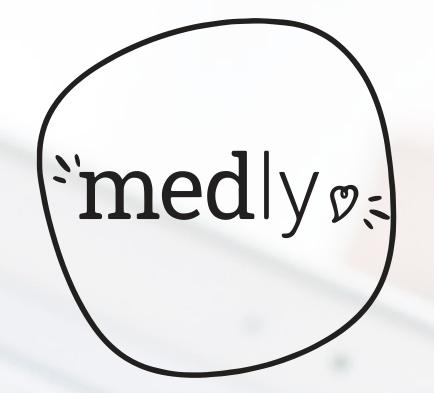




ICANCOPE



Ned



SOMNI



30 Days

6 bant









HEALTHCare Humanfactors

a proud partner of UHN



Chris Flewwelling



Kelsey Hannon Human Factors Designer



Wayne Ho



Stephanie Hu



Mike Lovas



Aarti Mathur



Nathan Mills Human Factors Designer



Pia Nyakairu



vetlena Taneva



Peter Weinstein Lead, Global Ventures

oseph Cafazzo



Jeanne Xie Human Factors Specialist

Anjum Chagpar



tarketing & Communications

Olivia Zajdman



Kathy Huynh



Jung-Hee Lee Human Factors Designer



Albert Jin Human Factors Designer



Andrea Jovanovic



Laura Parente



Aastha Patel Human Factors Specialist



Damon Pfaff Human Factors Specialist & Designer



Ilinca Popovici Human Factors Specialist



Areeba Zakir



Adam Badzynski Human Factors Design Intern



Ryan Cheng Human Factors Student Intern



Lauren Ip Human Factors Student Intern



Mikael Ragbar Human Factors Specialist



Athina Santaguida Human Factors Designer



Ashleigh Shier Human Factors Specialist



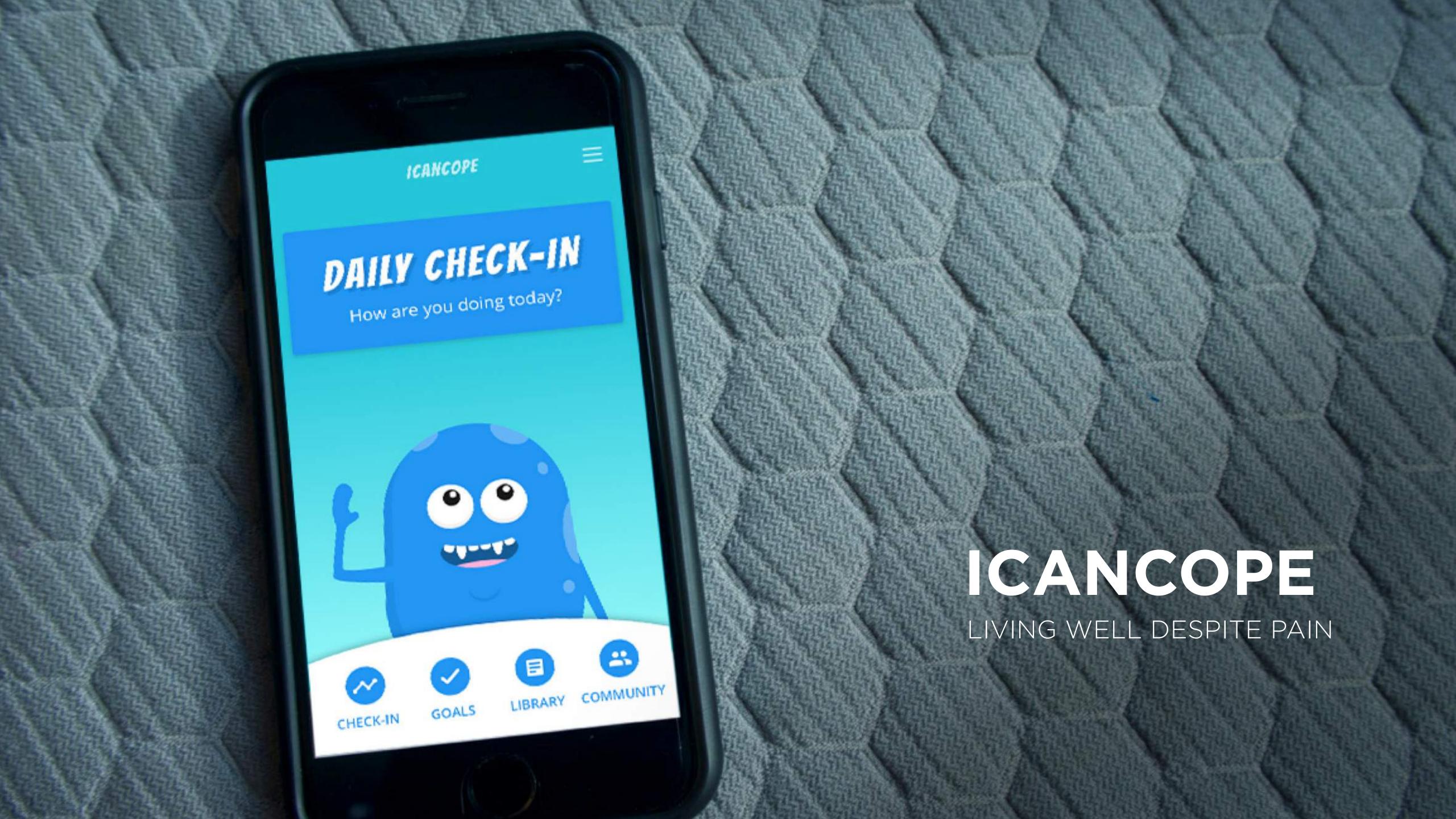
Neil Sokol Human Factors Specialist

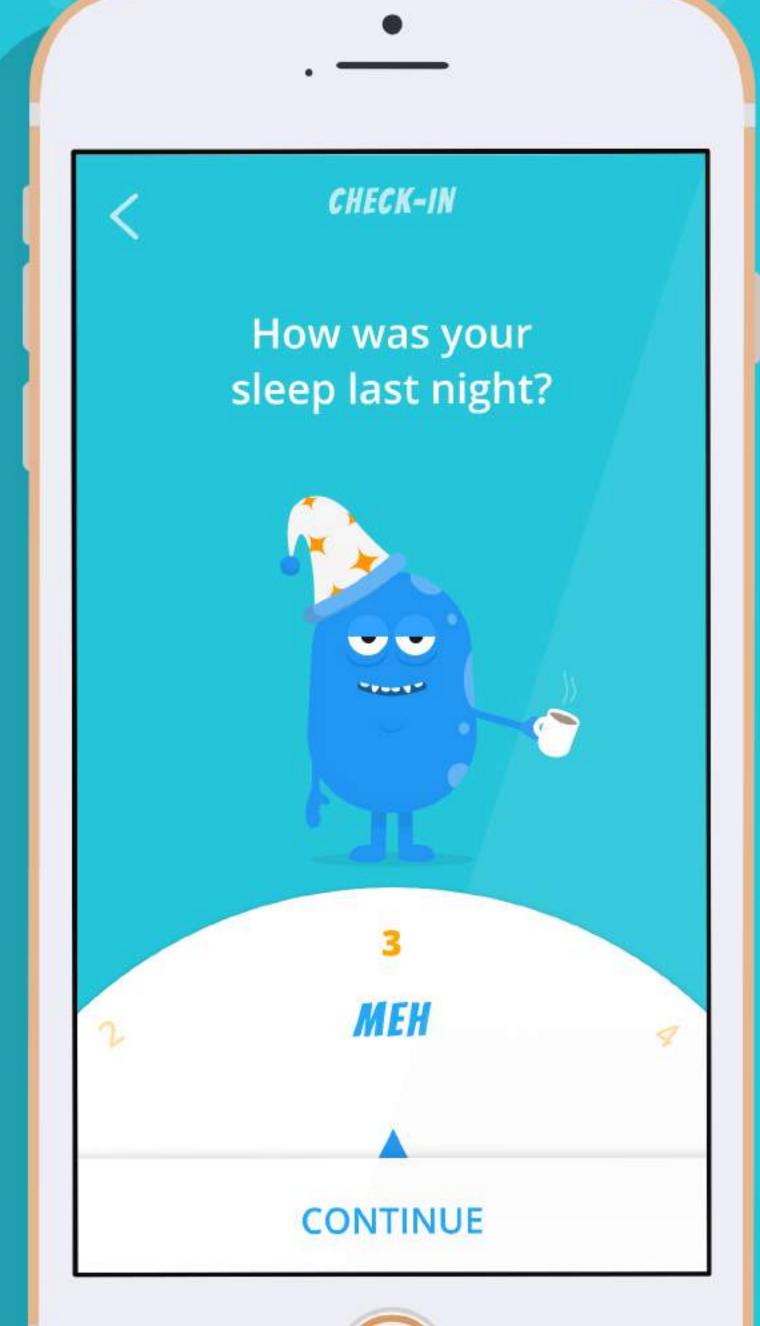


Odelia Lee uman Factors Design Intern

HEALTHCARE HUMANIFACTORS a proud partner of UHN

- 35 staff and graduate students dedicated to the design of safe and effective systems. Includes human factors engineers, cognitive psychologists, and designers
- Hospital safety initiatives on designing resilient solutions to cognitive, behavioural, and environmental challenges
- Work with private sector companies to design safer products





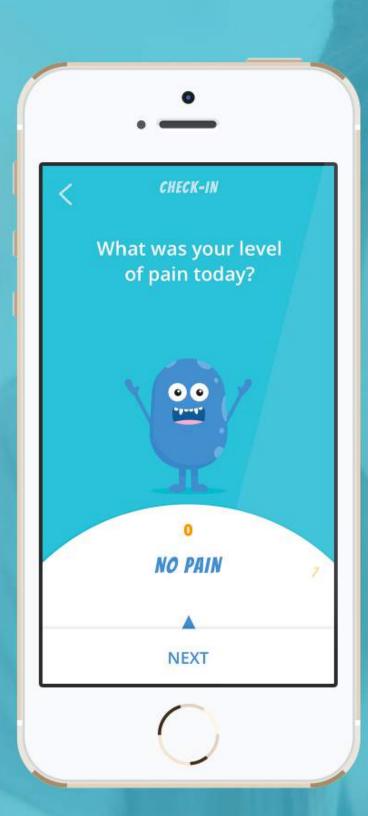
Living well, despite pain

ICANCOPE

A Pain Management Platform for Kids



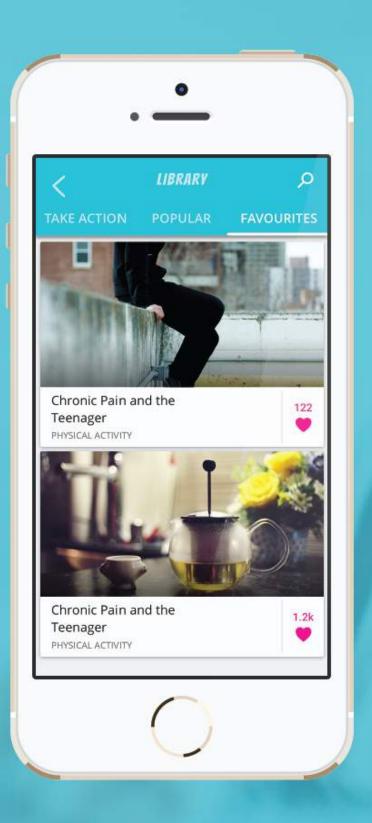
ICANCOPE



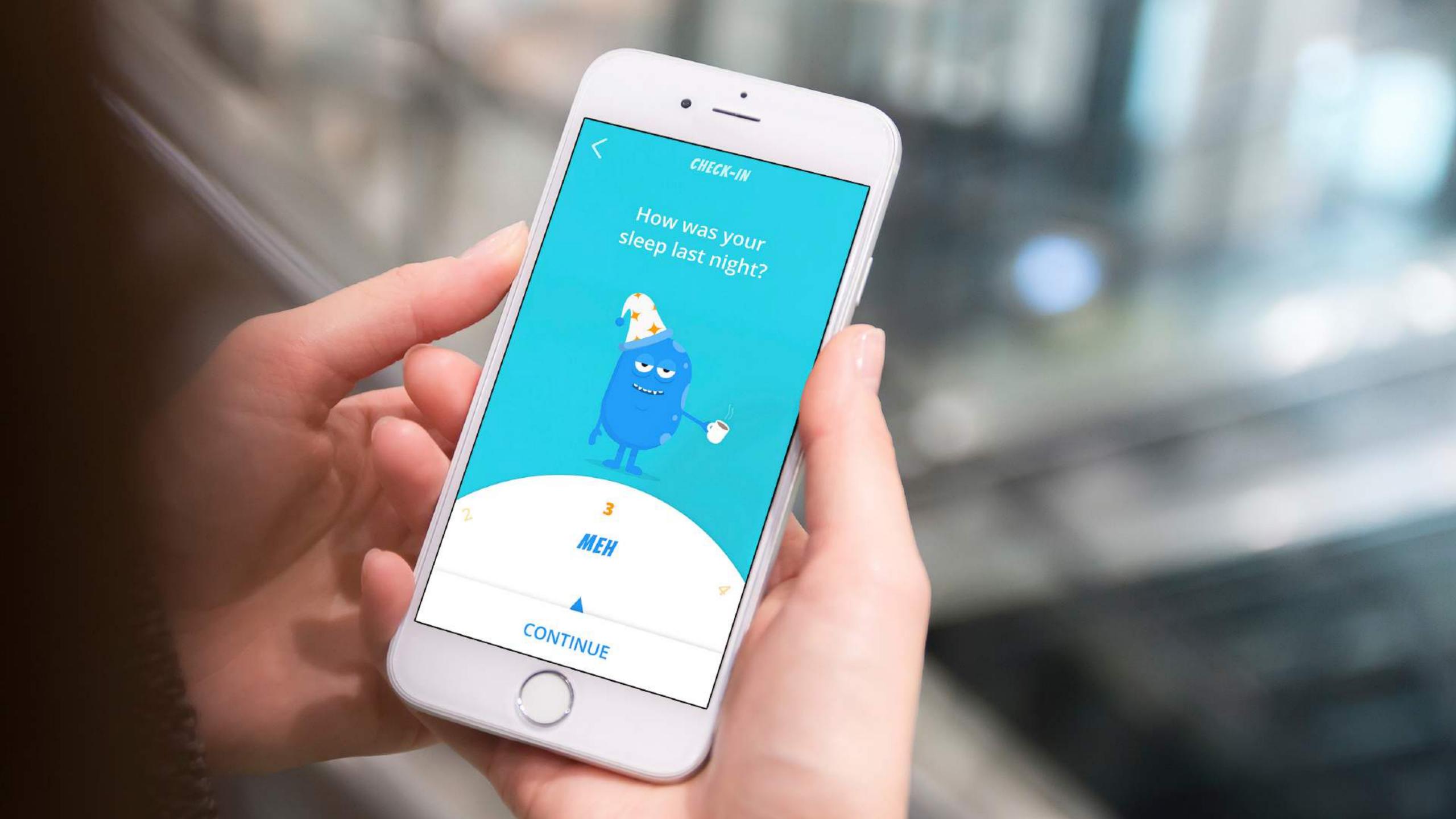
Daily Reminders



Goal Setting



Community Library





WHAT IS ELEKTA UNITY?

Elekta Unity is the world's first highfield MR-Linac, enabling real-time viewing of diagnostic quality images

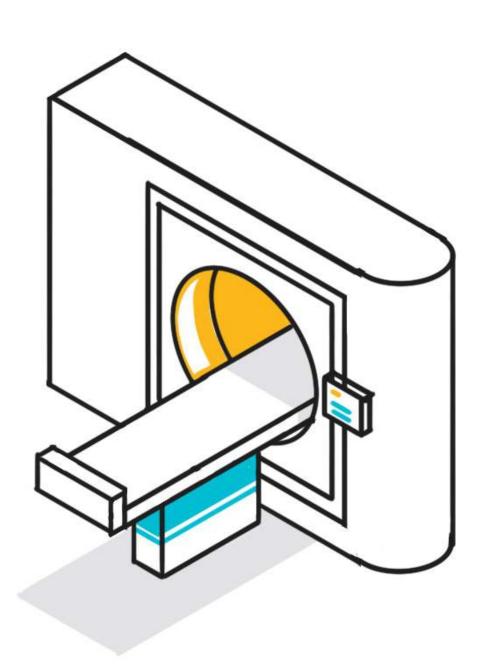
HEALTHCare HUMANFACTORS **VISION**

"To distinguish tumour from healthy tissue and to be able to visually track the target live during therapy"

HEALTHCare HUMANFACTORS

ELEKTA UNITY

MR-Linac and Supporting Software



Brand New Linac Hardware + Infrastructure

Treatment Control
System, TCS
Adapted from Existing Product

Philips MRI
Adapted from Existing Product



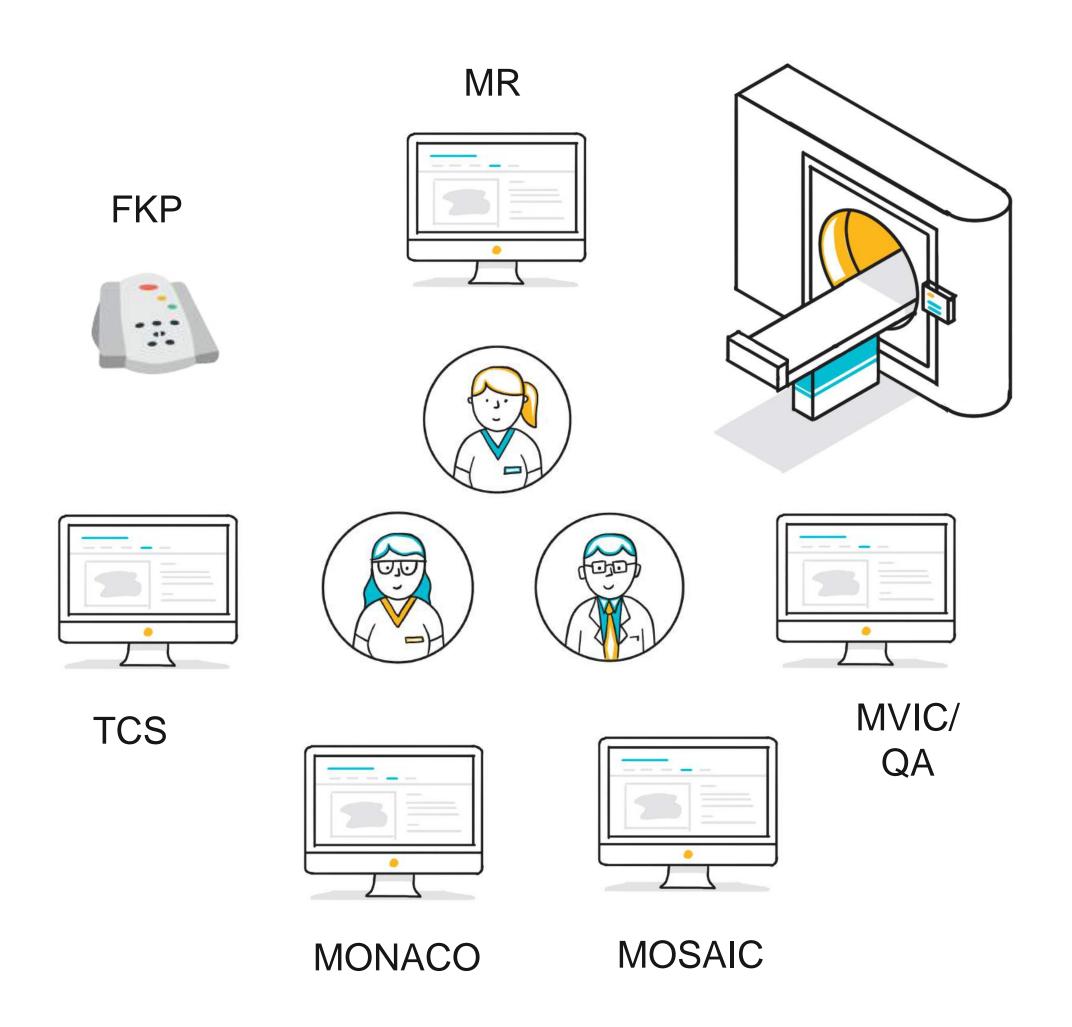
MOSAIQ



MONACO

HEALTH**care Human**FACTORS

Full System Evaluation





Who Are the Users?

Primary Clinical Users



Medical Dosimetrist (Dosi.)





Radiation Oncologist (RO)

Medical Physicist

(MP)



Service Engineer

Non-Clinical Users

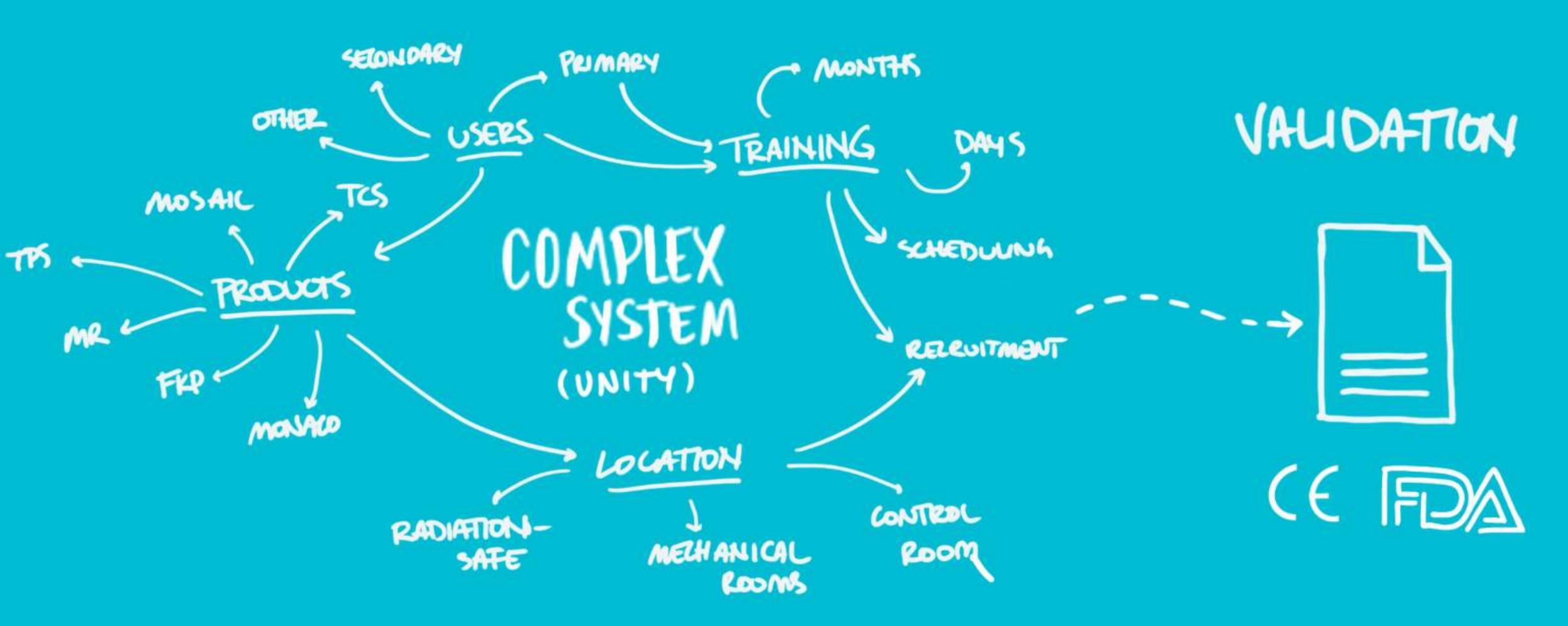


Cleaners



Radiation Therapist

(RTT)



HEALTHCARE HUMANFACTORS

HEALTHCare Humanfactors

a proud partner of UHN



Chris Flewwelling



Kelsey Hannon Human Factors Designer



Wayne Ho



Stephanie Hu



Mike Lovas



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Athina Santaguida Human Factors Designer



Ashleigh Shier Human Factors Specialist



Neil Sokol Human Factors Specialist



Odelia Lee uman Factors Design Intern

eHealth INNOVATION

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ADRIAN DE ALMEIDA Software Developer



MALA DORAL

Product Manager

AARTI MATHUR Chief of Staff





RON MARANGWANDA Quality Assurance Analyst



DR. PETER ROSSOS Chief Medical Information Officer



GARY GRAHAM Software Developer





EMILY SETO

Assistant Professor

JESS FIFIELD Communications Coordinator



MYLES RESNICK Tier 2 Site Coordinator



KEVIN LEUNG Software Developer



LILY ALEXANDER Quality System Manager



Software Developer



DR. JOSEPH CAFAZZO Executive Director Manager

MELANIE YEUNG

DAVID NGO

QUYNH PHAM

PhD Candidate

RYAN HO

Project Analyst Student

Quality Assurance Analyst

Manager



DR. SHIVANI GOYAL Lead, Strategy & Research

SHEENA MELWANI

Product Manager



CAITLIN NUNN Research Analyst

HARRY QIU

Hardware Developer



JAMES AGNEW Technical Manager



PATRICK WARE PhD Candidate





ANNA YUAN Office Coordinator & Assistant to the Executive Director

ANTHONY MEI

Software Developer

KEVIN TALLEVI

Hardware Developer



MAX FRATTOLIN Software Developer



SEAN WATSON Software Developer



ALANA TIBBLES Research Analyst



KUO-CHENG TONG Software Developer



RACHEL WALTON Project Manager



AMEEN DEMIDEM Software Developer



MARIA AQUINO Research Analyst Student





KAYLEIGH GORDON PhD Candidate



PhD Student



DIANE DE SOUSA Project Manager







Software Developer







ABOOD MUFTI Software Developer

DAVID THAI

Software Developer

VLAD VOLOSHYN

System Administrator





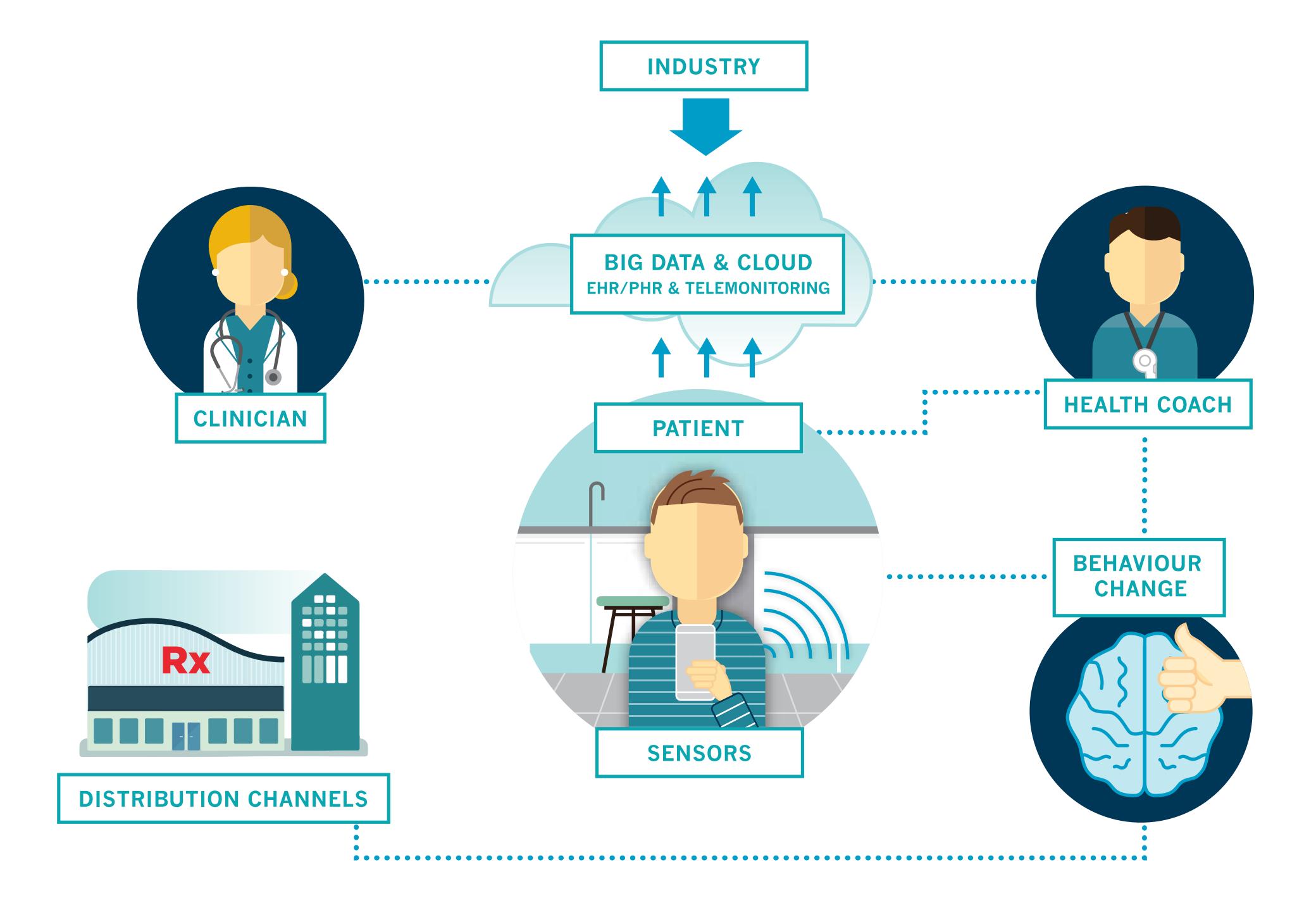
PHARMACIES

NEW SPACES



REMOTE COMMUNITIES

SCHOOL & WORK



Ned





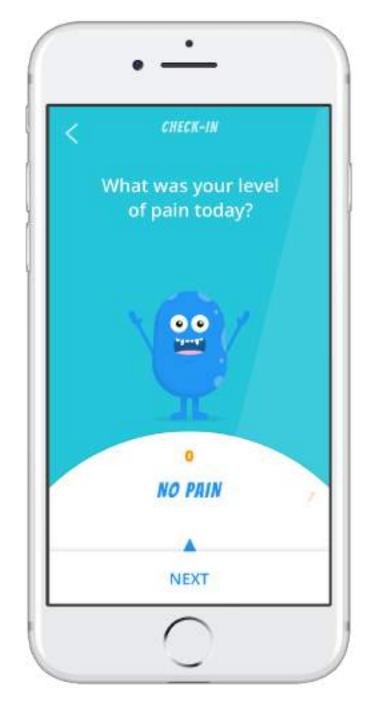
for asthma & COPD



*medly of



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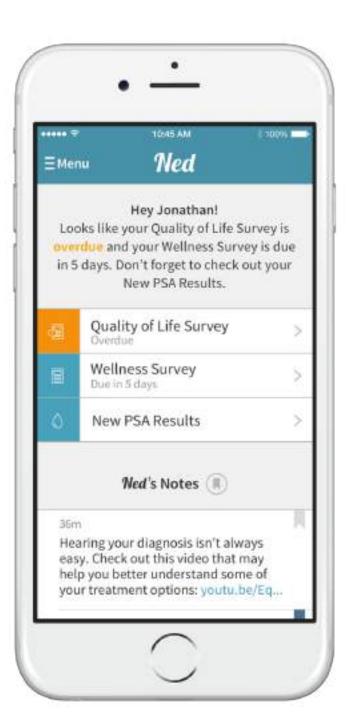


Sbant



DIGITAL THERAPEUTICS

Ned



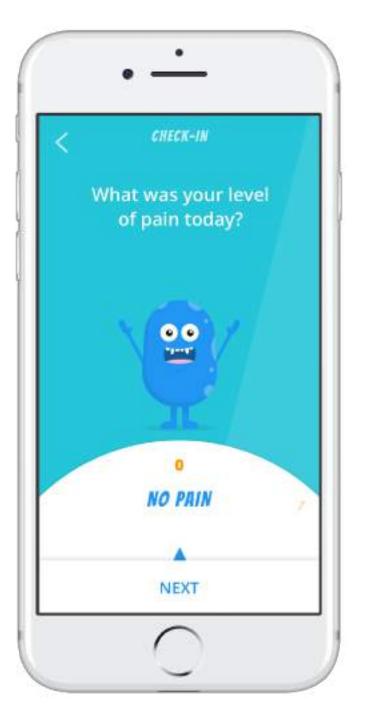




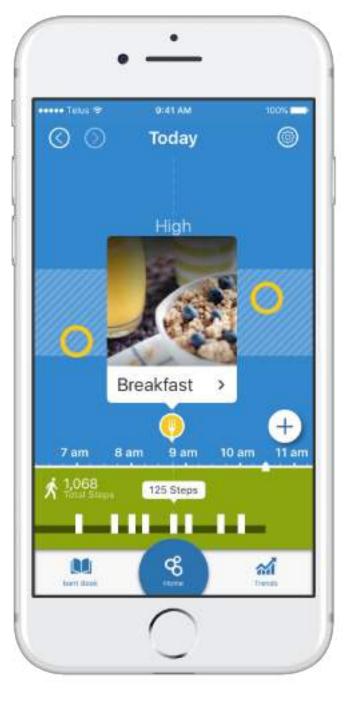




ICANCOPE

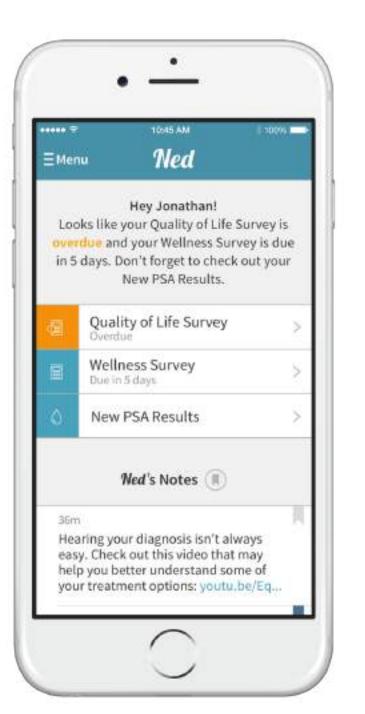




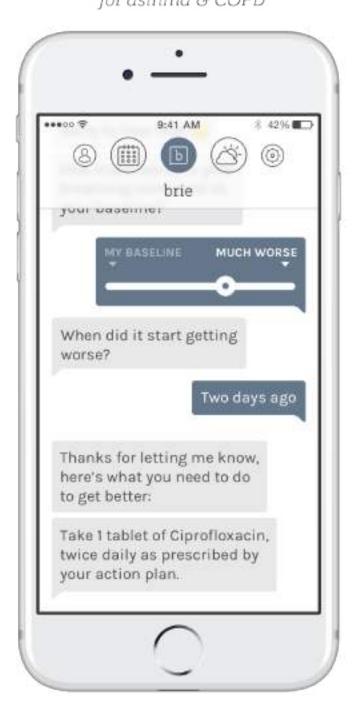


DIGITAL THERAPEUTICS QMS: ISO 13485

Ned



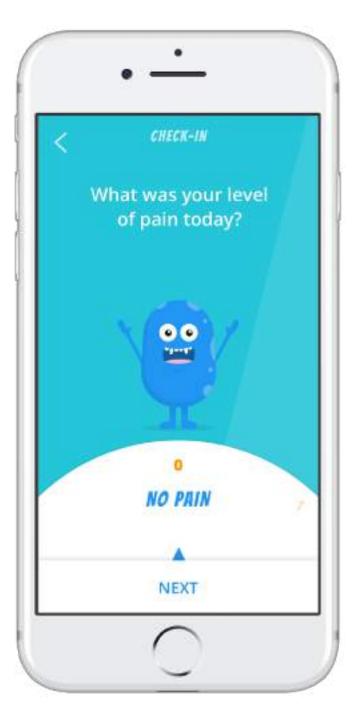








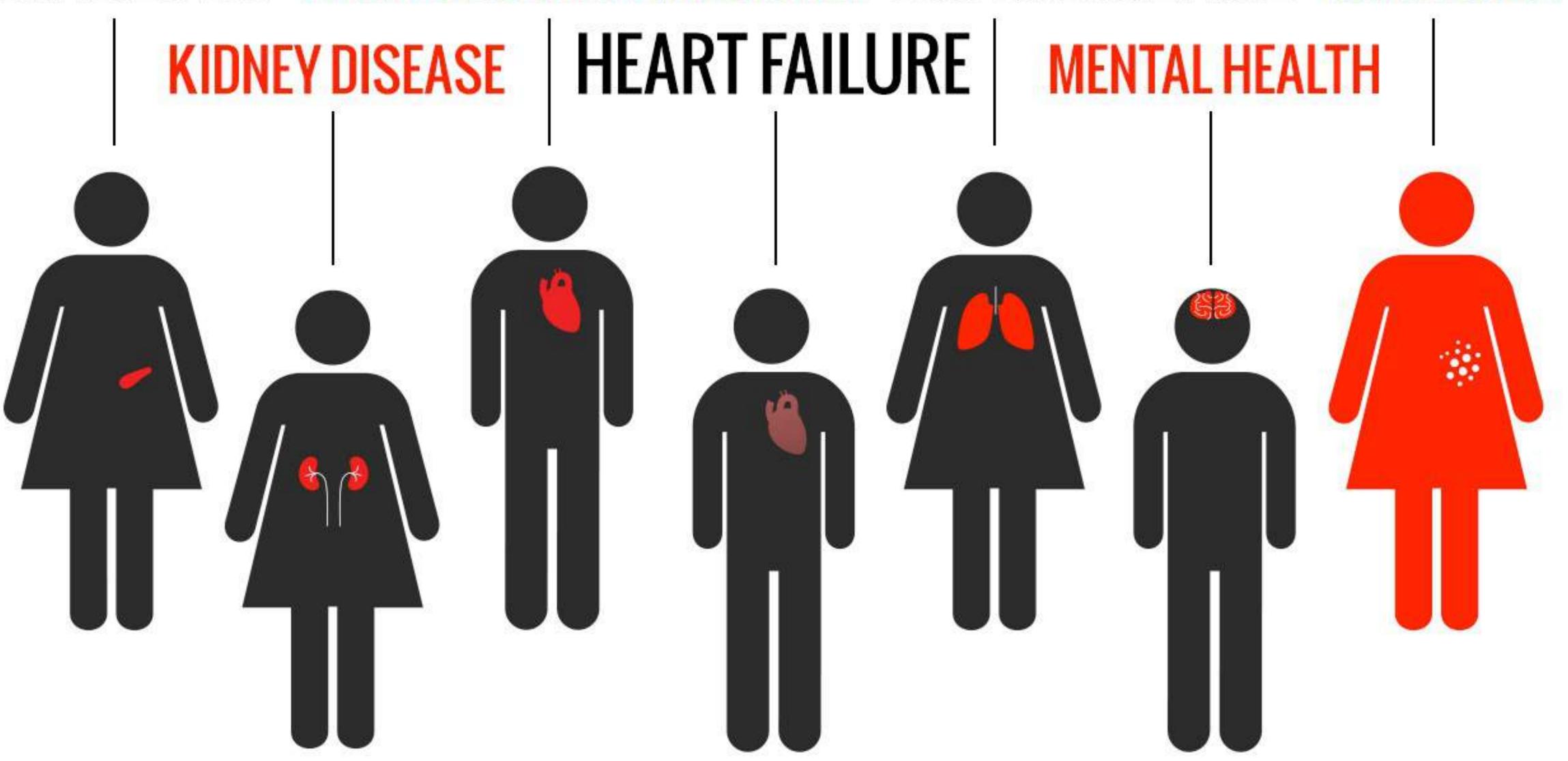
ICANCOPE







DIABETES HIGHBLOOD PRESSURE LUNG DISEASE CANCER

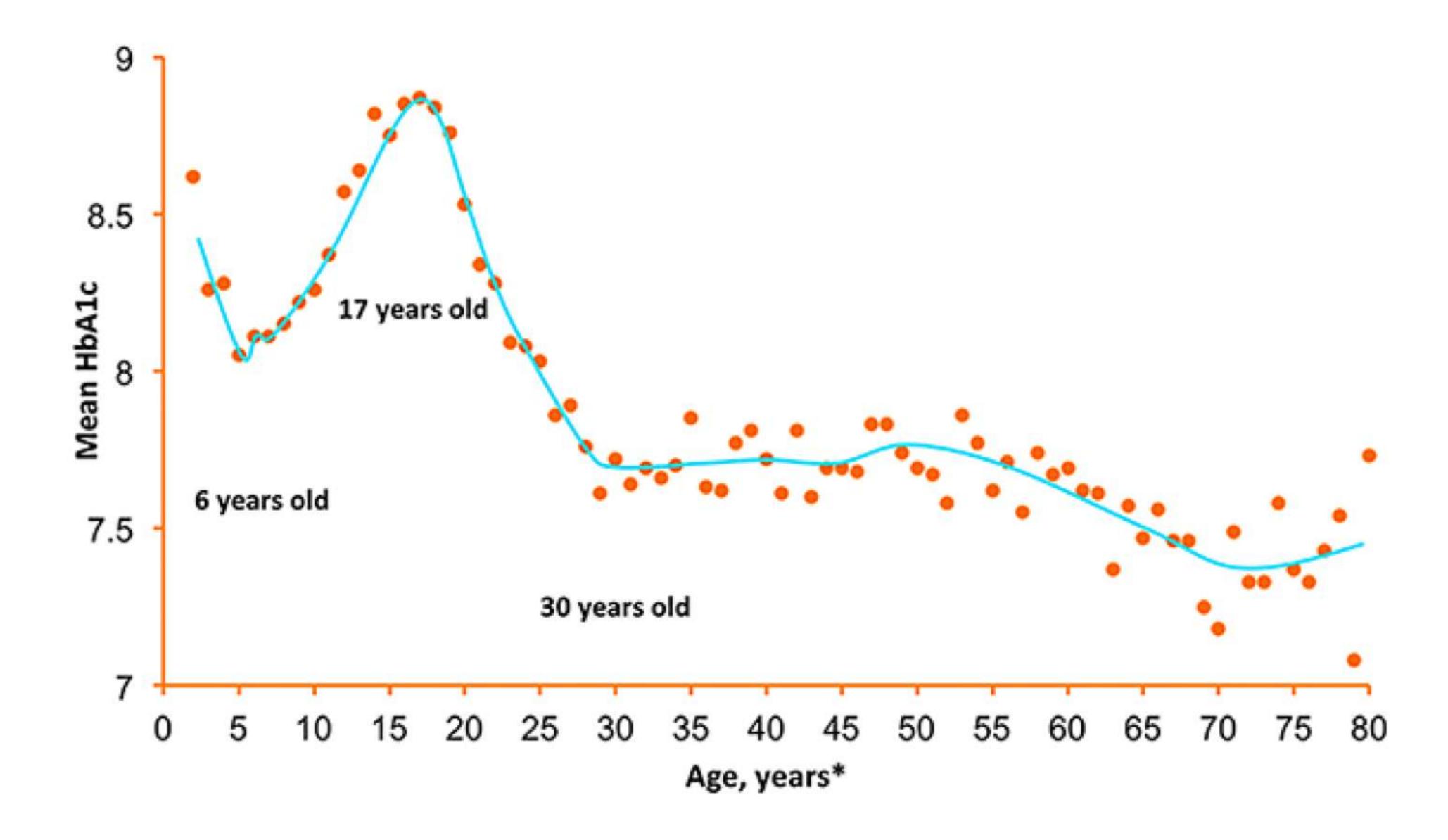


DIABETES



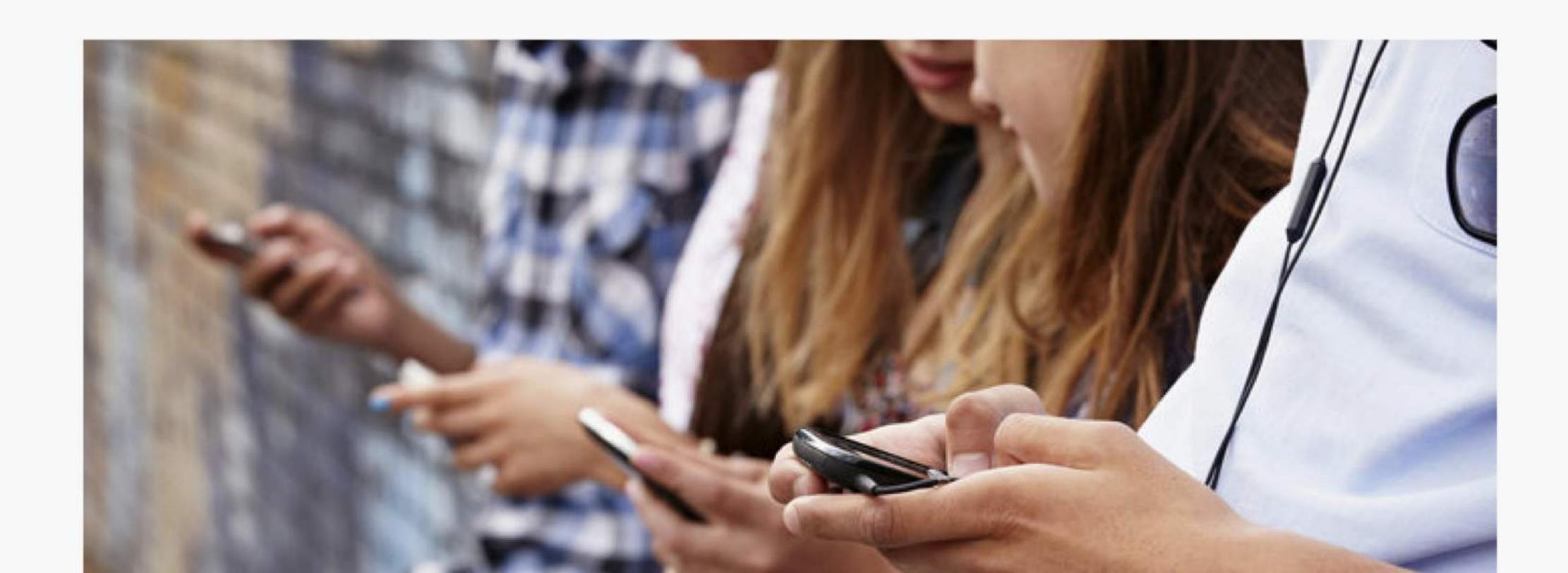






How Smartphones Are Making Kids Unhappy

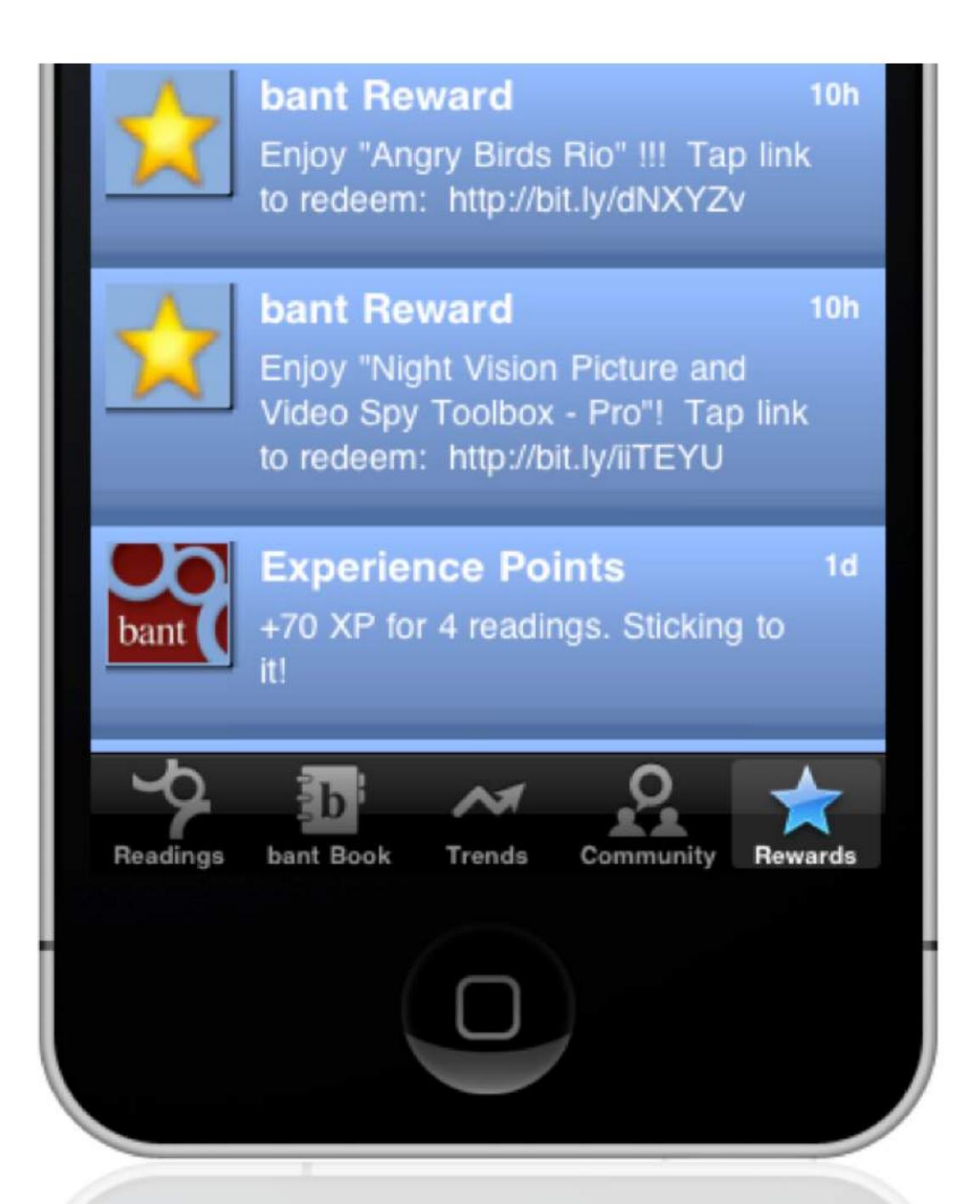
By Audie Cornish | Aug. 7th, 2017



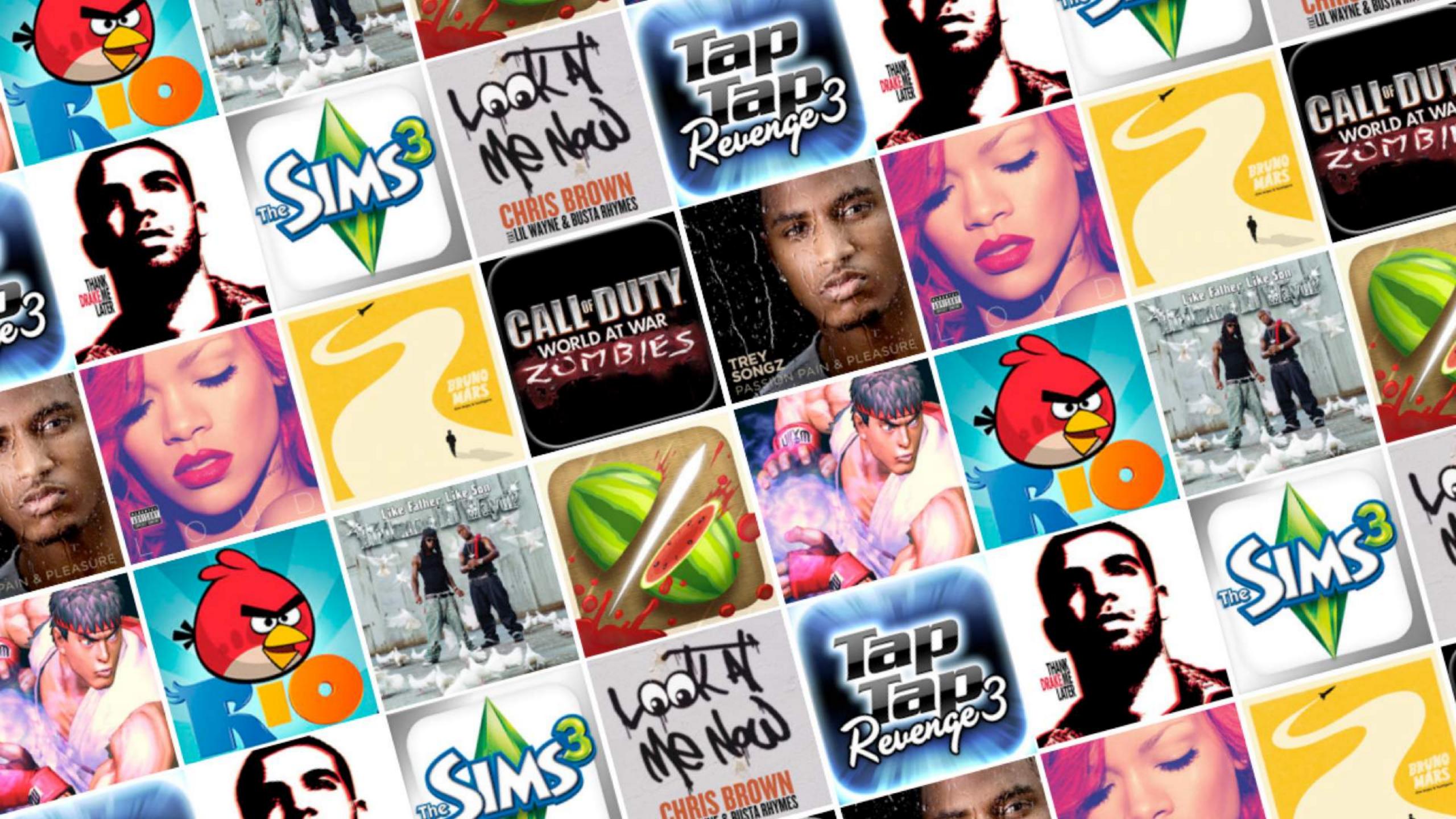


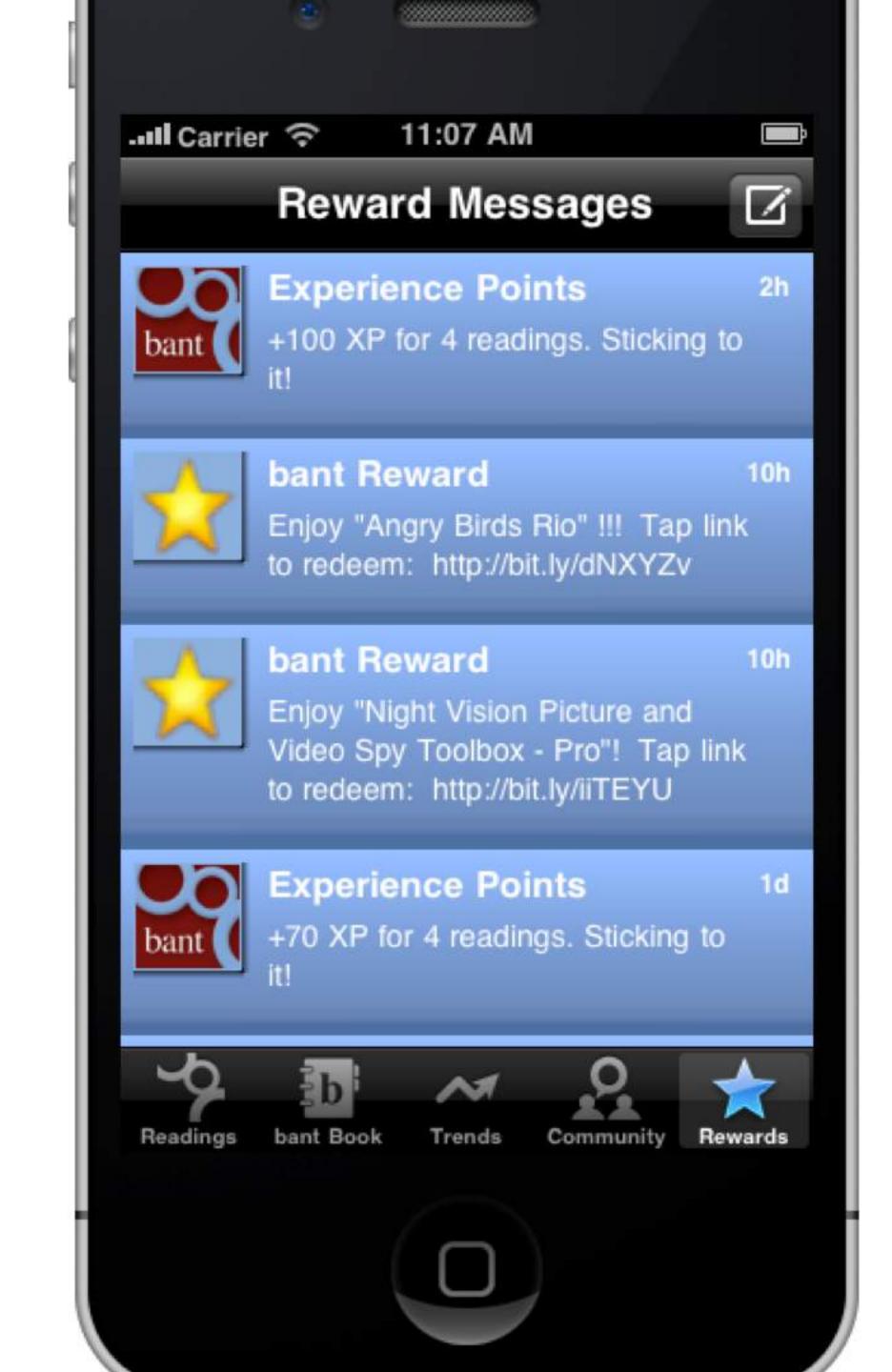






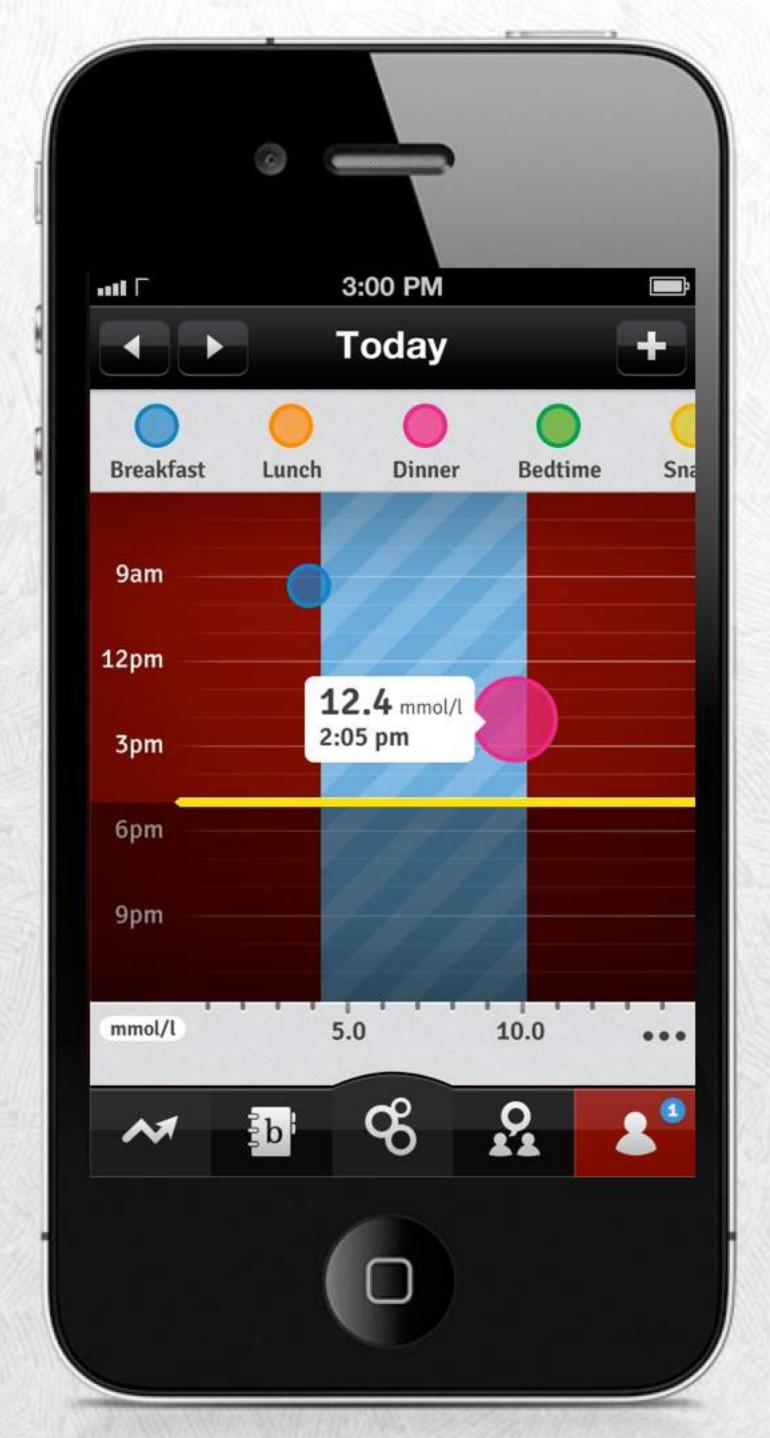
REWARDS



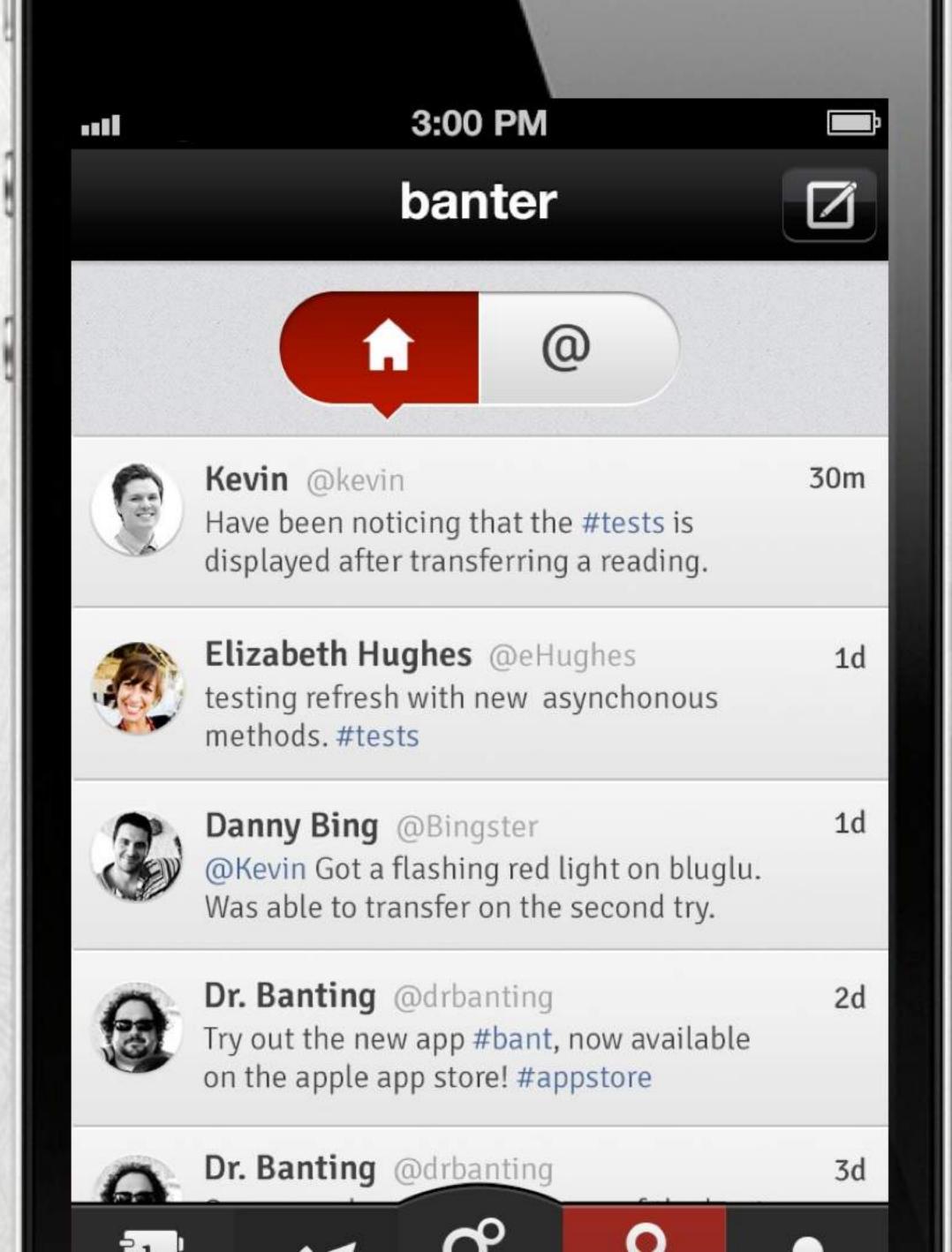


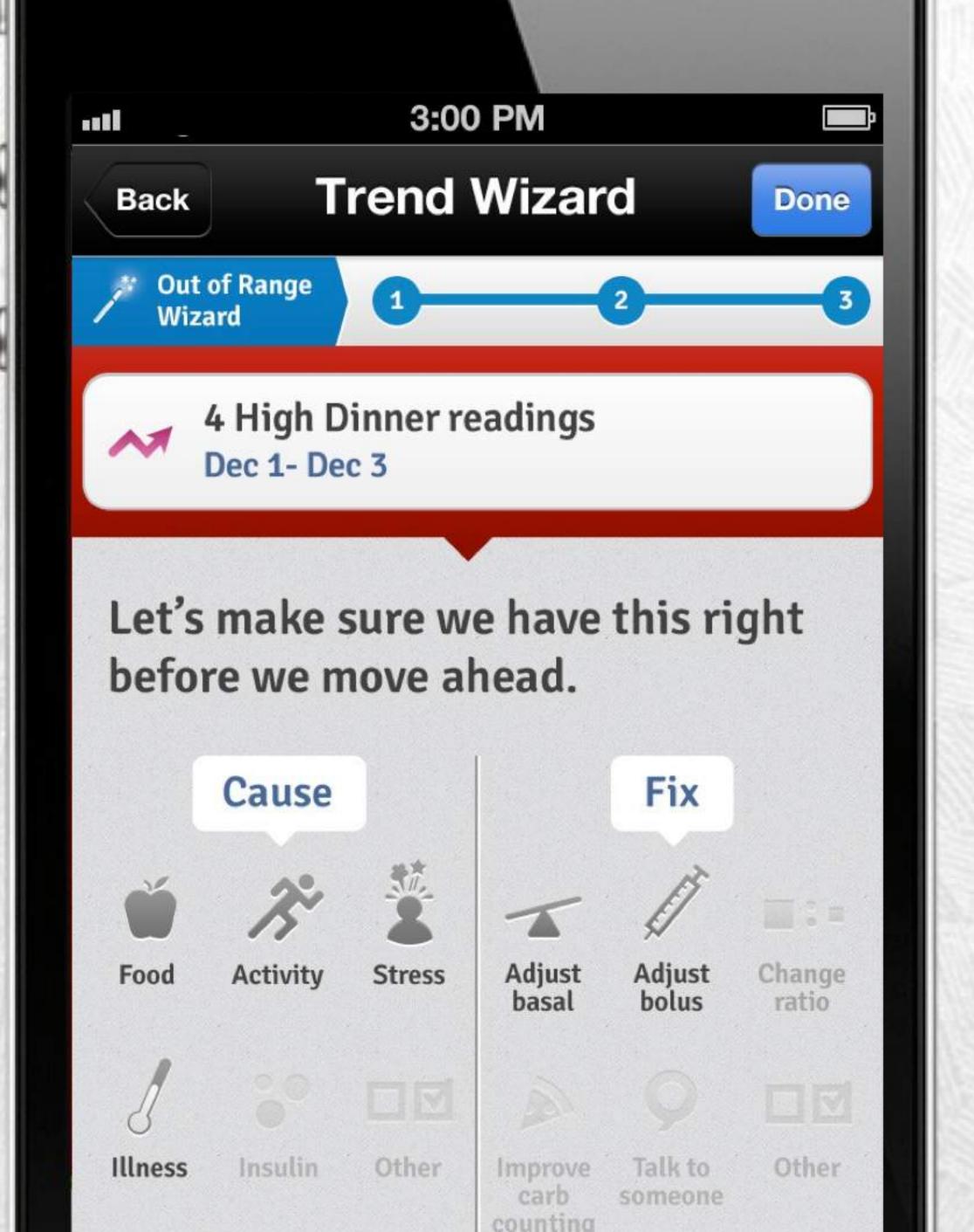
49.6% DAILY TESTING FREQUENCY



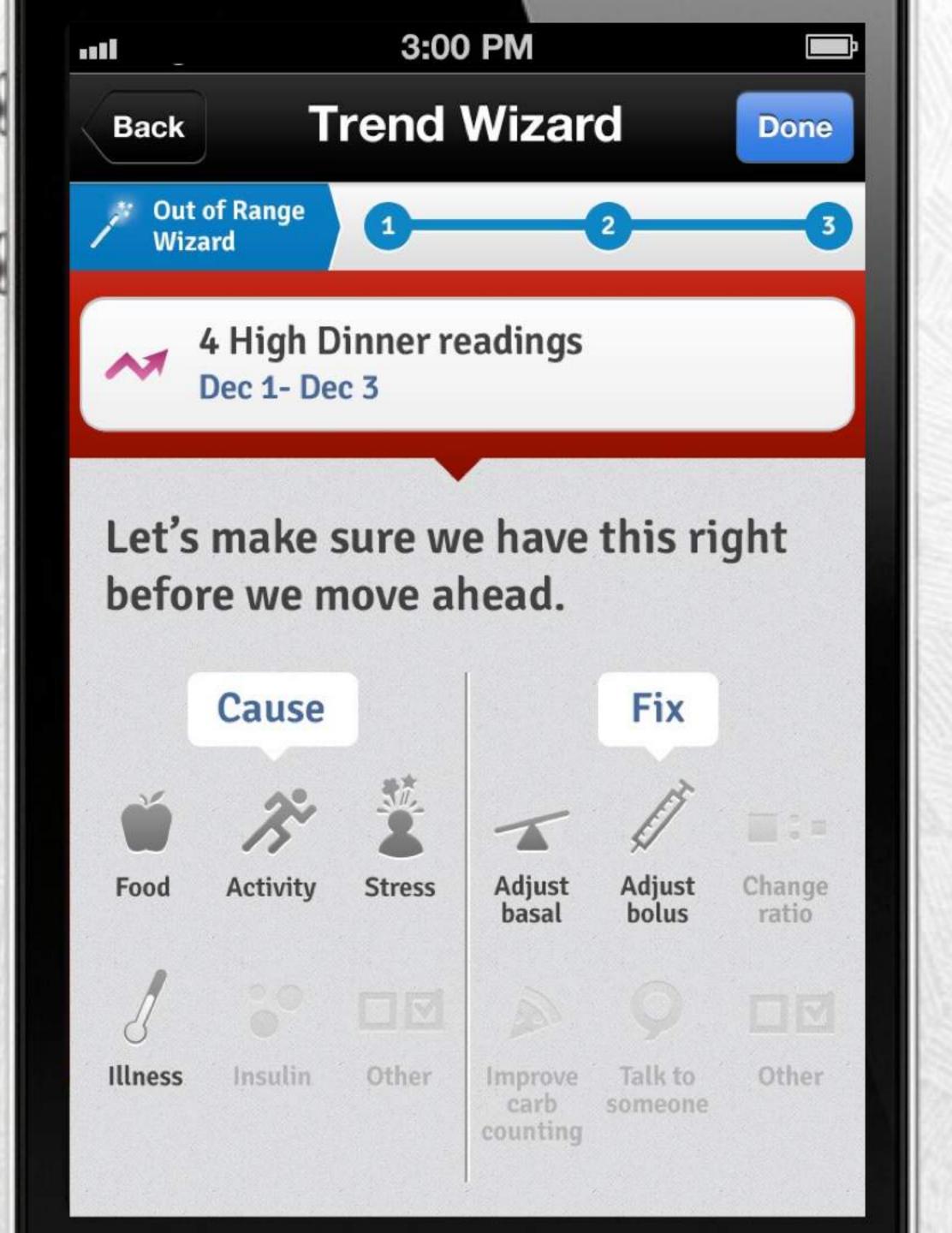


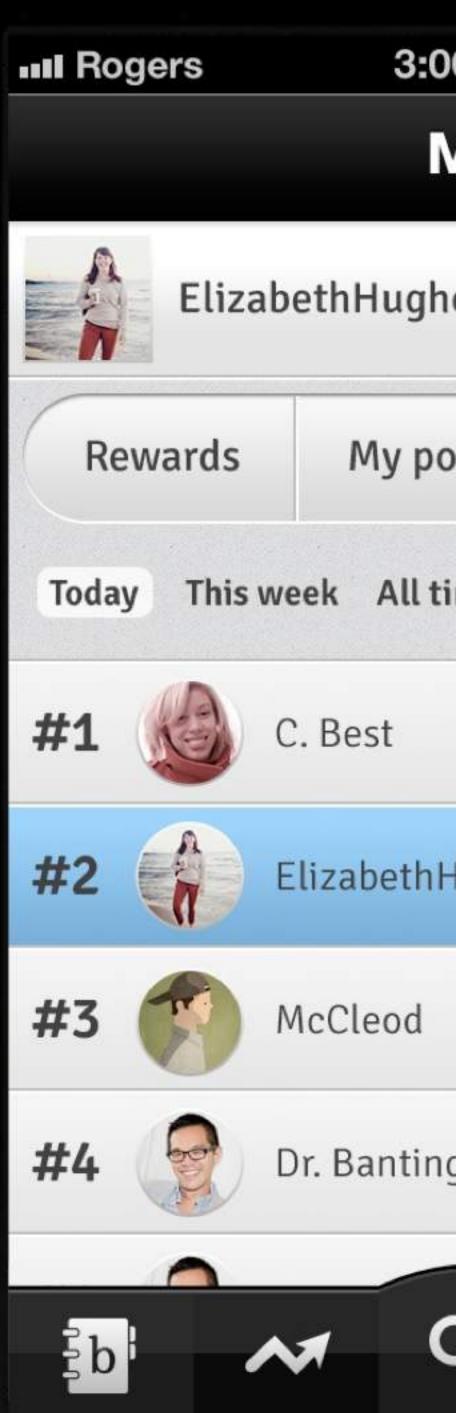


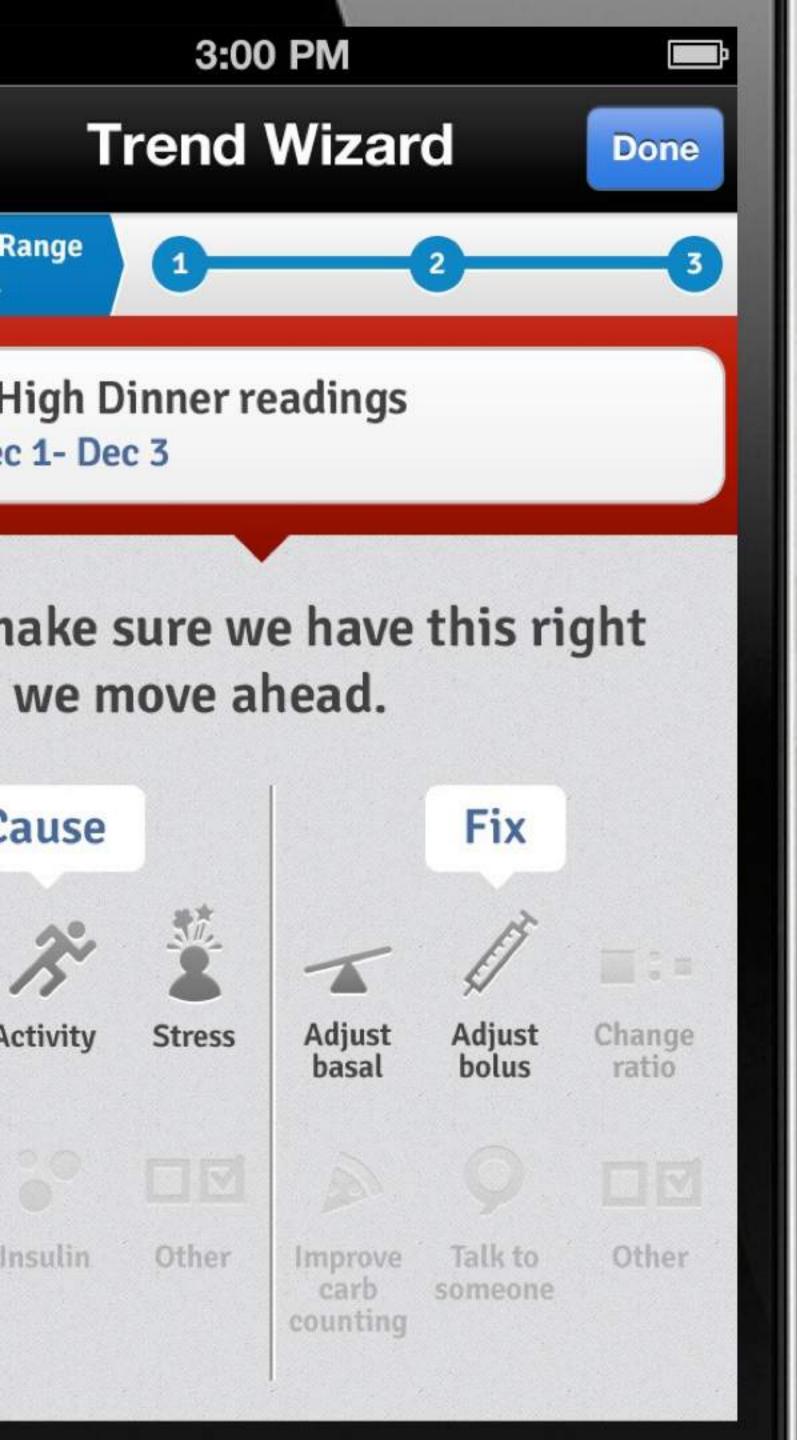


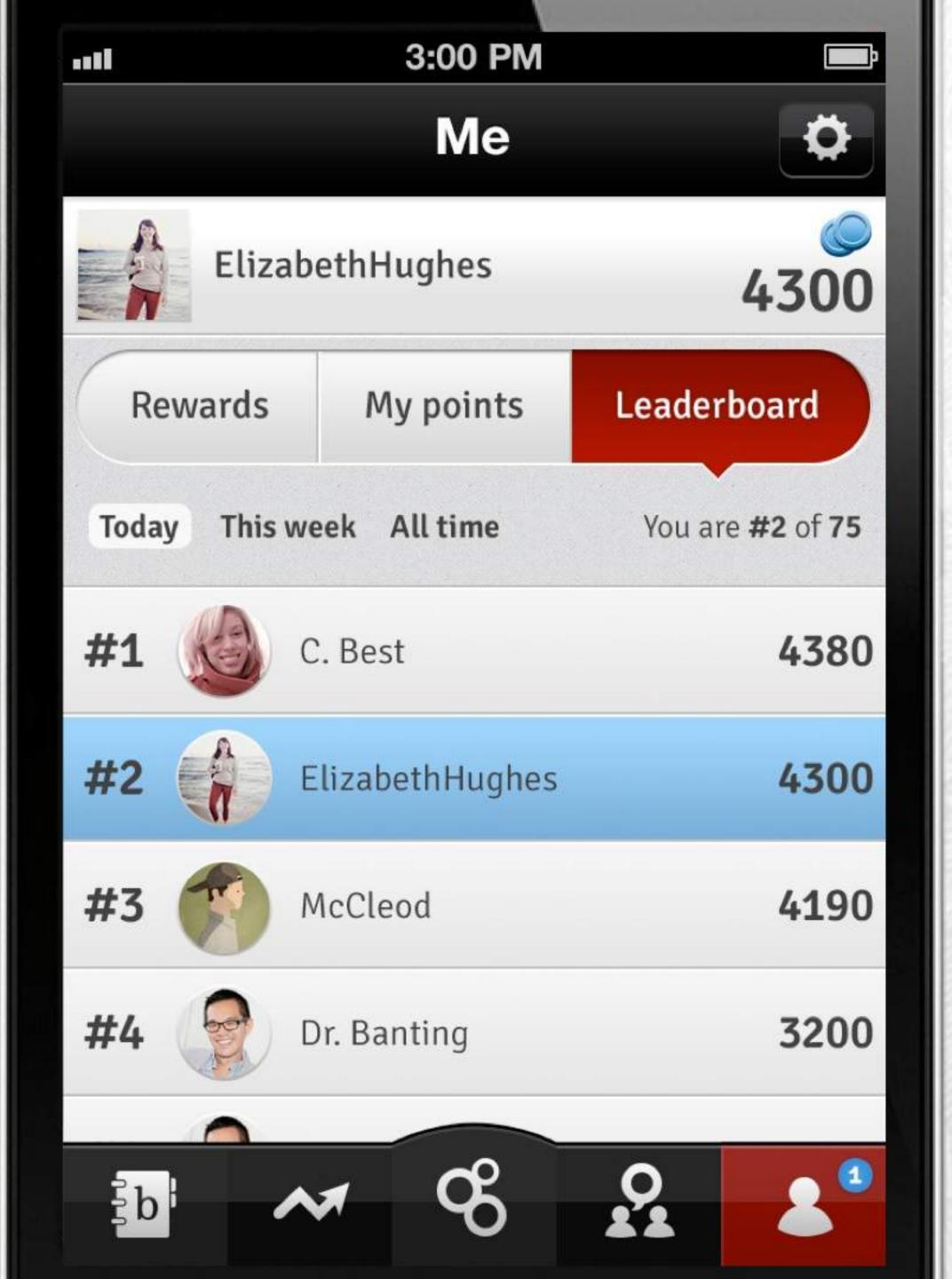


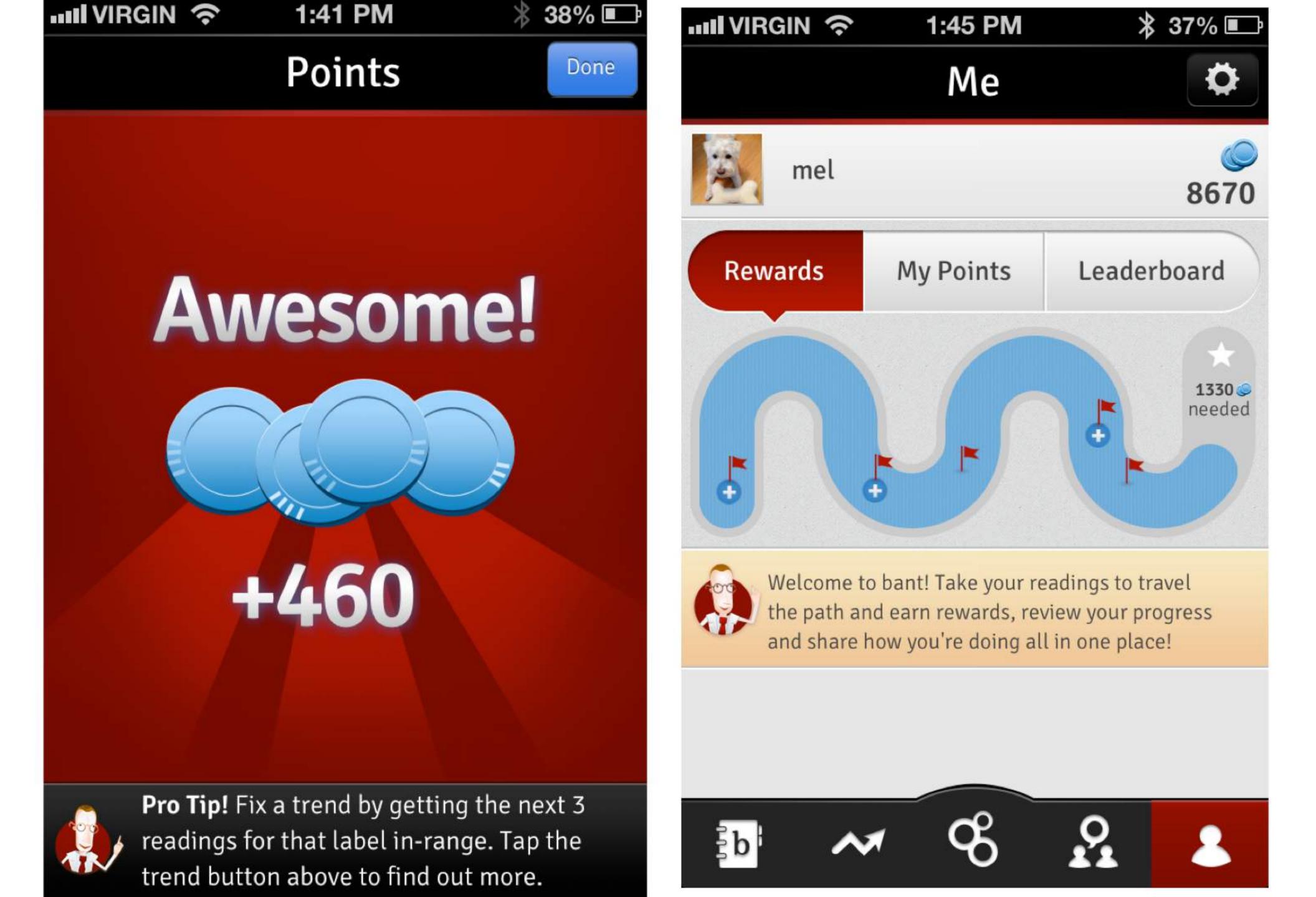












Original Paper

A Mobile App for the Self-Management of Type 1 Diabetes Among Adolescents: A Randomized Controlled Trial

Shivani Goyal^{1,2*}, BEng, MSc, PhD; Caitlin A Nunn^{3*}, MSc; Michael Rotondi⁴, PhD; Amy B Couperthwaite⁴, MSc; Sally Reiser⁵, RD; Angelo Simone⁵, MD; Debra K Katzman^{6,7}, MD, FRCP(C); Joseph A Cafazzo^{1,2,8}, PhD, PEng; Mark R Palmert^{3,6,9}, MD, PhD

¹Centre for Global eHealth Innovation, Techna Institute, University Health Network, Toronto, ON, Canada

²Institute of Biomaterials and Biomedical Engineering, University of Toronto, Toronto, ON, Canada

³Division of Endocrinology, The Hospital for Sick Children, Toronto, ON, Canada

⁴School of Kinesiology & Health Science, York University, Toronto, ON, Canada

⁵Trillium Health Partners, Toronto, ON, Canada

⁶Research Institute, The Hospital for Sick Children, Toronto, ON, Canada

⁷Division of Adolescent Medicine, Department of Pediatrics, The Hospital for Sick Children, Toronto, ON, Canada

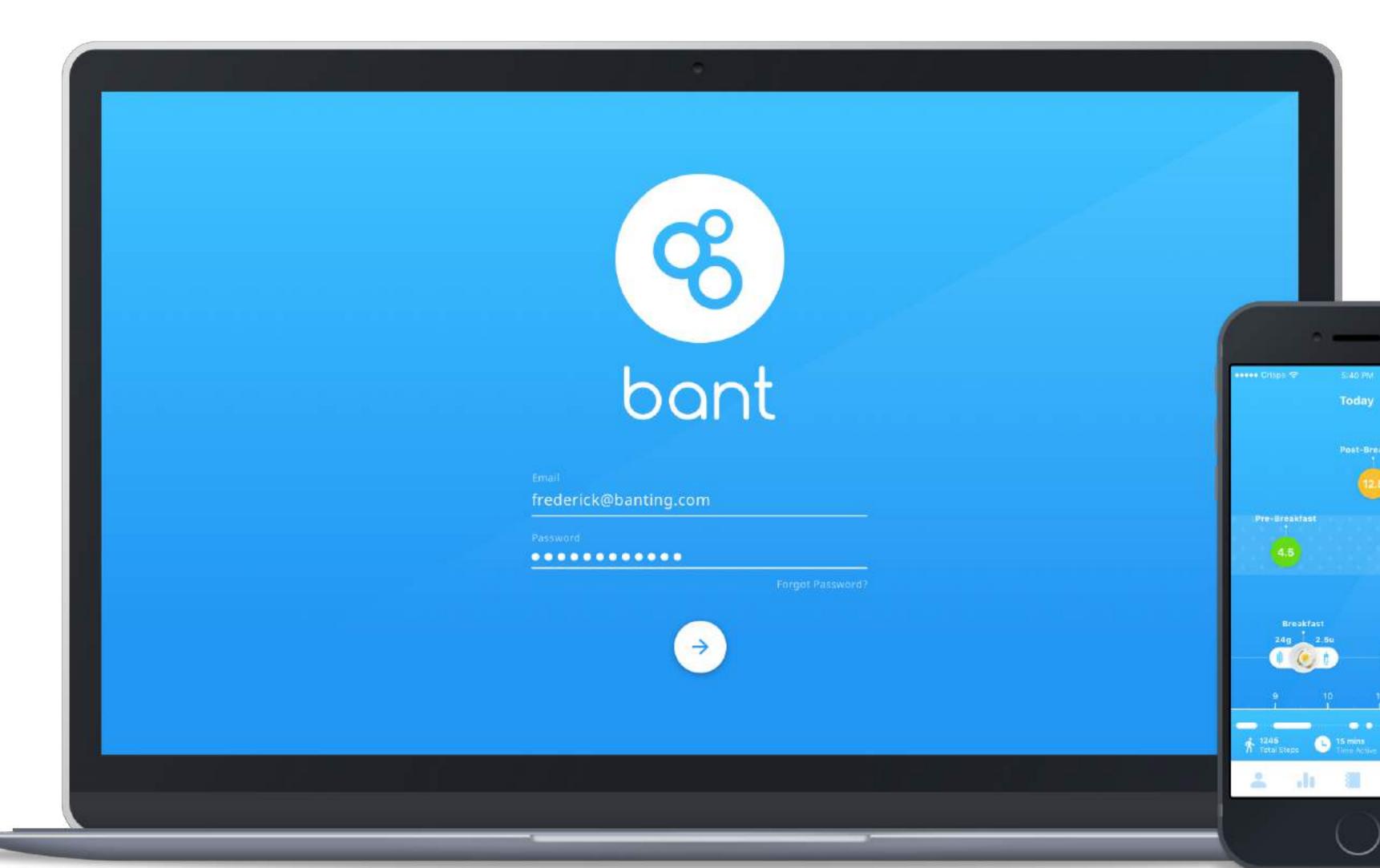
⁸Institute of Health Policy, Management and Evaluation, Dalla Lana School of Public Health, University of Toronto, Toronto, ON, Canada

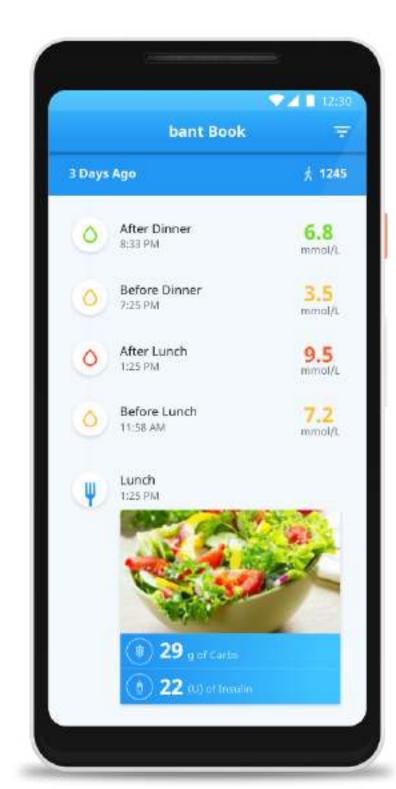
⁹Departments of Paediatrics and Physiology, University of Toronto, Toronto, ON, Canada

these authors contributed equally



68 OCHO Simplifying Diabetes

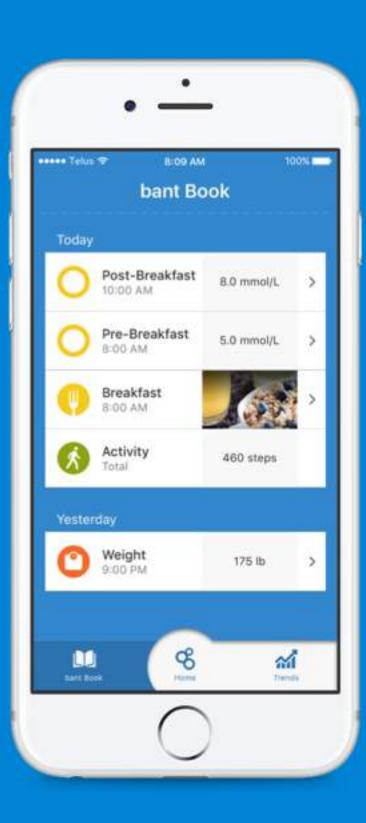




6 bant

Simplifying Diabetes

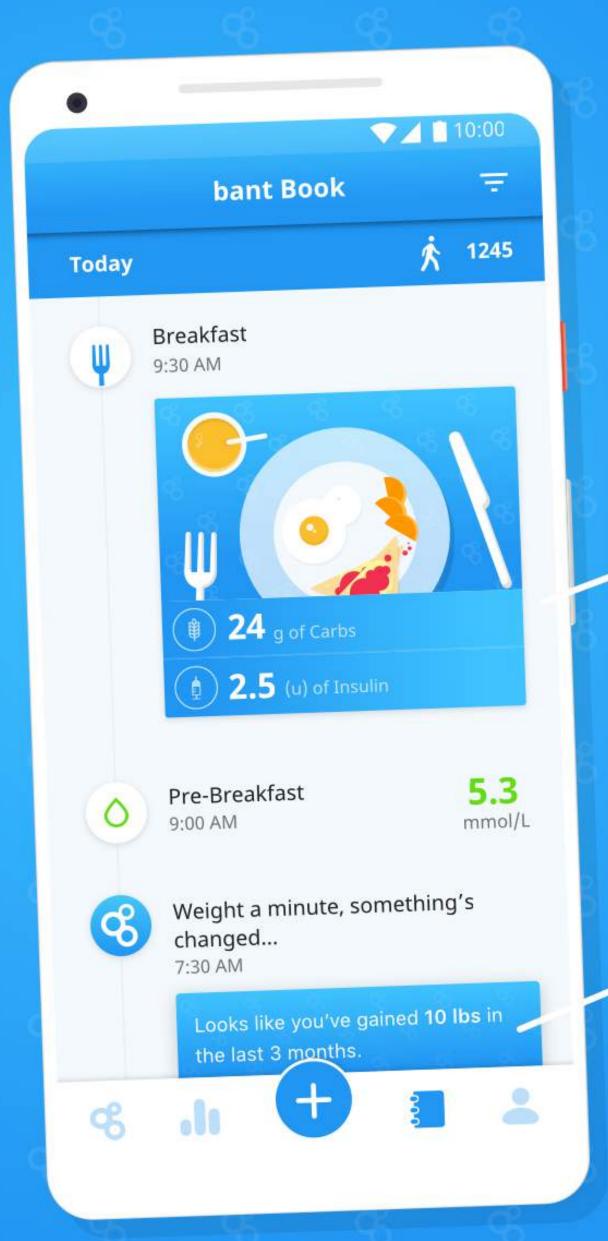






Be reminded to take your blood glucose readings and track your meals ▼⊿ 📗 9:00 Today Breakfast **Pre-Breakfast Blood Glucose** 11:30 AM Post-Breakfast 9:00 AM **Blood Glucose** 5.3 12 PM Meal photos, carbs and insulin

See your unique diabetes story



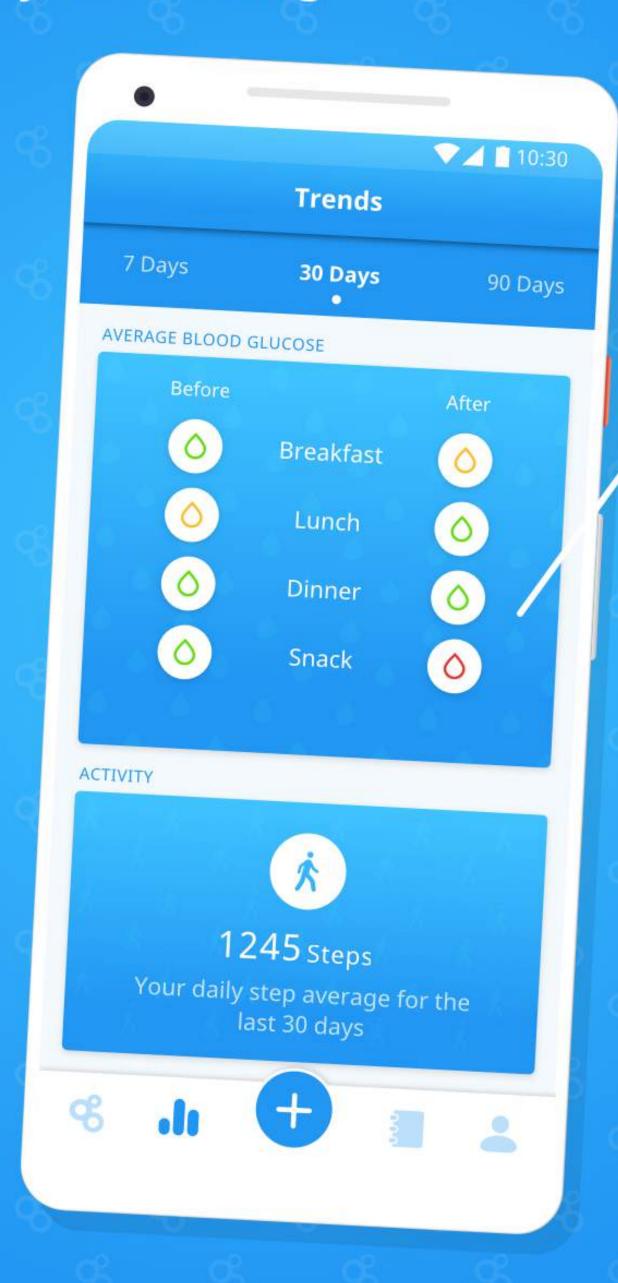
Have a look at your lifestyle over time

Get personalized insights



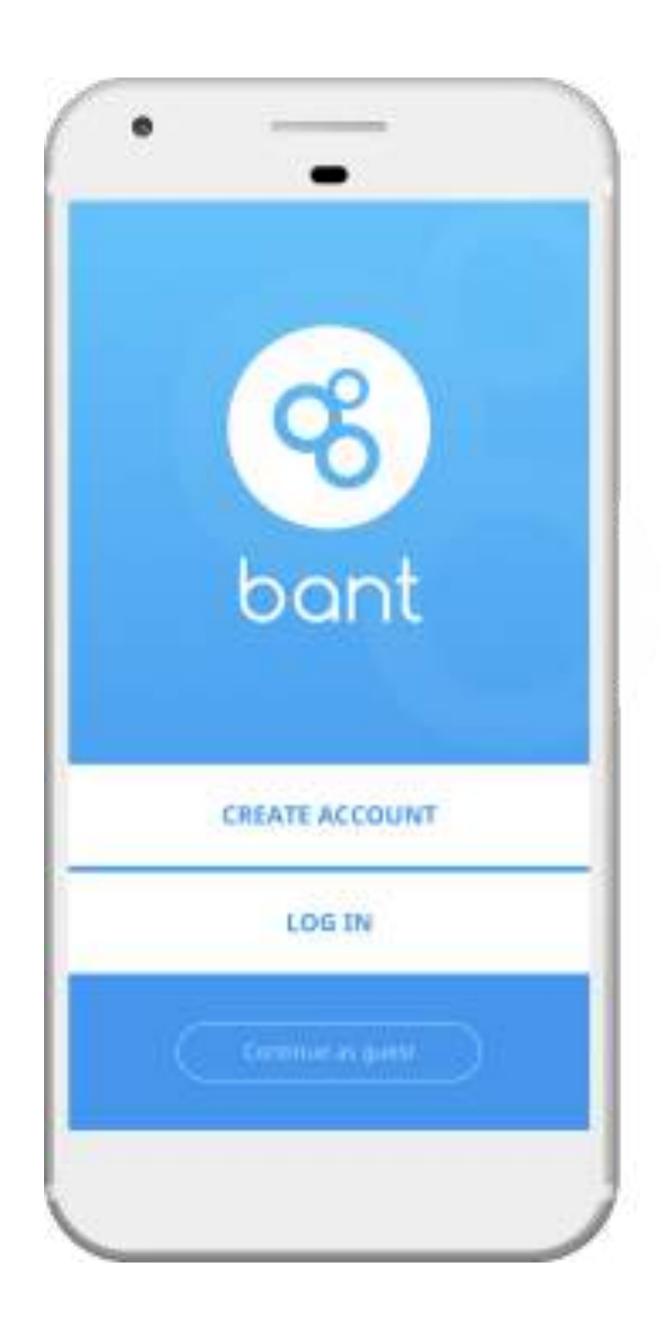
Get a quick glance at how you're doing

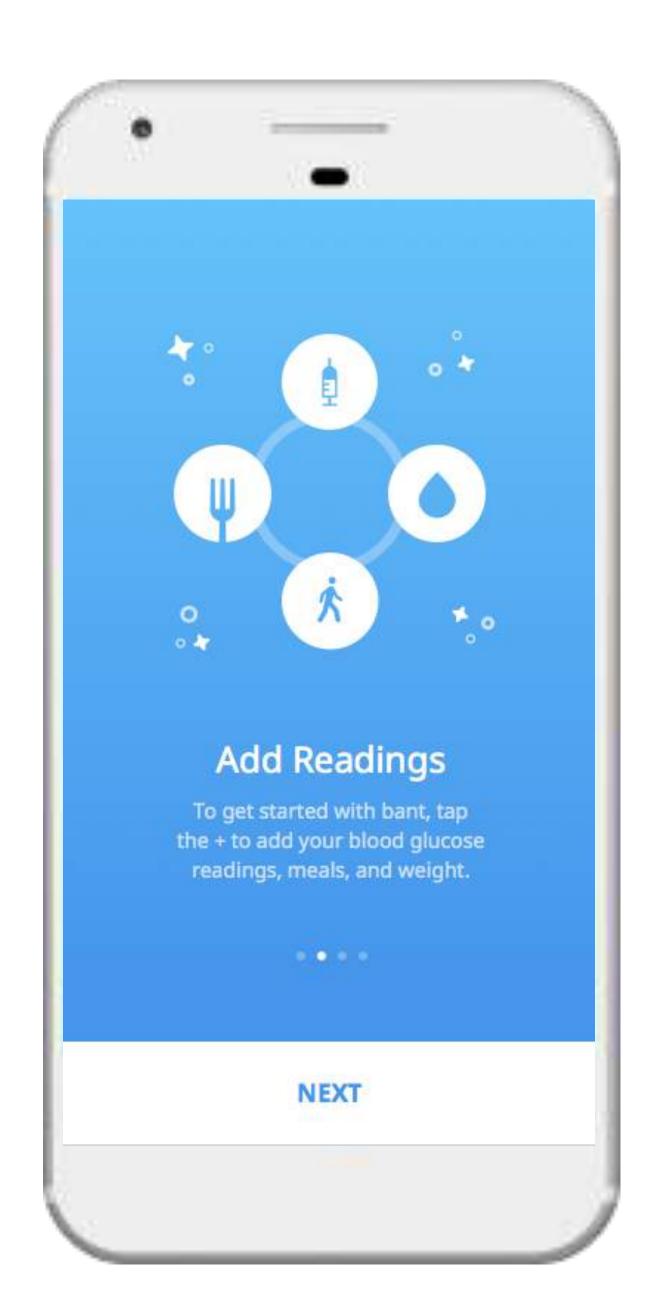


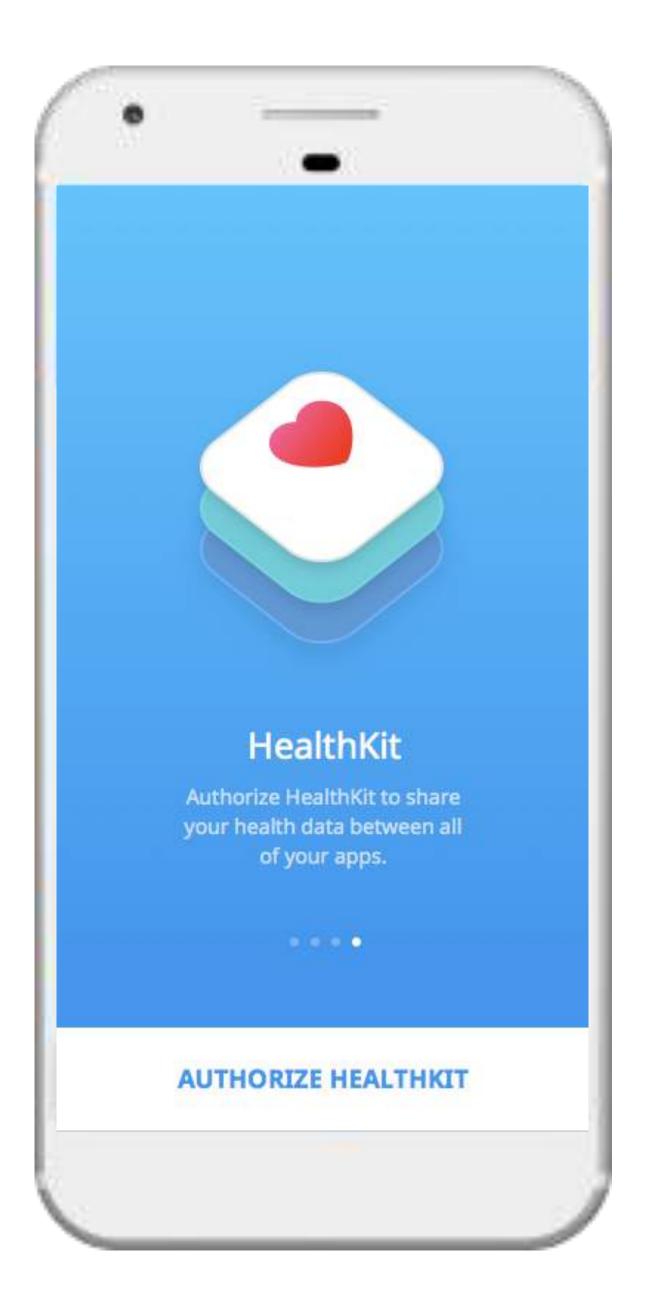


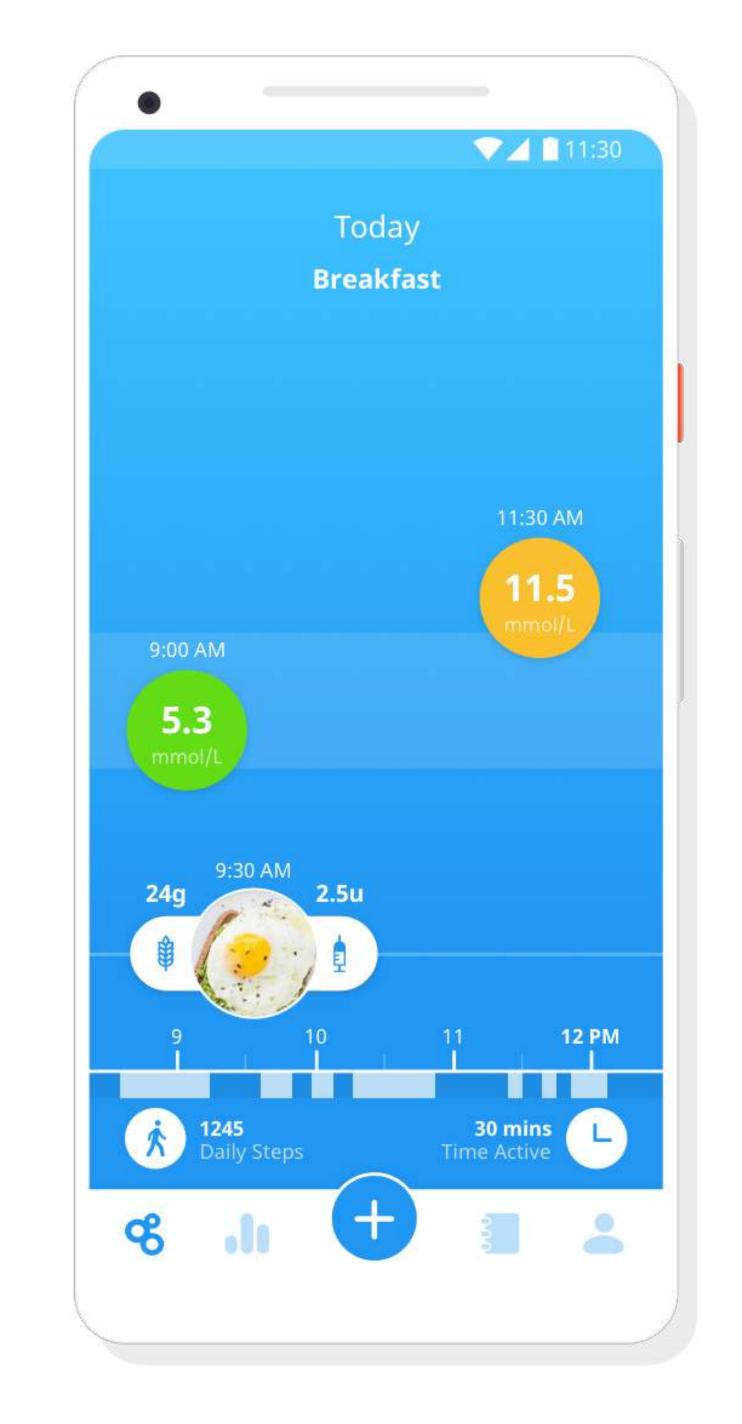
Access insightful trends on your blood glucose, activity and weight

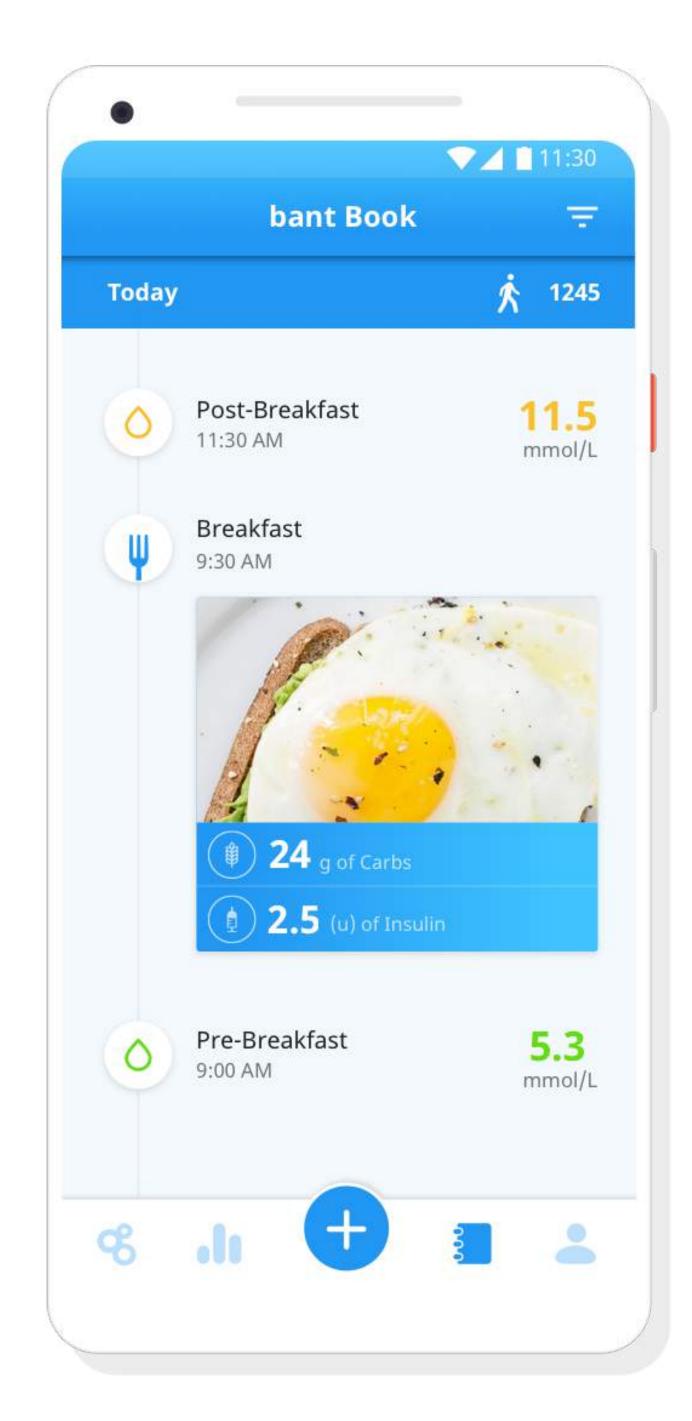




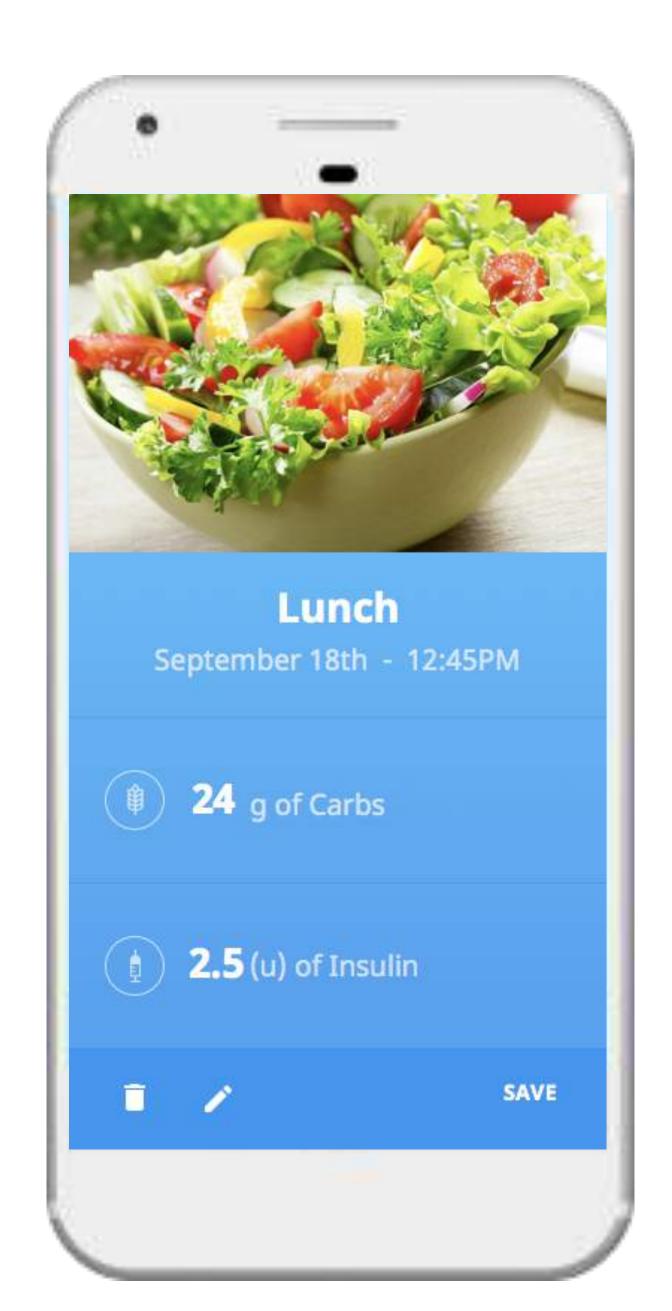


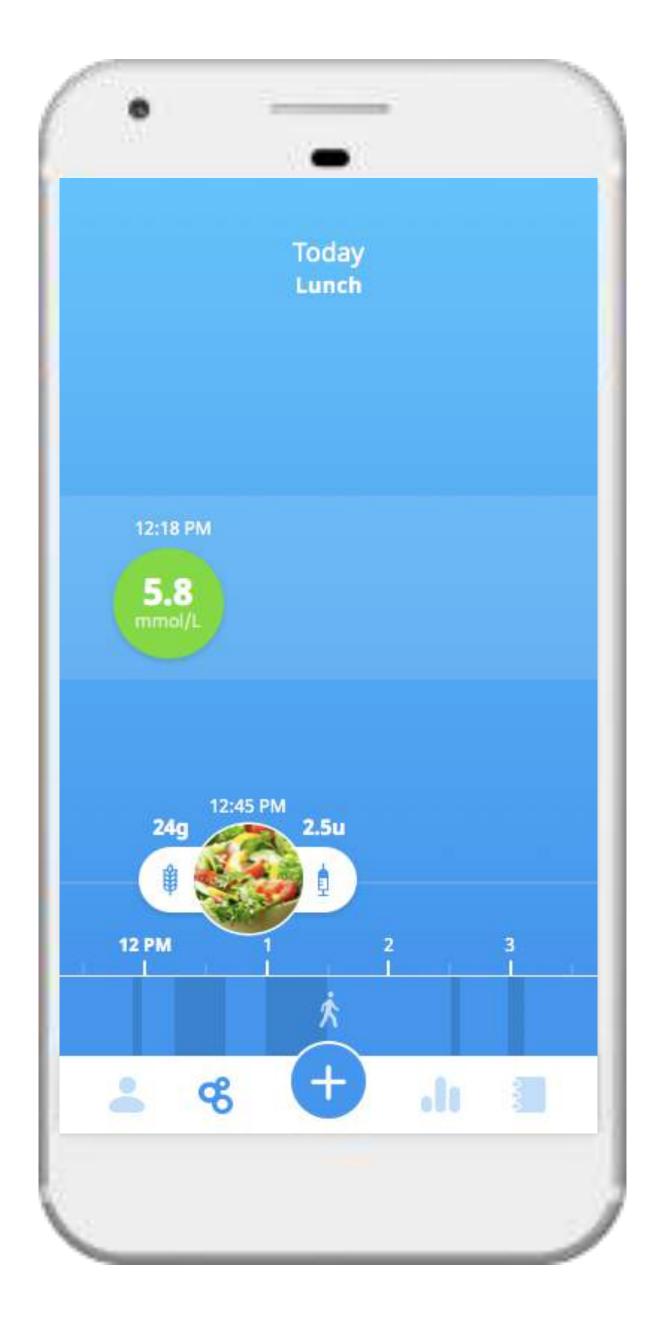




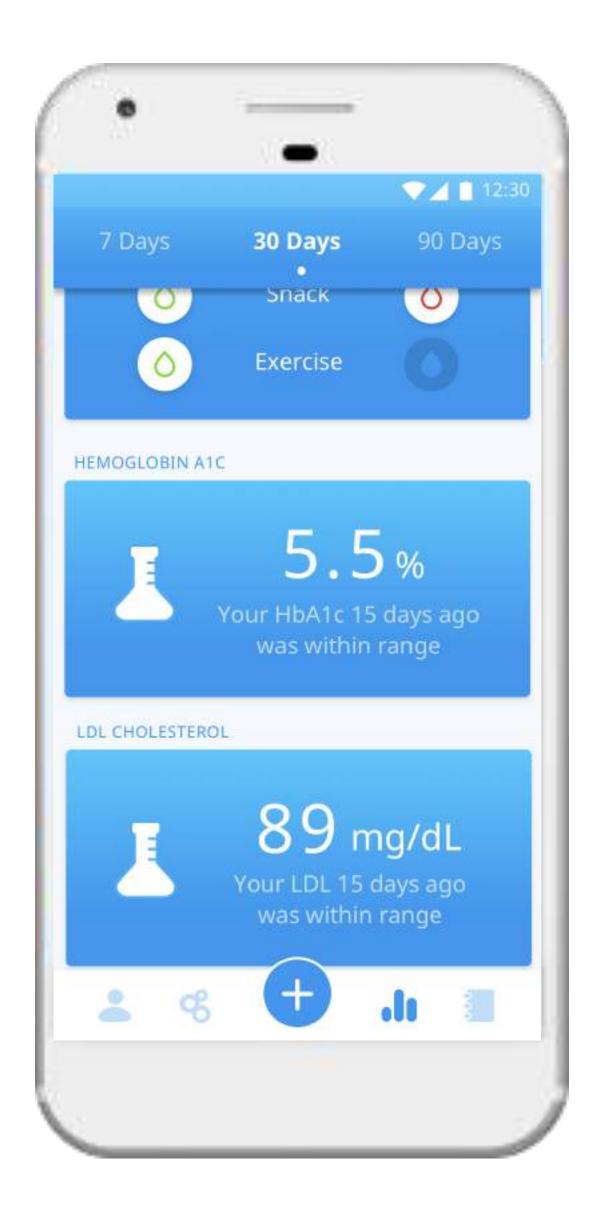


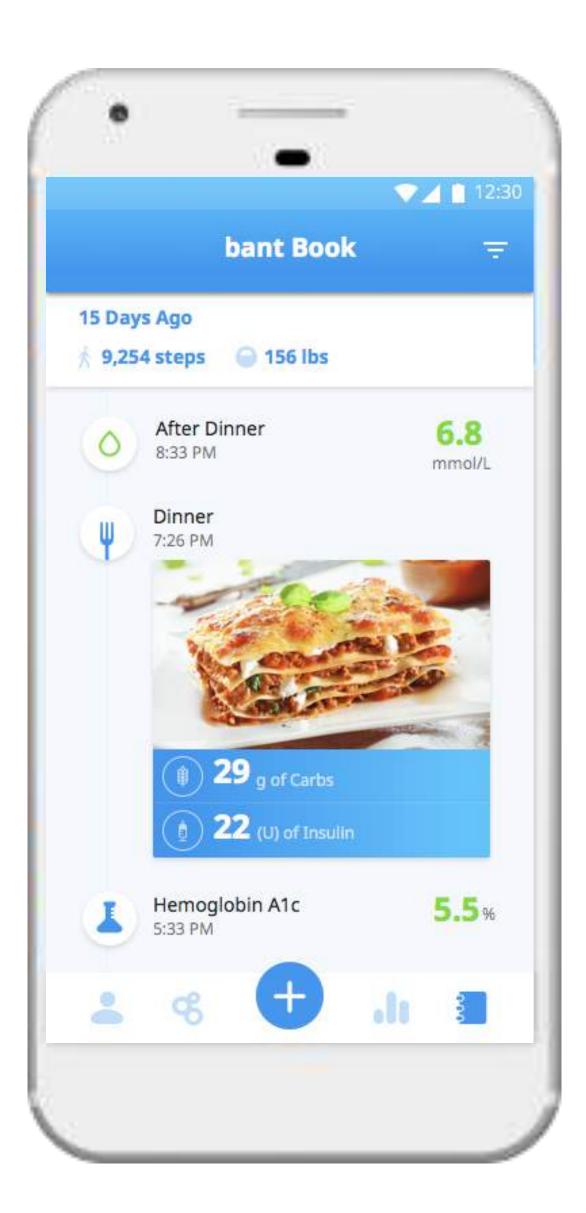




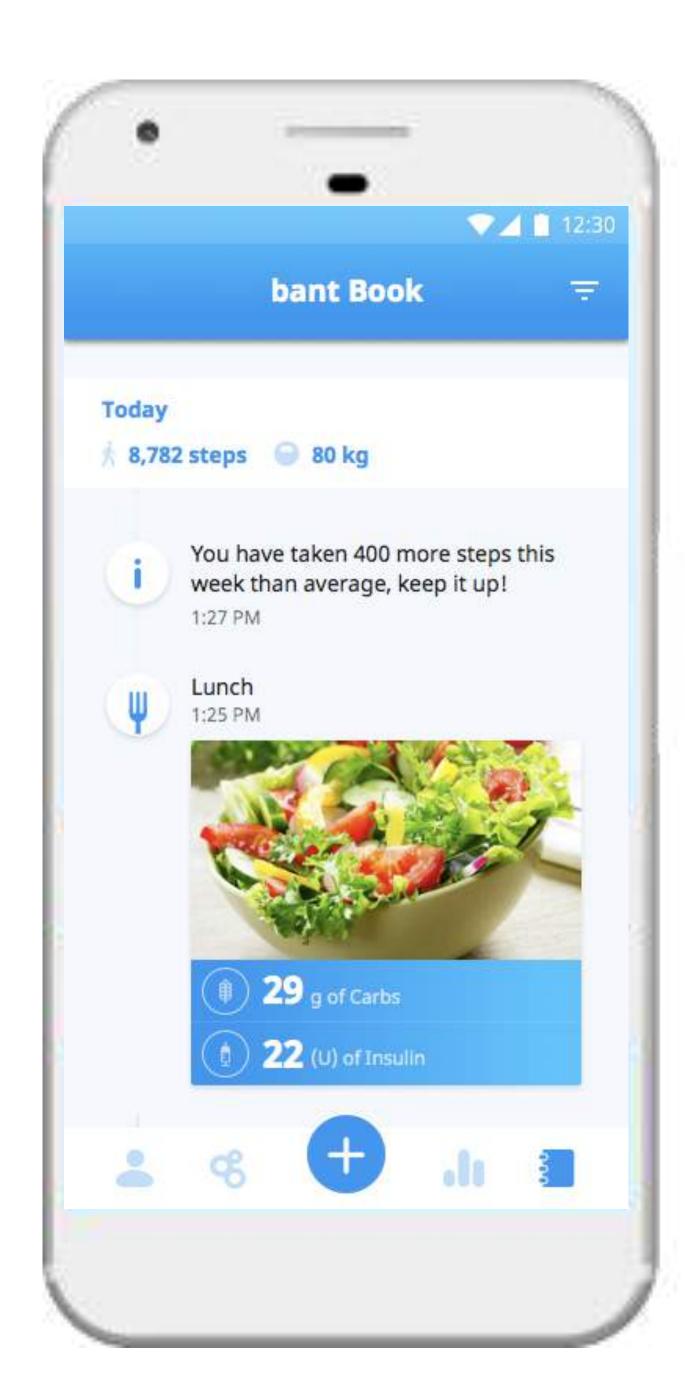


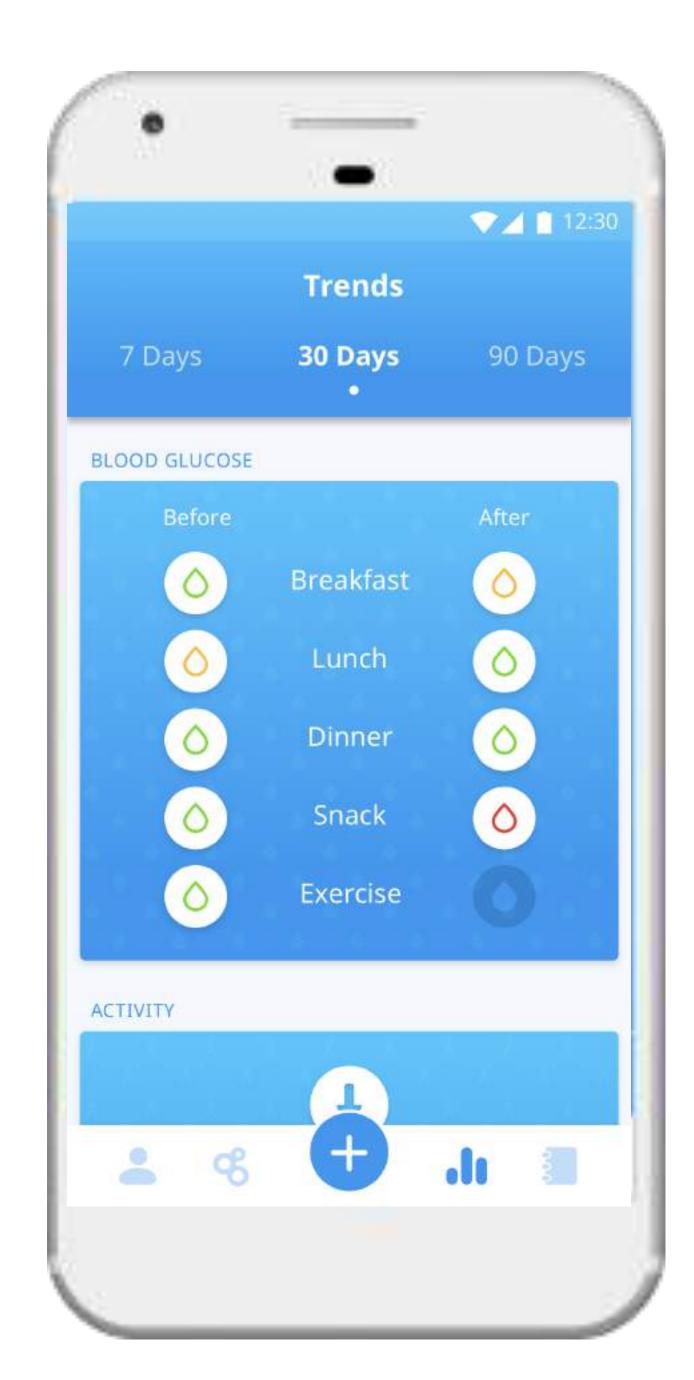
LAB RESULTS IN BANT

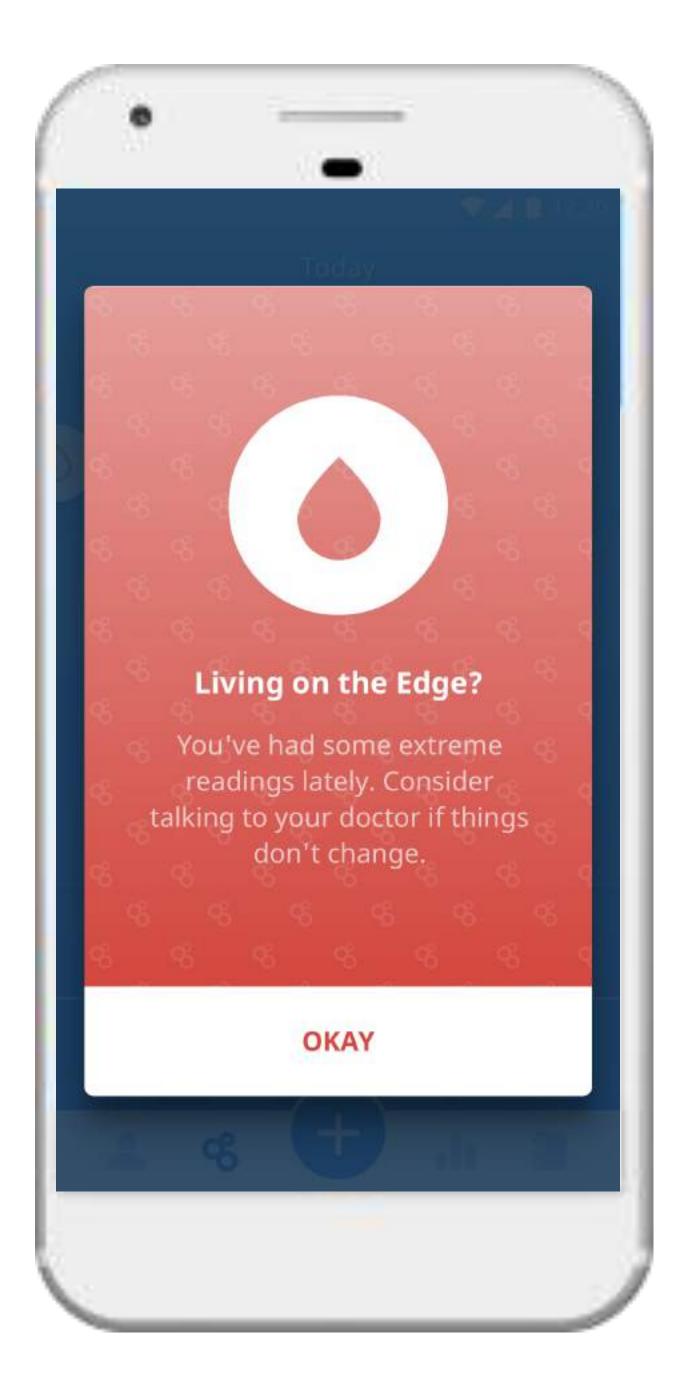


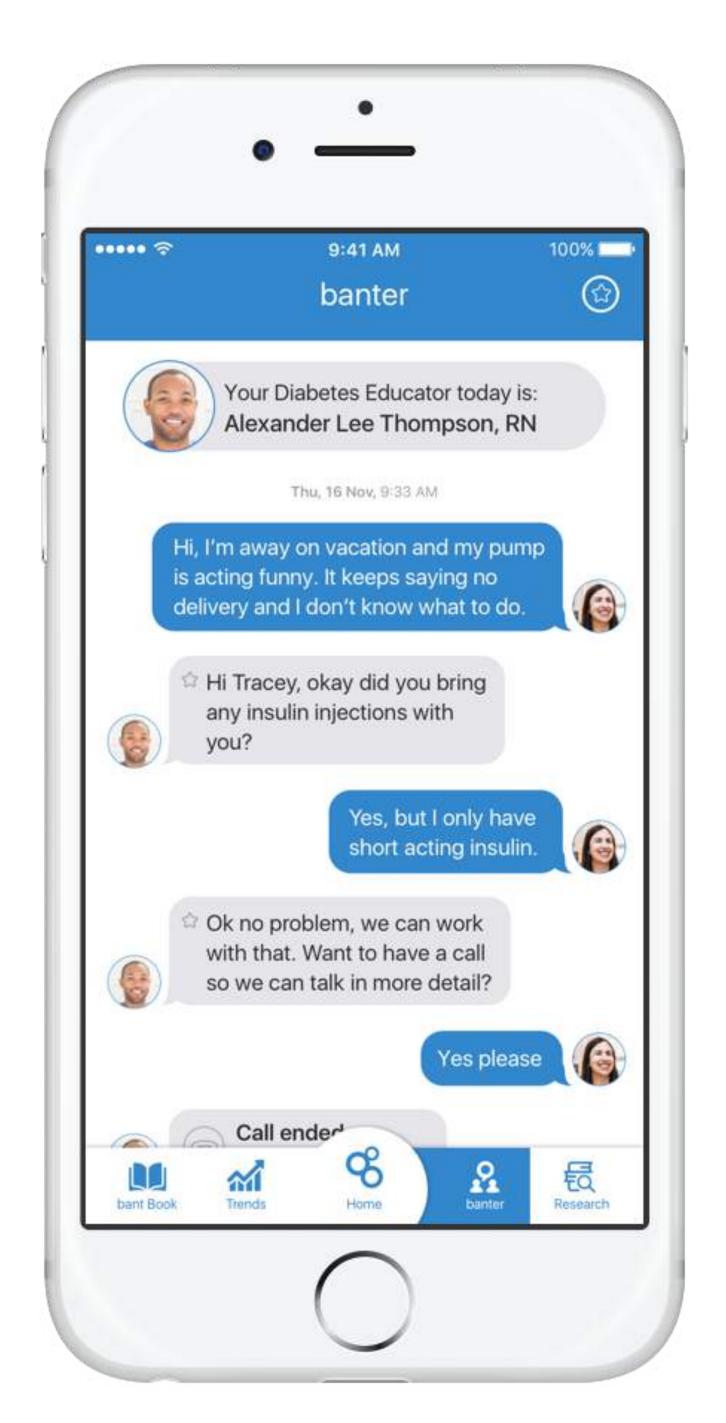




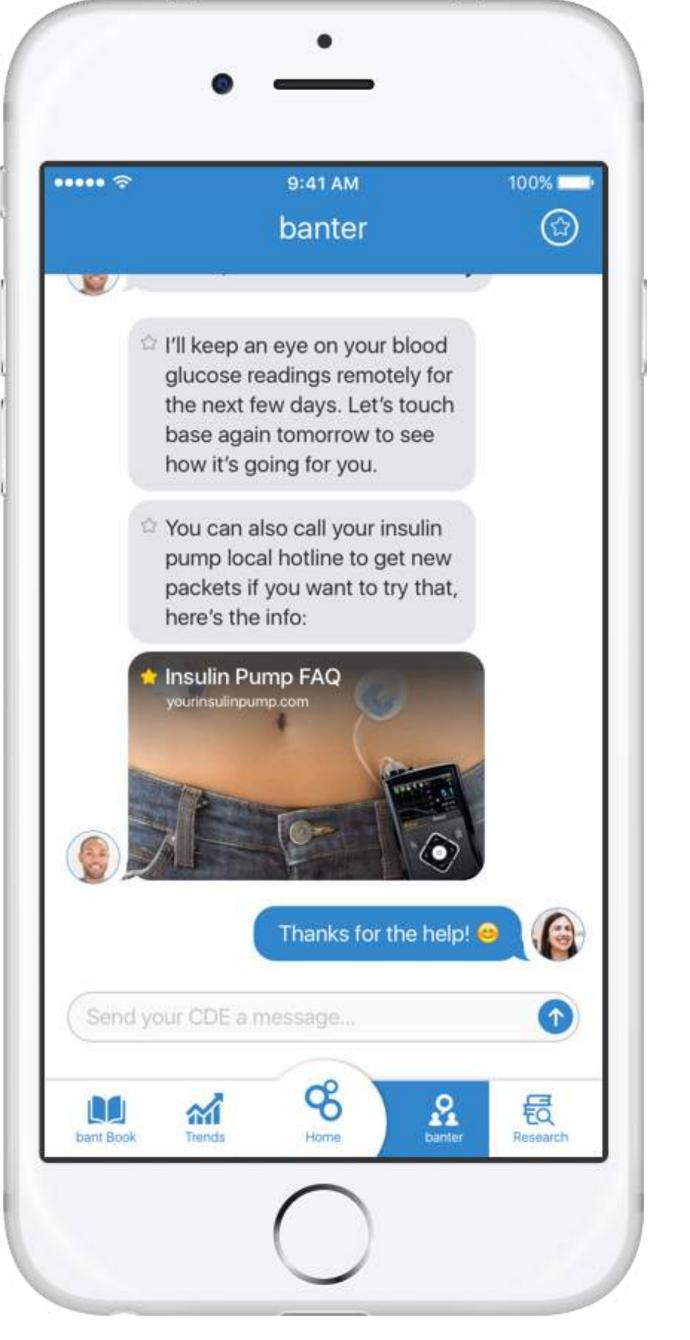




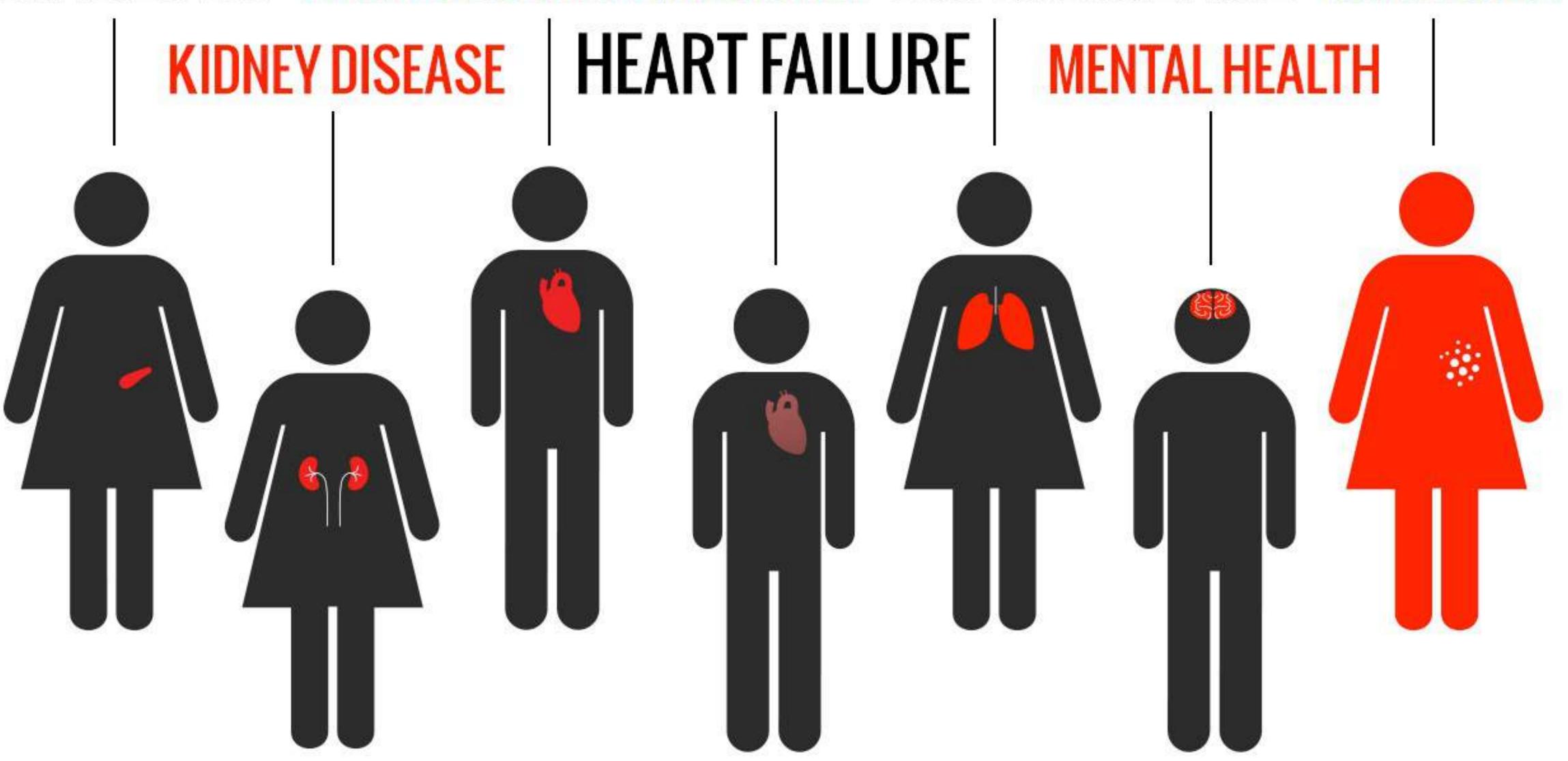




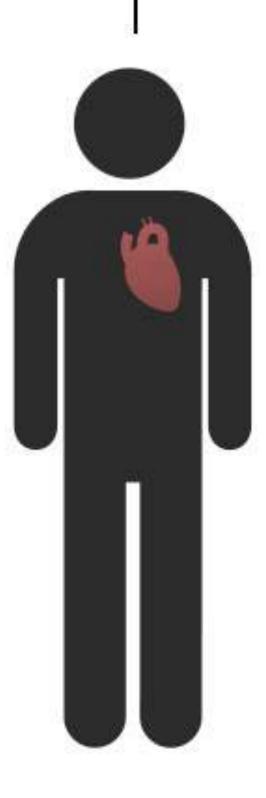


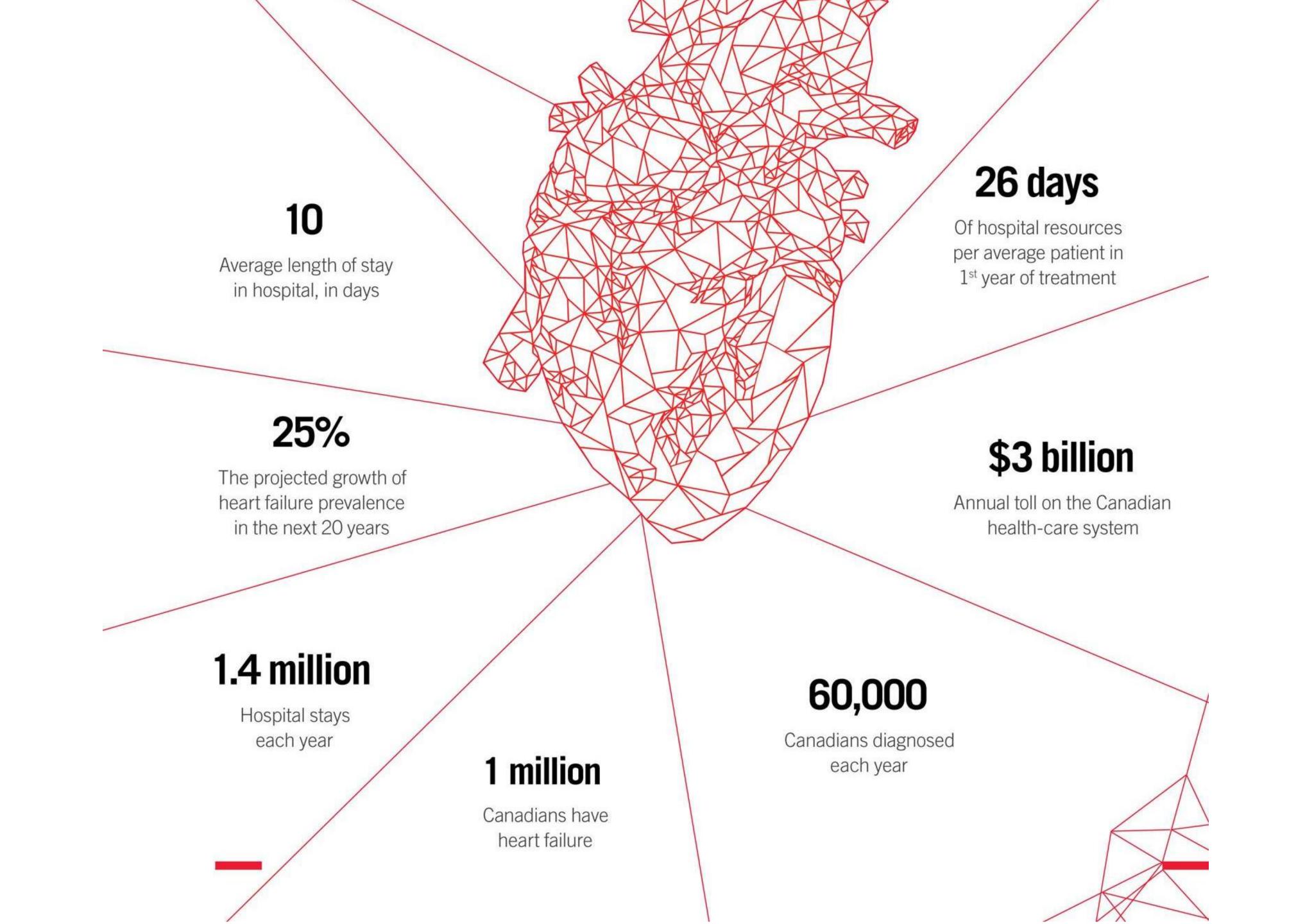


DIABETES HIGHBLOOD PRESSURE LUNG DISEASE CANCER



HEART FAILURE

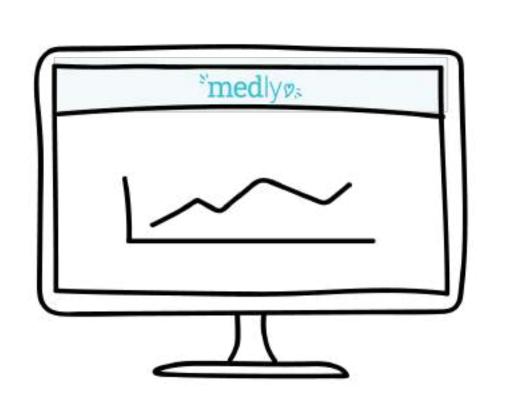




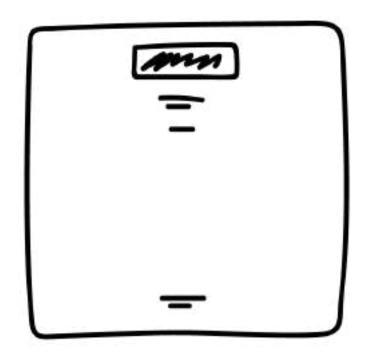


Remote Patient Monitoring for

Heart Failure





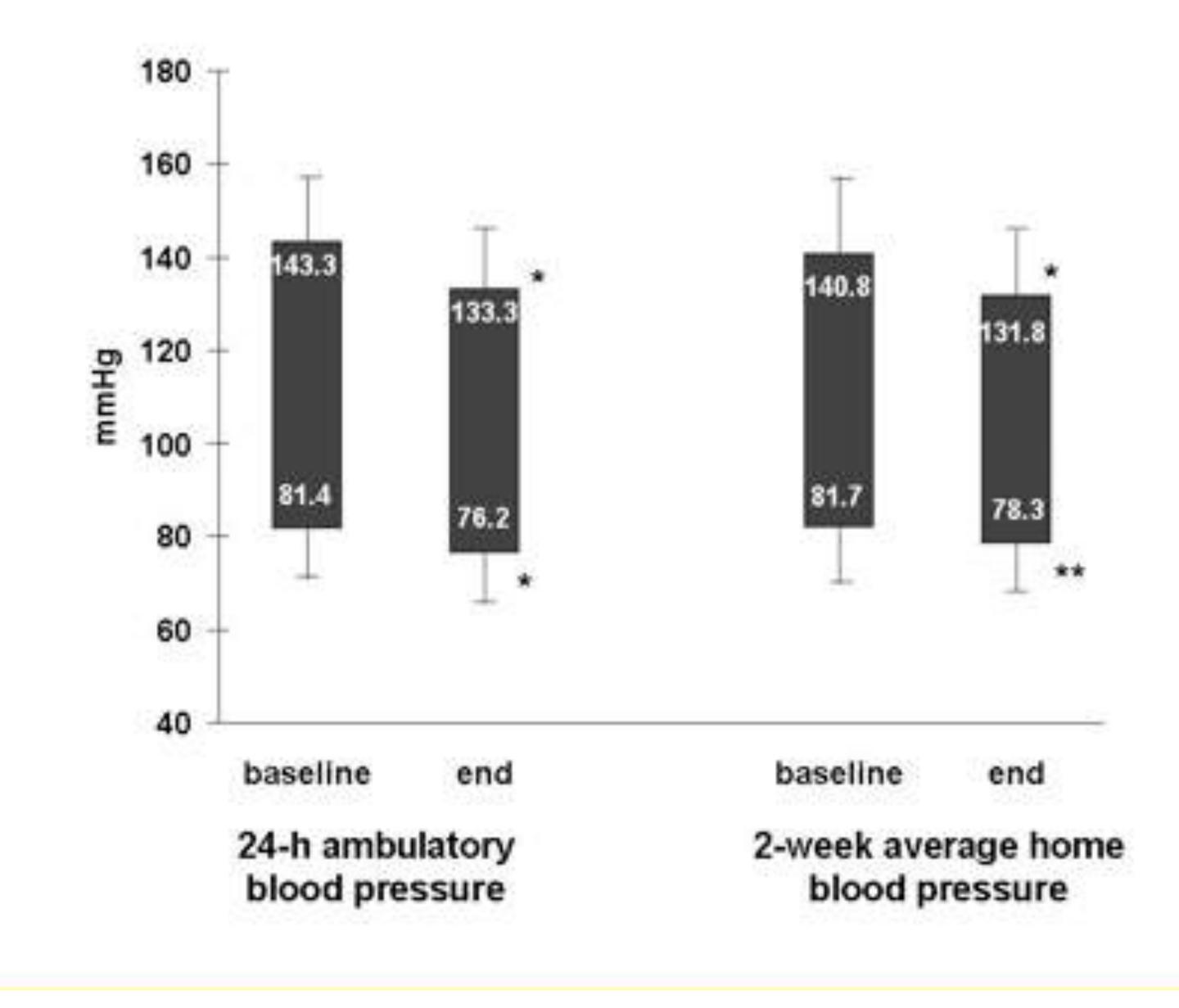








BLOOD PRESSURE TRANSMITTED AUTOMATICALLY TO BLACKBERRY



American Journal of Hypertension, 20(9), pp. 942-948, 2007

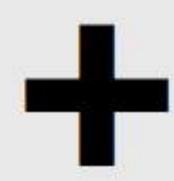
Effect of Home Blood Pressure Telemonitoring With Self-Care Support on Uncontrolled Systolic Hypertension in Diabetics

Alexander G. Logan, M. Jane Irvine, Warren J. McIsaac, Andras Tisler, Peter G. Rossos, Anthony Easty, Denice S. Feig, Joseph A. Cafazzo

Abstract—Lowering blood pressure reduces cardiovascular risk, yet hypertension is poorly controlled in diabetic patients. In a pilot study we demonstrated that a home blood pressure telemonitoring system, which provided self-care messages on the smartphone of hypertensive diabetic patients immediately after each reading, improved blood pressure control. Messages were based on care paths defined by running averages of transmitted readings. The present study tests the system's effectiveness in a randomized, controlled trial in diabetic patients with uncontrolled systolic hypertension. Of 244 subjects screened for eligibility, 110 (45%) were randomly allocated to the intervention (n=55) or control (n=55) group, and 105 (95.5%) completed the 1-year outcome visit. In the intention-to-treat analysis, mean daytime ambulatory systolic blood pressure, the primary end point, decreased significantly only in the intervention group by 9.1±15.6 mmHg (SD; P<0.0001), and the mean between-group difference was 7.1 ± 2.3 mmHg (SE; P<0.005). Furthermore, 51% of intervention subjects achieved the guideline recommended target of <130/80 mmHg compared with 31% of control subjects (P<0.05). These improvements were obtained without the use of more or different antihypertensive medications or additional clinic visits to physicians. Providing self-care support did not affect anxiety but worsened depression on the Hospital Anxiety and Depression Scale (baseline, 4.1 ± 3.76 ; exit, 5.2 ± 4.30 ; P=0.014). This study demonstrated that home blood pressure telemonitoring combined with automated self-care support reduced the blood pressure of diabetic patients with uncontrolled systolic hypertension and improved hypertension control. Home blood pressure monitoring alone had no effect on blood pressure. Promoting patient self-care may have negative psychological blood pressure ■ bypertension ■ diabetes mellitus ■ blood pressure ■ self-care ■ depression effects. (Hypertension. 2012;60:00.)











NO CHANGE





-9.1 mmHg systolic-4.6 mmHg diastolic

NO ADDITIONAL MEDS NO ADDITIONAL VISITS

SELF AWARENESS MED ADHERENCE

Mobile Phone-Based Telemonitoring for Heart Failure Management: A Randomized Controlled Trial

Emily Seto^{1,2}, PhD, PEng; Kevin J Leonard^{1,2}, PhD, MBA; Joseph A Cafazzo^{1,2,3}, PhD, PEng; Jan Barnsley², PhD; Caterina Masino¹, MA; Heather J Ross^{4,5}, MD, MHSc, FRCPC

¹Centre for Global eHealth Innovation, University Health Network, Toronto, ON, Canada ²Department of Health Policy, Management and Evaluation, University of Toronto, Toronto, ON, Canada ³Institute of Biomaterials and Biomedical Engineering, University of Toronto, Toronto, ON, Canada

⁴Department of Medicine, University of Toronto, Toronto, ON, Canada ⁵Divisions of Cardiology and Transplant, University Health Network, Toronto, ON, Canada

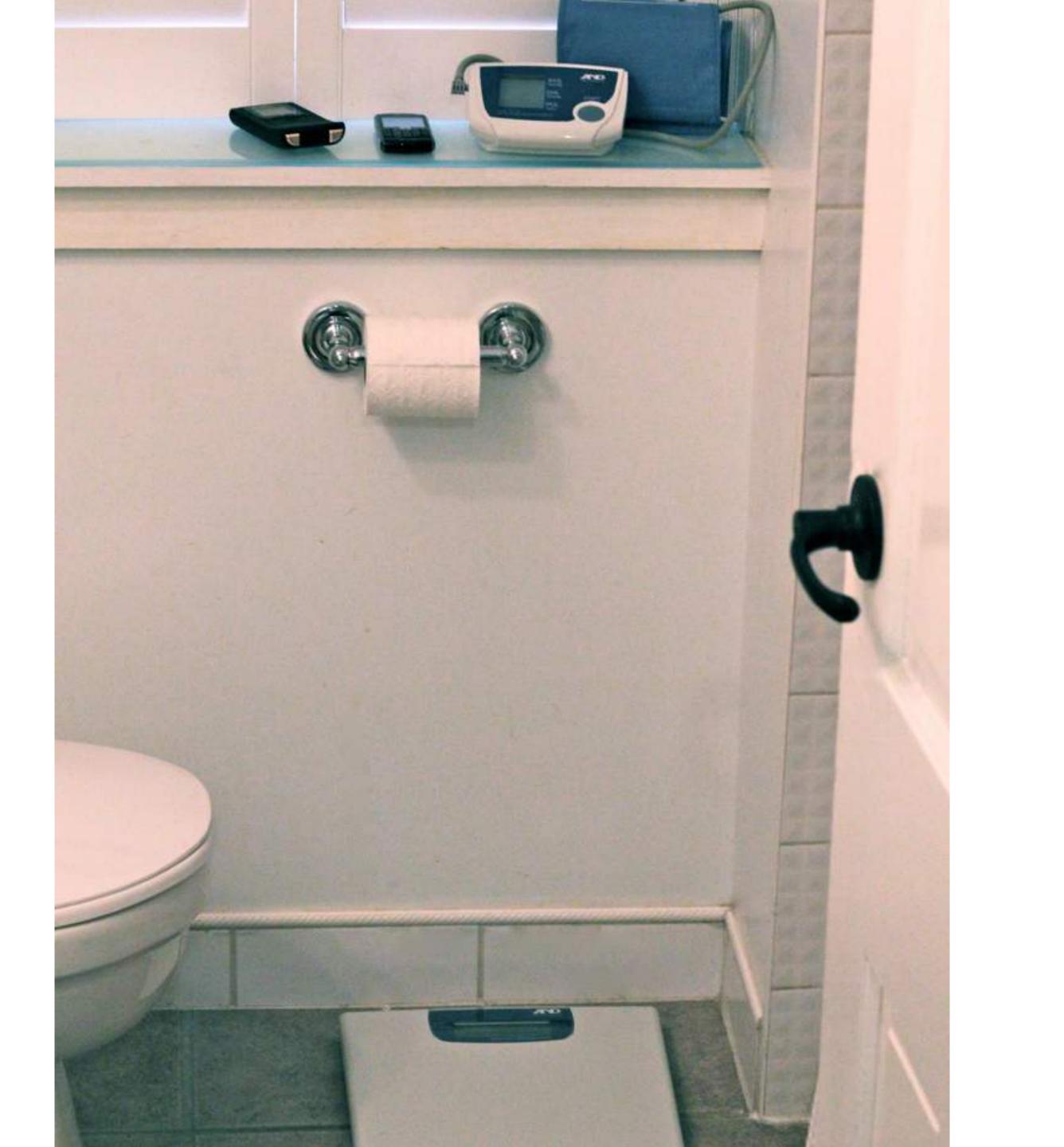
Corresponding Author:

Emily Seto, PhD, PEng

Centre for Global eHealth Innovation University Health Network TGH/RFE Bldg, 4th Fl. 190 Elizabeth St. Toronto, ON, M5G 2C4 Canada

Phone: 1 416 340 4800 ext 6409

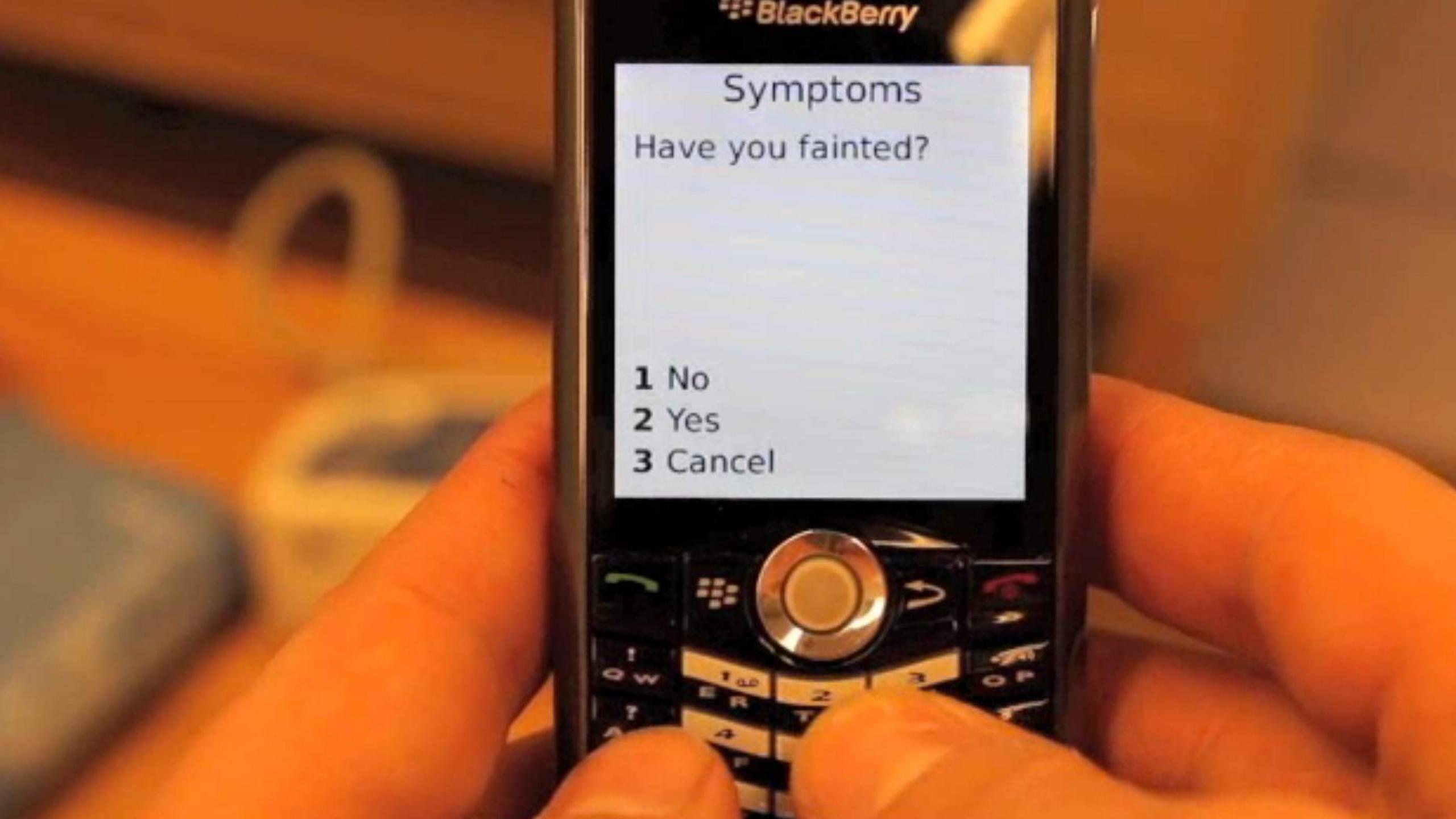
416 340 3595



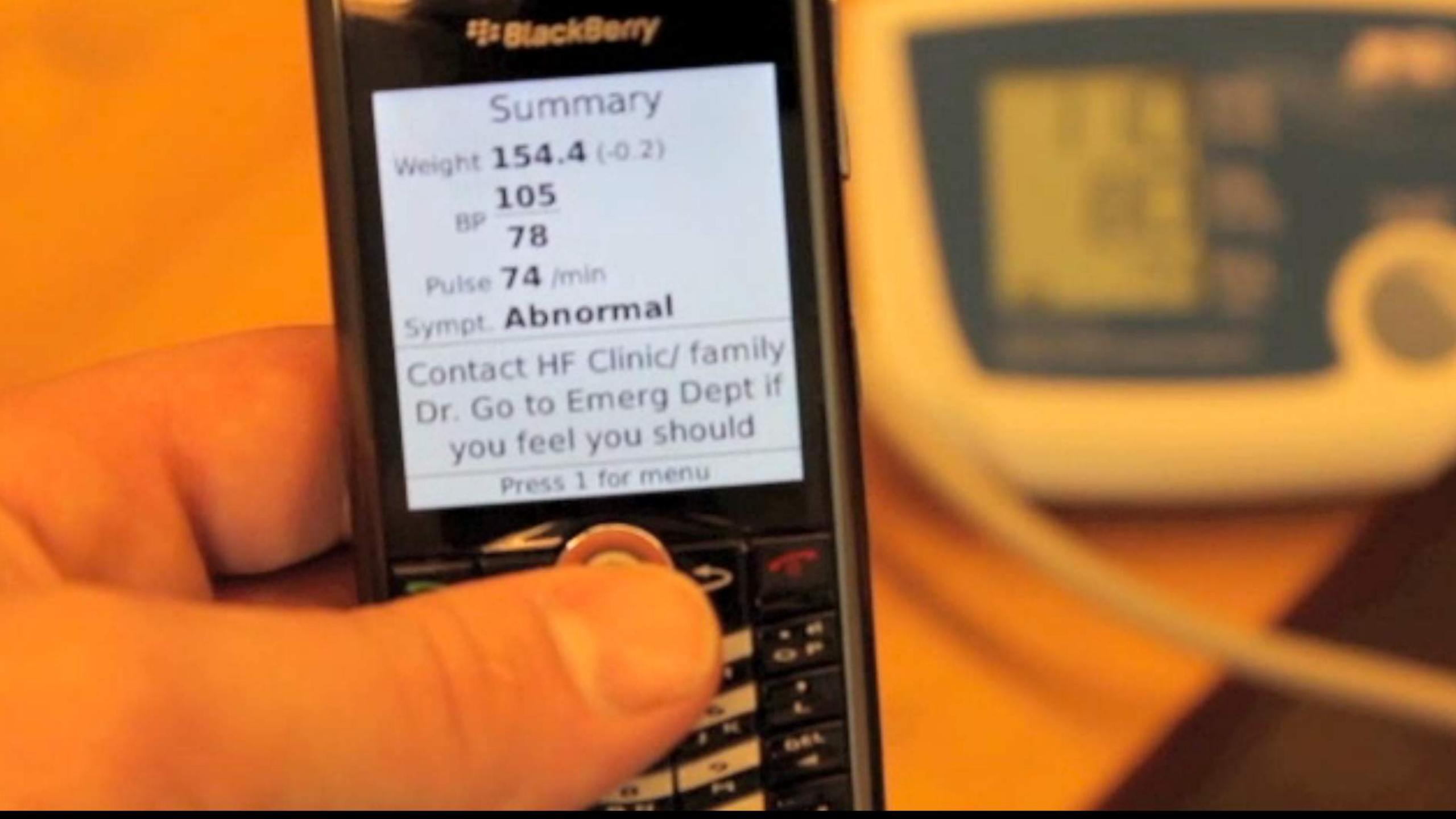


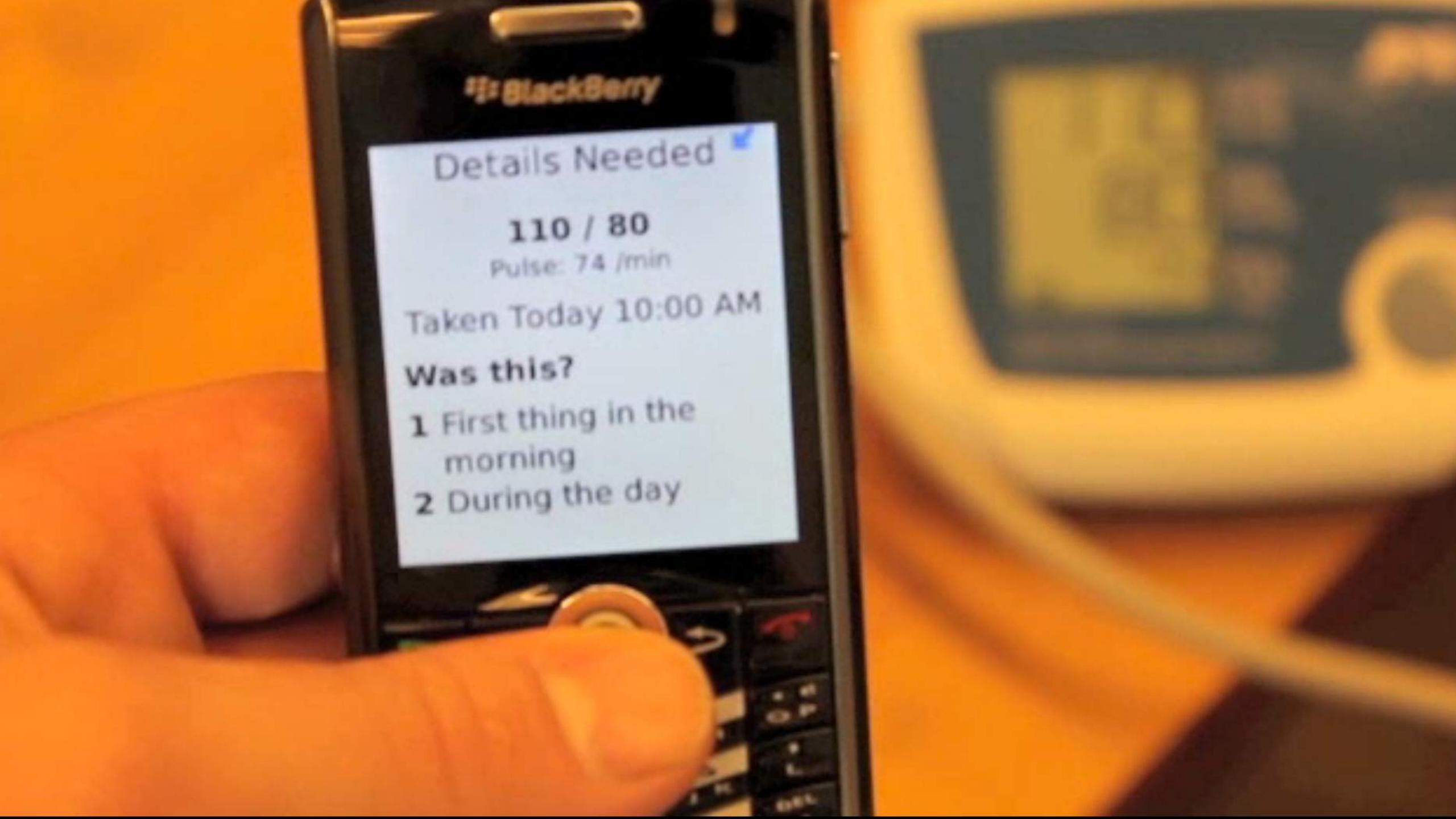
















Heart Failure Patient Study Participant



Study Design

- 100 Participants
- Duration: 9 months
- Daily Measurements
- Reminder Calls
- Alert Algorithm
- Direct Cardiologist Messaging
- Control Group

Results

Congestive Heart Failure

• BNP: -150pg/mL

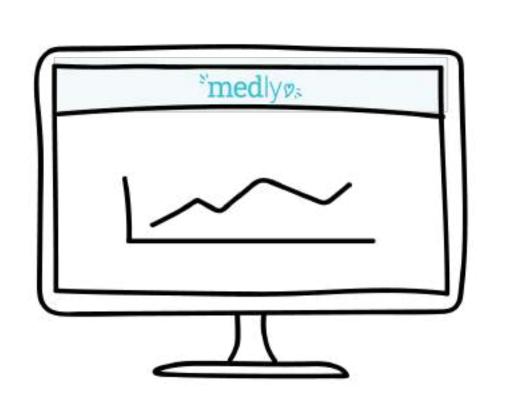
• LVEF: +7.4%

• Self Care: +7 points

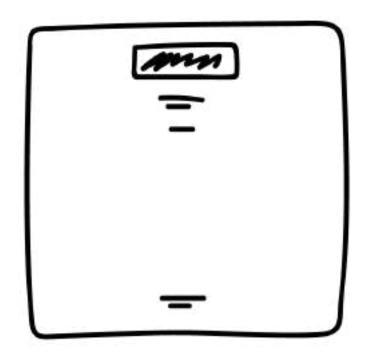


Remote Patient Monitoring for

Heart Failure





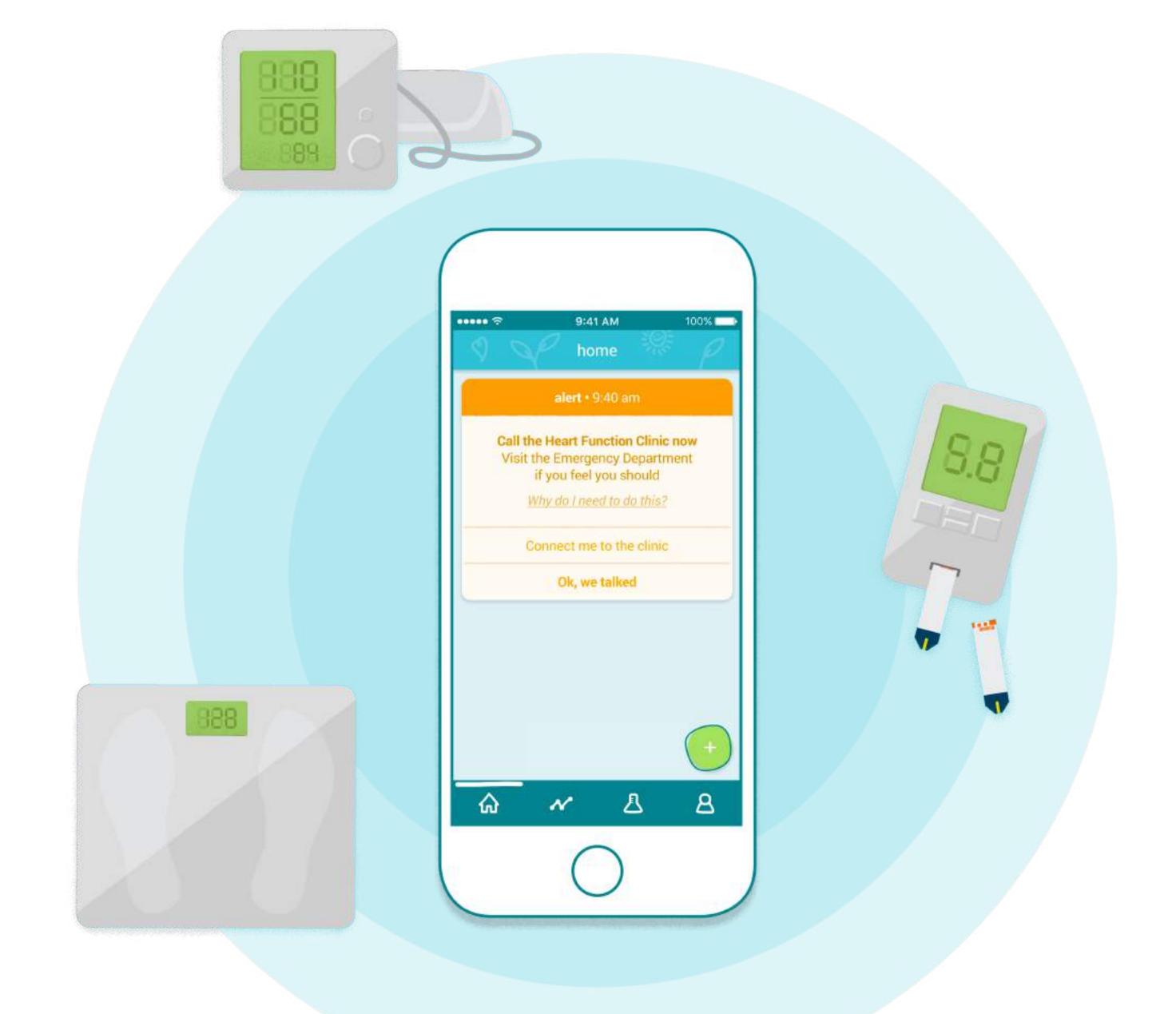




Medly

Helping patients monitor their symptoms and measurements, and provide self-care guidance, all at home.

- Chronic heart failure
- Receive feedback and instructions from their healthcare team
- Bluetooth enabled peripheral devices
- Integrates seamlessly with Apple Health

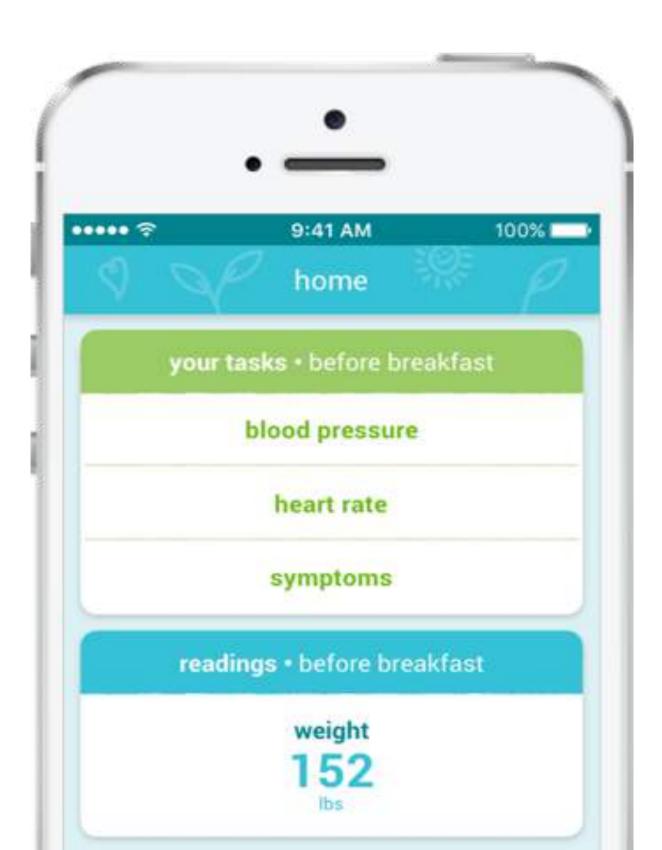




Daily Measurements

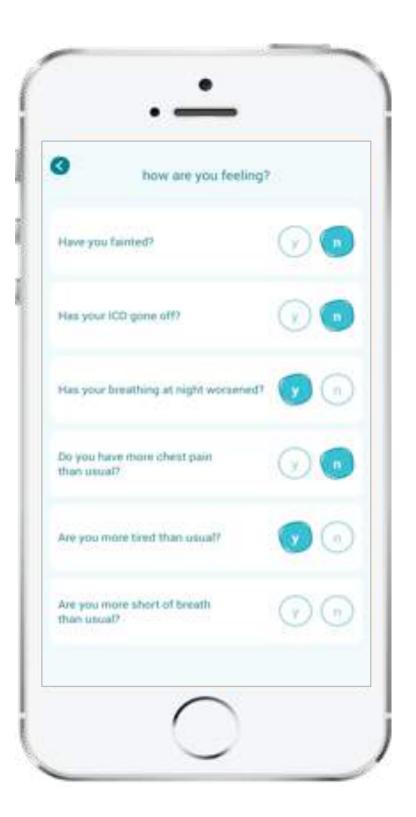
Take daily morning measurements

View instructions to take readings and health information at a glance.



Answer Symptom Tracking Questions

Questionnaires for self-monitoring.



Review trends

View trends and identify patterns.

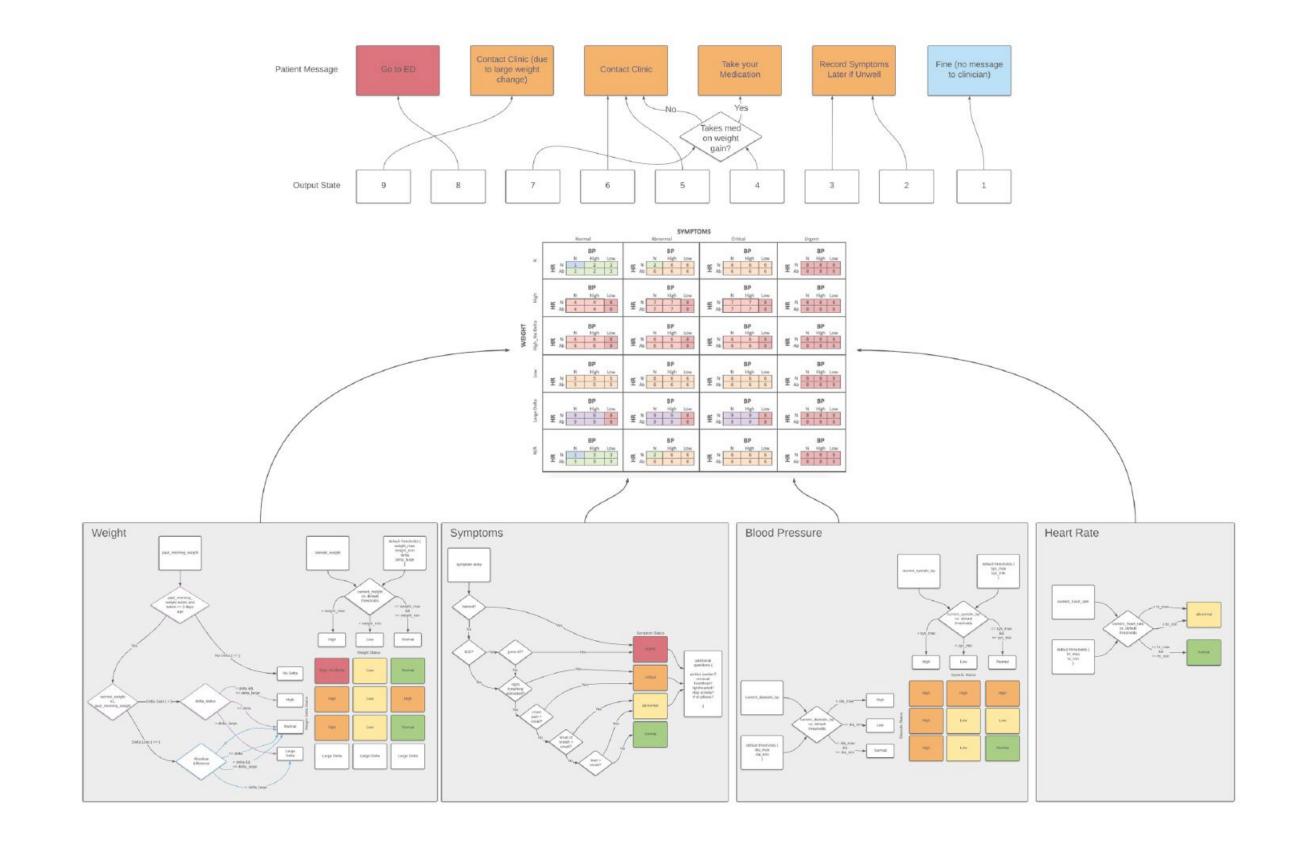


Medly Algorithm

The Medly algorithm is a rule-based expert system that was developed in an iterative fashion with feedback from the PMCC clinicians.

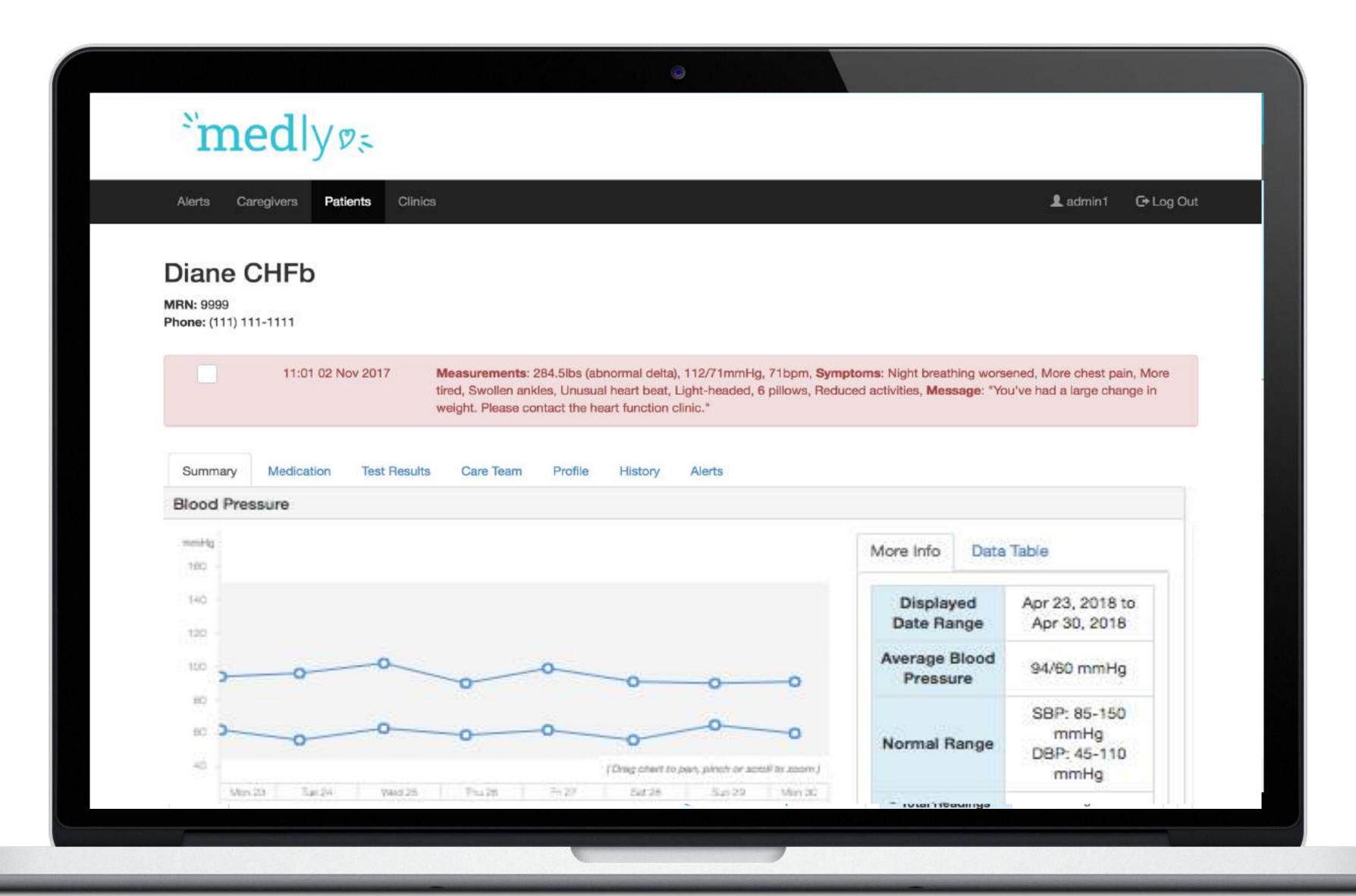
The Medly algorithm:

- Inputs the four measurements taken by the patients and generates one of six self-care feedback messages
- Supports the triaging of patients, while keeping the clinicians updated on the patient's status
- Provides patients with peace of mind and allows clinicians to focus on their most urgent patients





Clinician Dashboard



Scaling

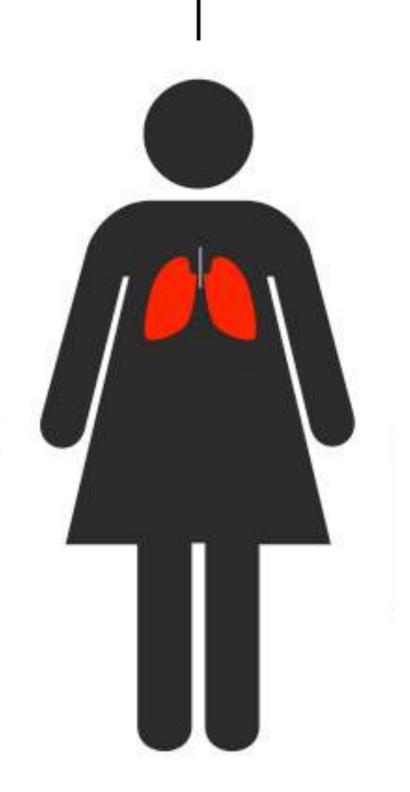


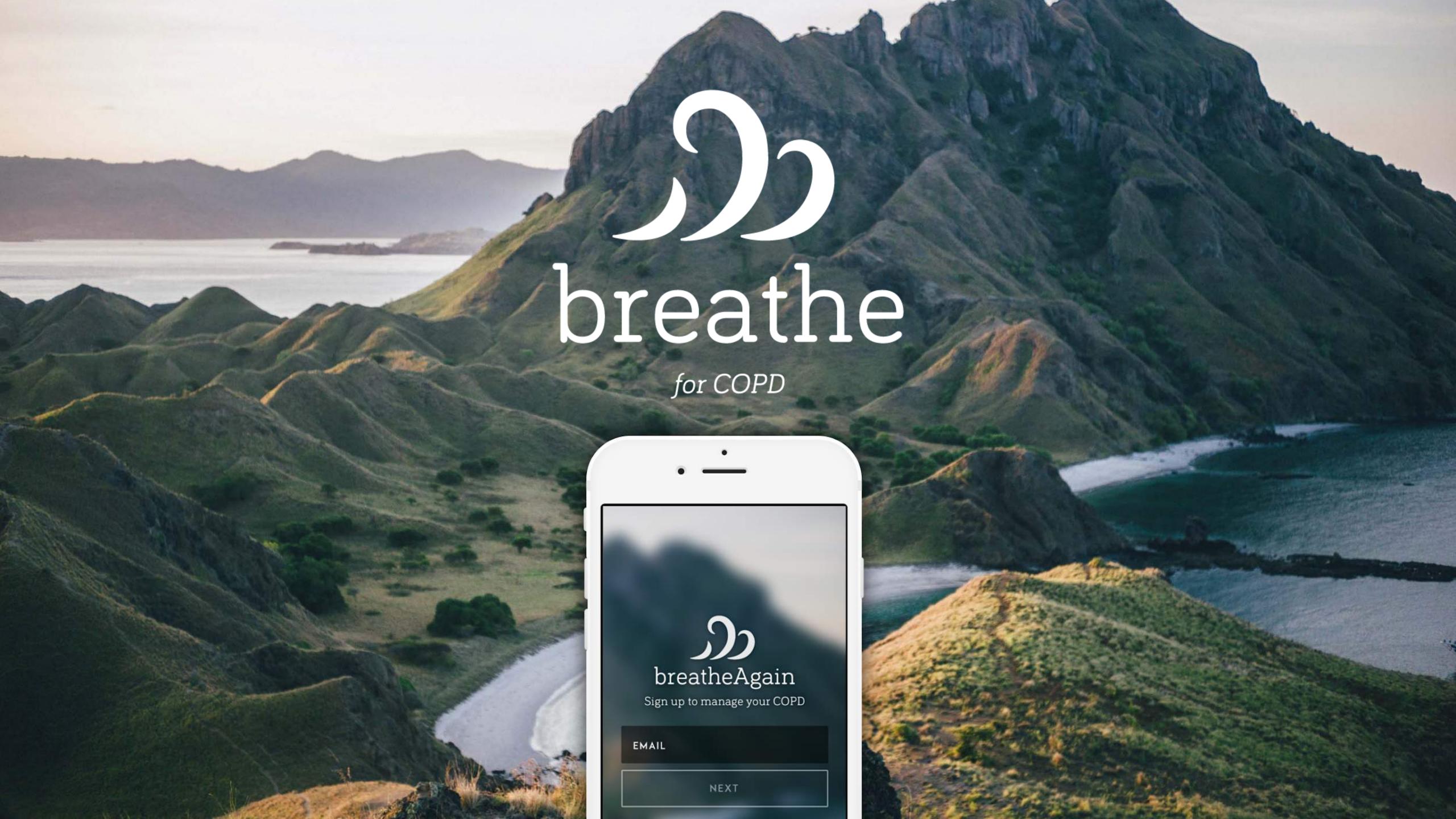


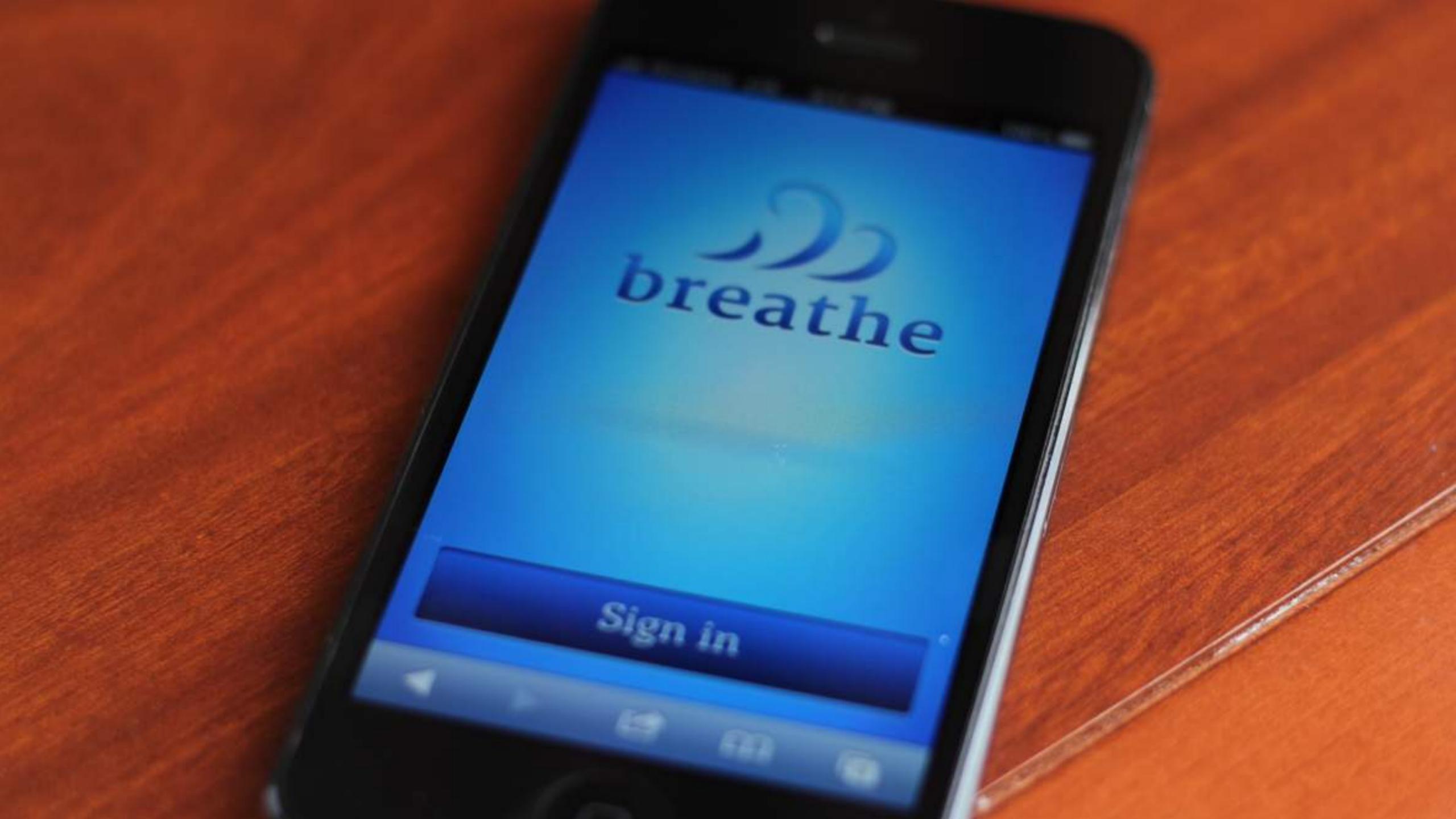
CONVENTIONAL 1 25 to 100

imedly 0; 1 300

LUNG DISEASE





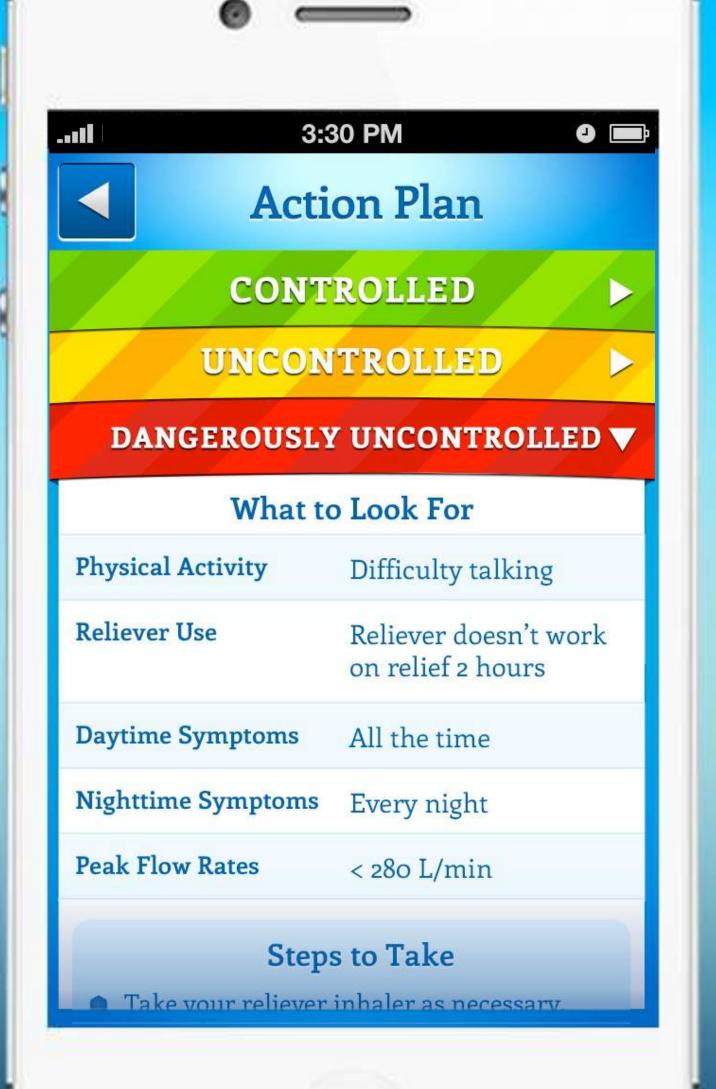


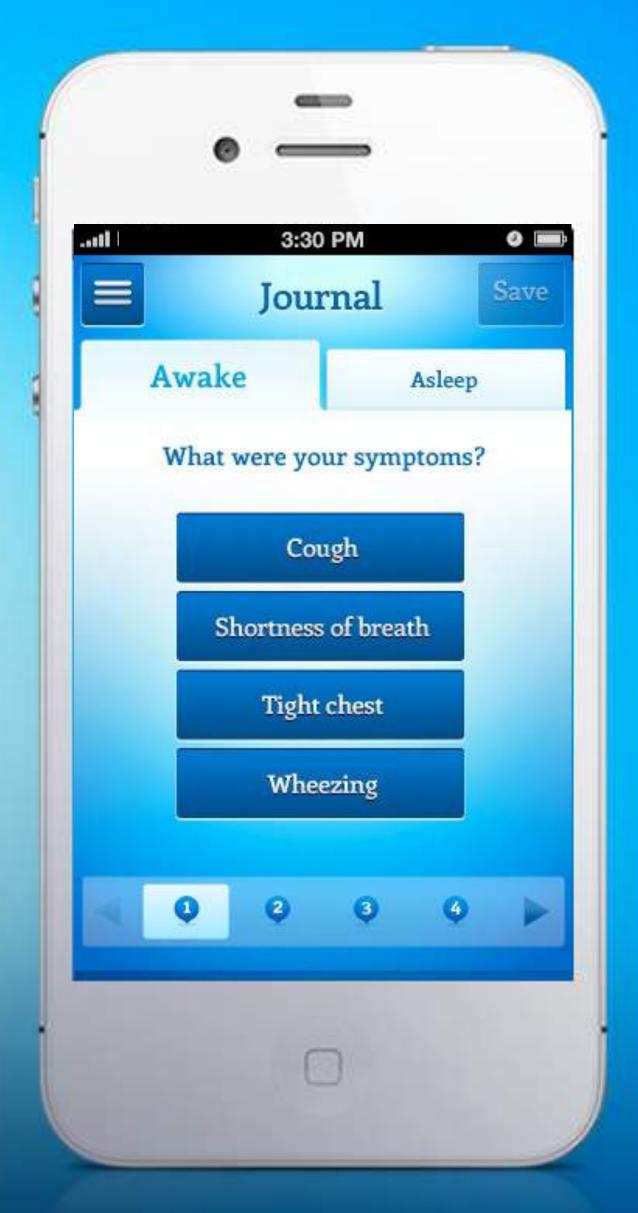
What is your asthma control zone?

For each item below think about the statement that most closely reflects what you are currently experiencing.

Step 1	What to Look for	CONTROLLED	UNCONTROLLED	DANGEROUSLY UNCONTROLLED ASTHMA
	Physical activity	Normal	Some interruption with activities	Difficulty talking
	*Reliever use	Less than 4 times / week	4 or more times / week	Reliever inhaler doesn't work as usual OR Relief lasts less than 2 hours
	Day time symptoms: may include: cough, difficulty breathing, wheeze	Less than 4 days / week	4 or more days / week	All the time
	Night time symptoms: may include: cough, difficulty breathing, wheeze	Less than 1 night / week	1 or more nights / week	Everynight
	Peak Flow Rates (optional)	Greater than	Between and	Less than
Step 2	What is my level of asthma control?	If all checks are in the green column, your asthma is under control (Green Zone).	If you have any checks in the yellow column and zero checks in the red column, your asthma is uncontrolled and in the Yellow Zone.	If you have any checks in the red column, your asthma is dangerously uncontrolled (Red Alert Zone).
Step 3	Steps to Take	Follow your current plan.	Make an appointment to see your doctor Follow the steps below:	Seek Immediate Medical Assistance Go to your nearest emergency room Call 911 Take your reliever inhaler as necessary. May take every 10 - 20 minutes on way to the hospital or as recommended by your doctor.
			Continue this treatment for days. If asthma is not improving within days see your doctor.	









Goal

Build capacity for patient to take appropriate action when they feel unwell



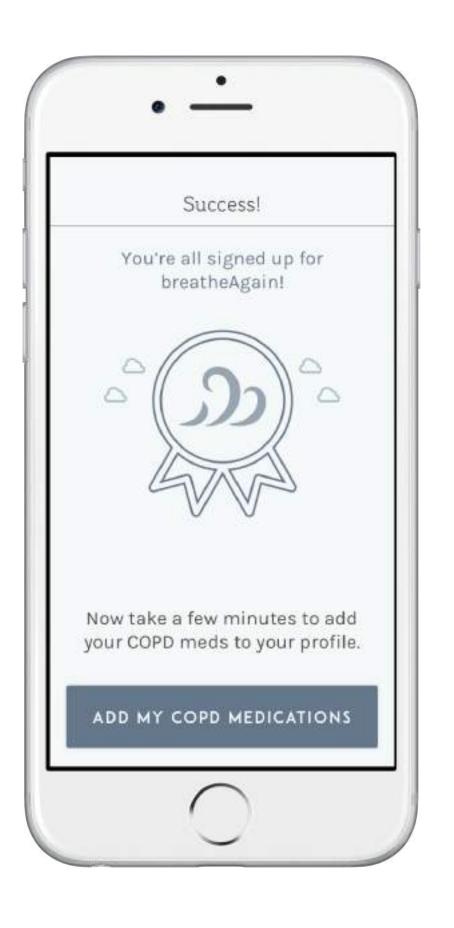
How?

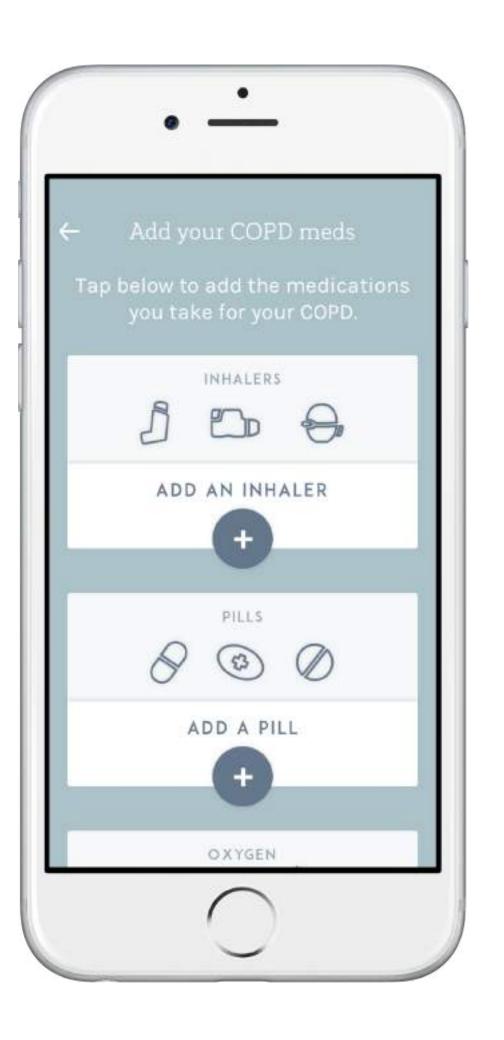
We use a chatbot to:

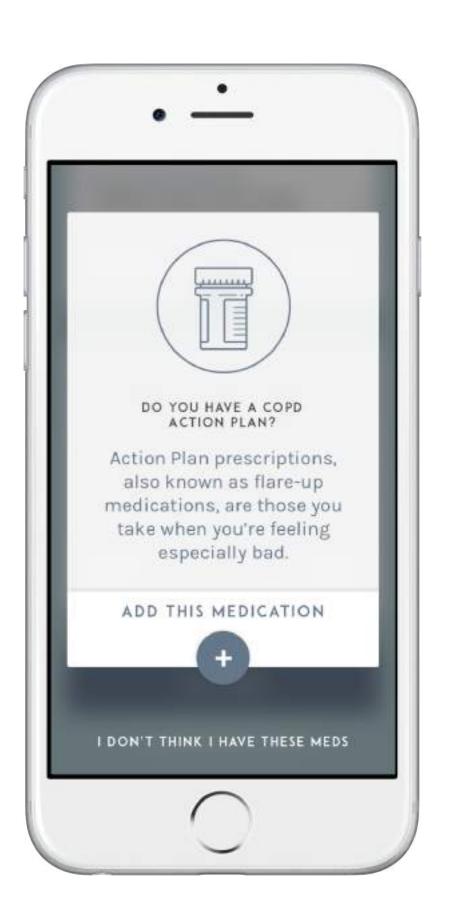
- Teach patients to recognize their flare-ups by identifying their early symptoms
- Self-manage their flare-ups through use of their existing action plan, developed with their healthcare provider

1

Step 1: Onboard & capture medications / action plan



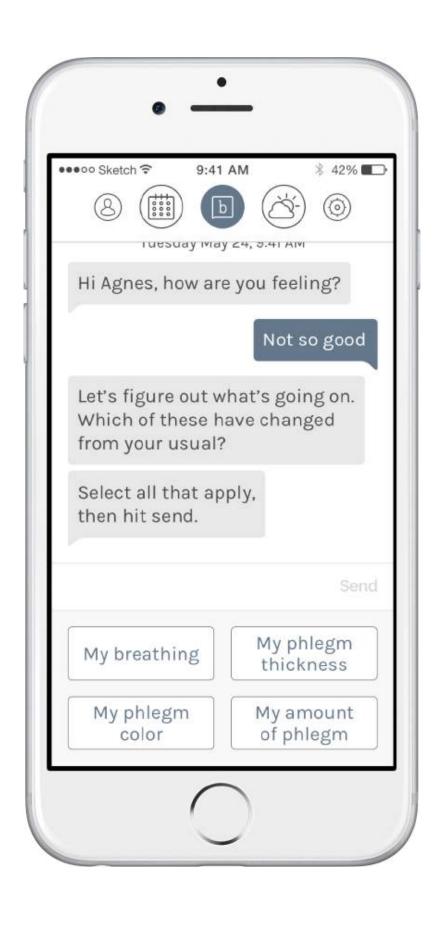


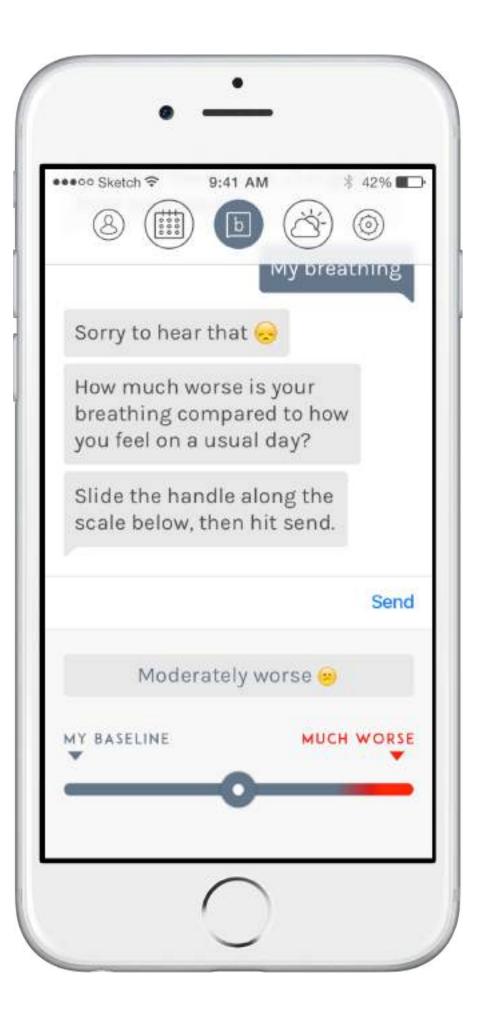


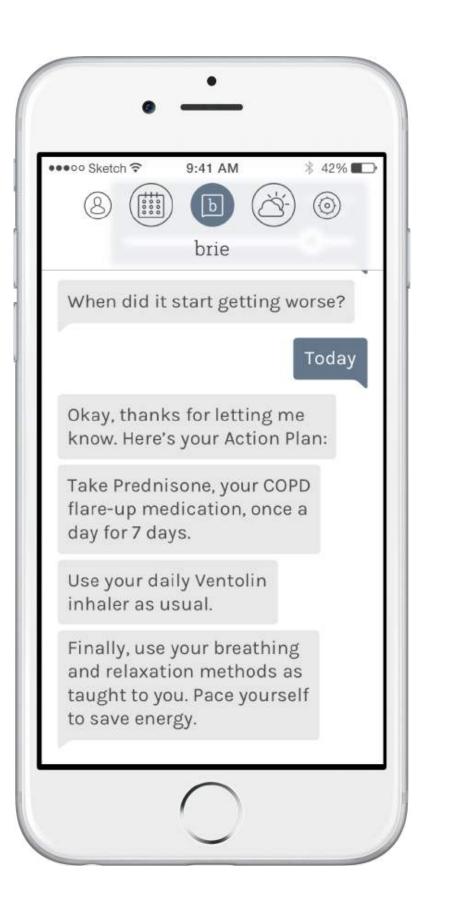




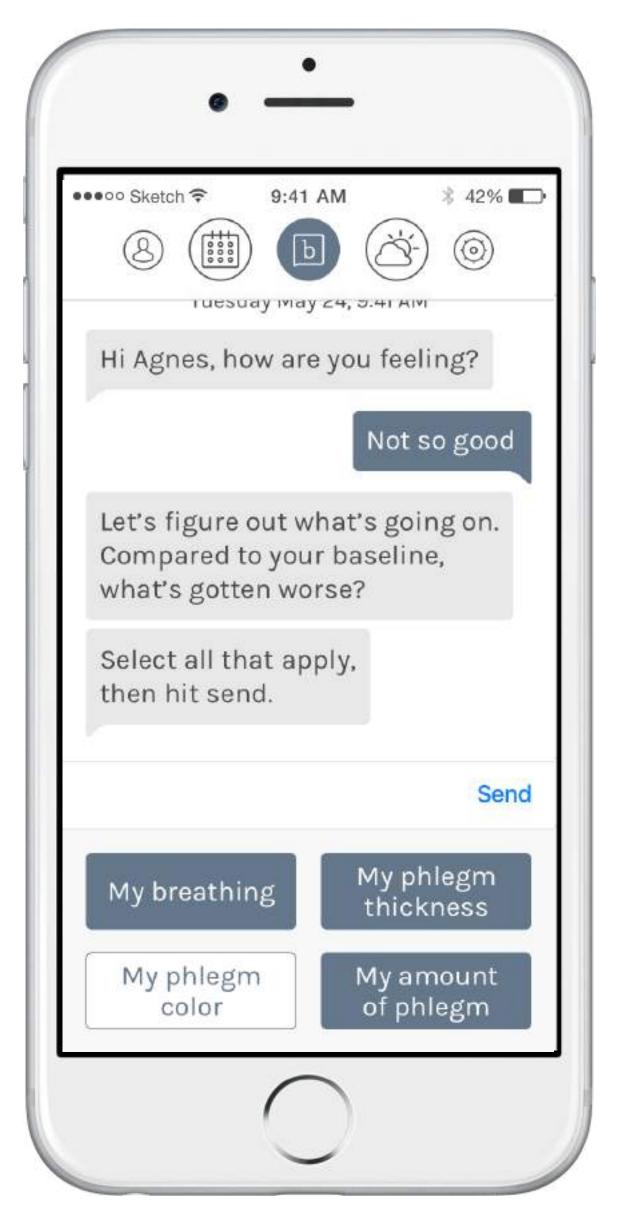
Step 2: Report symptoms & detect exacerbation

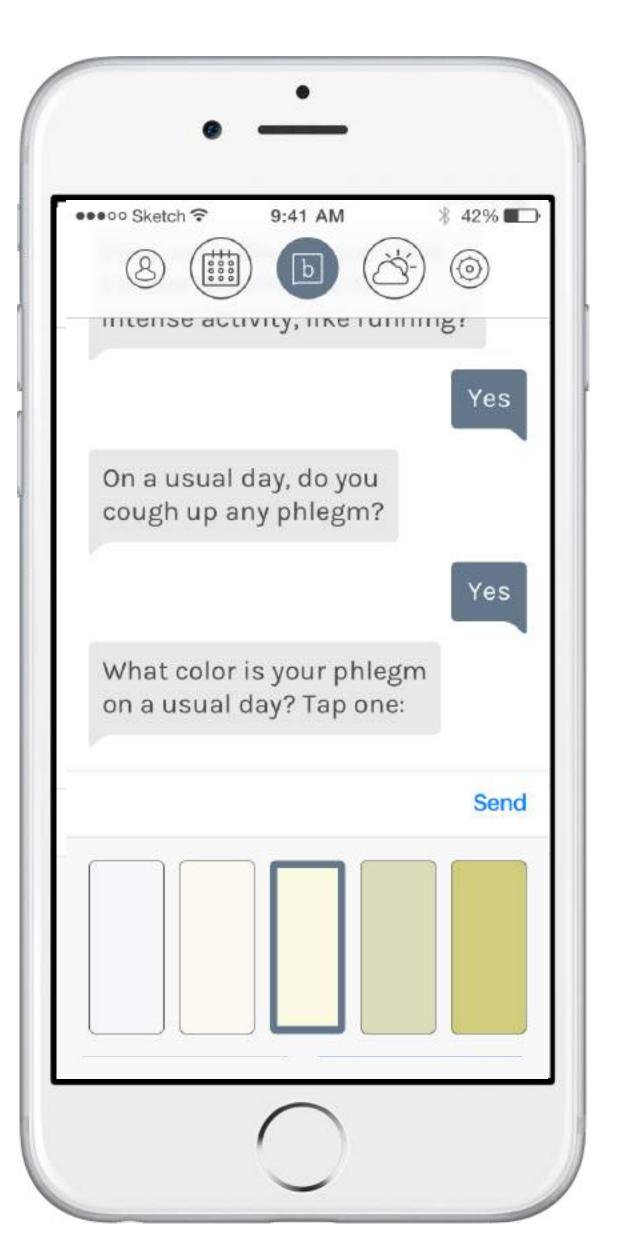


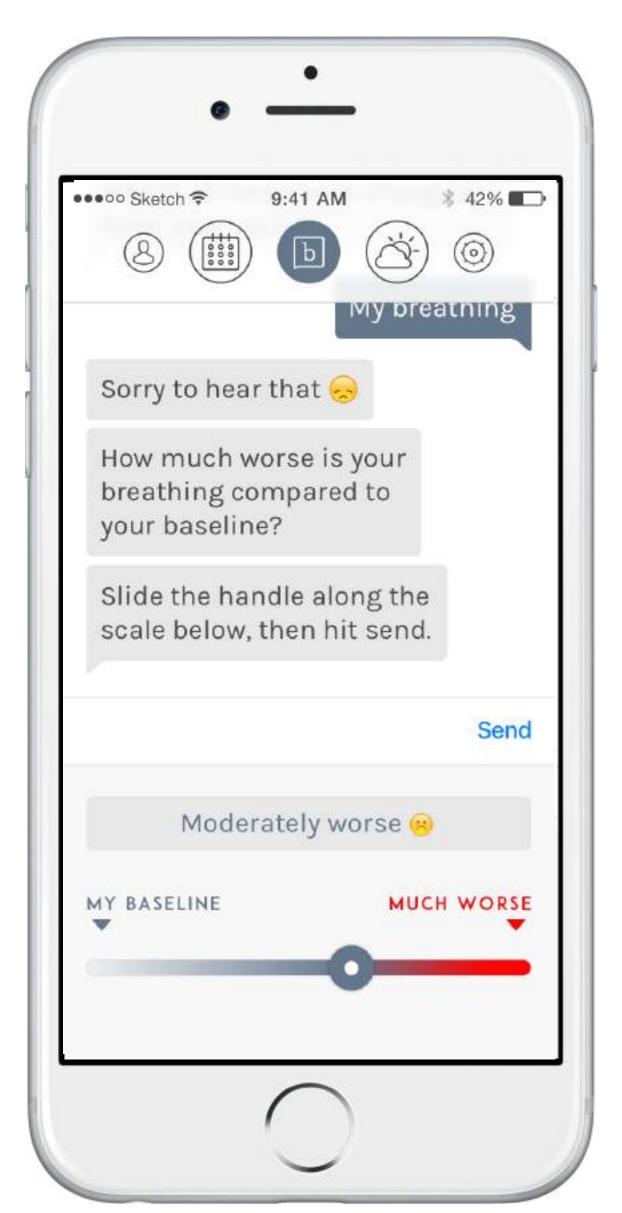


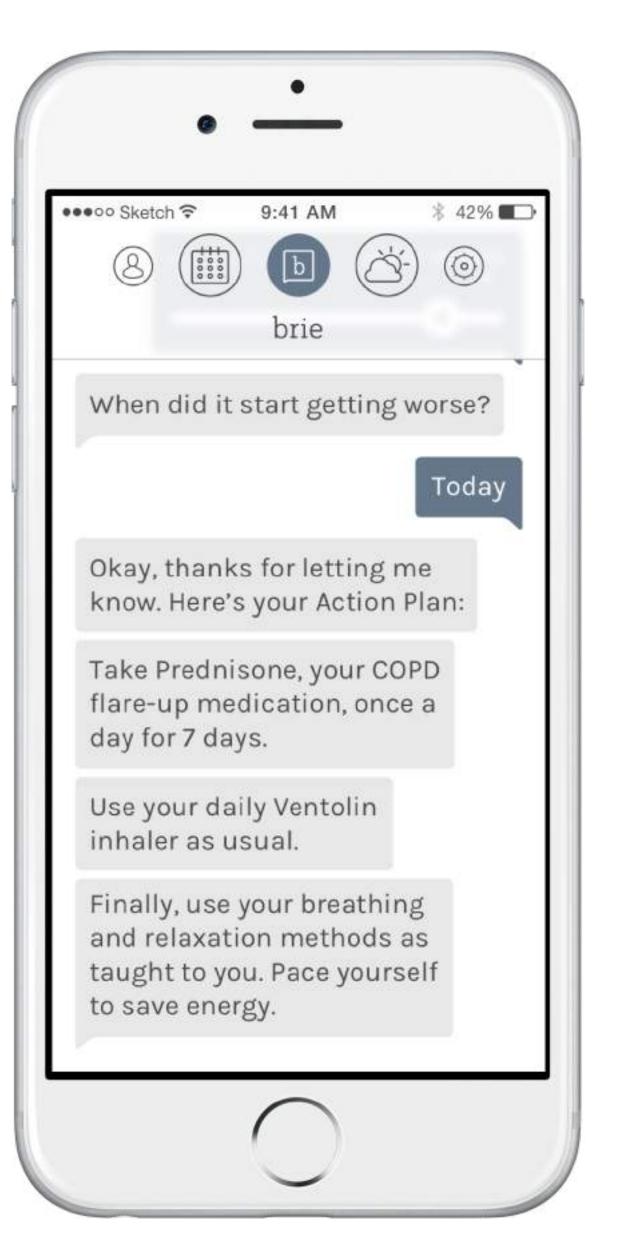








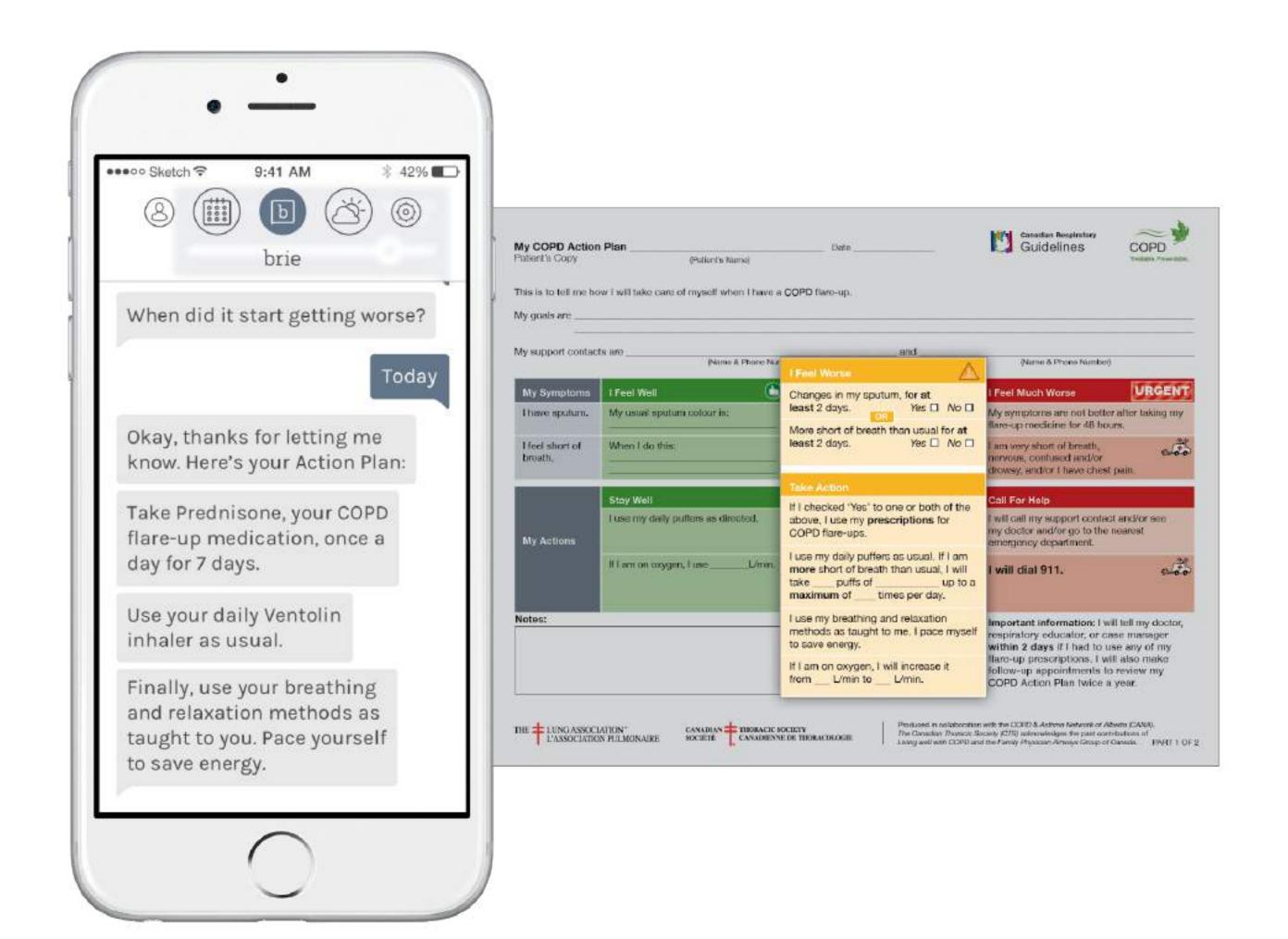




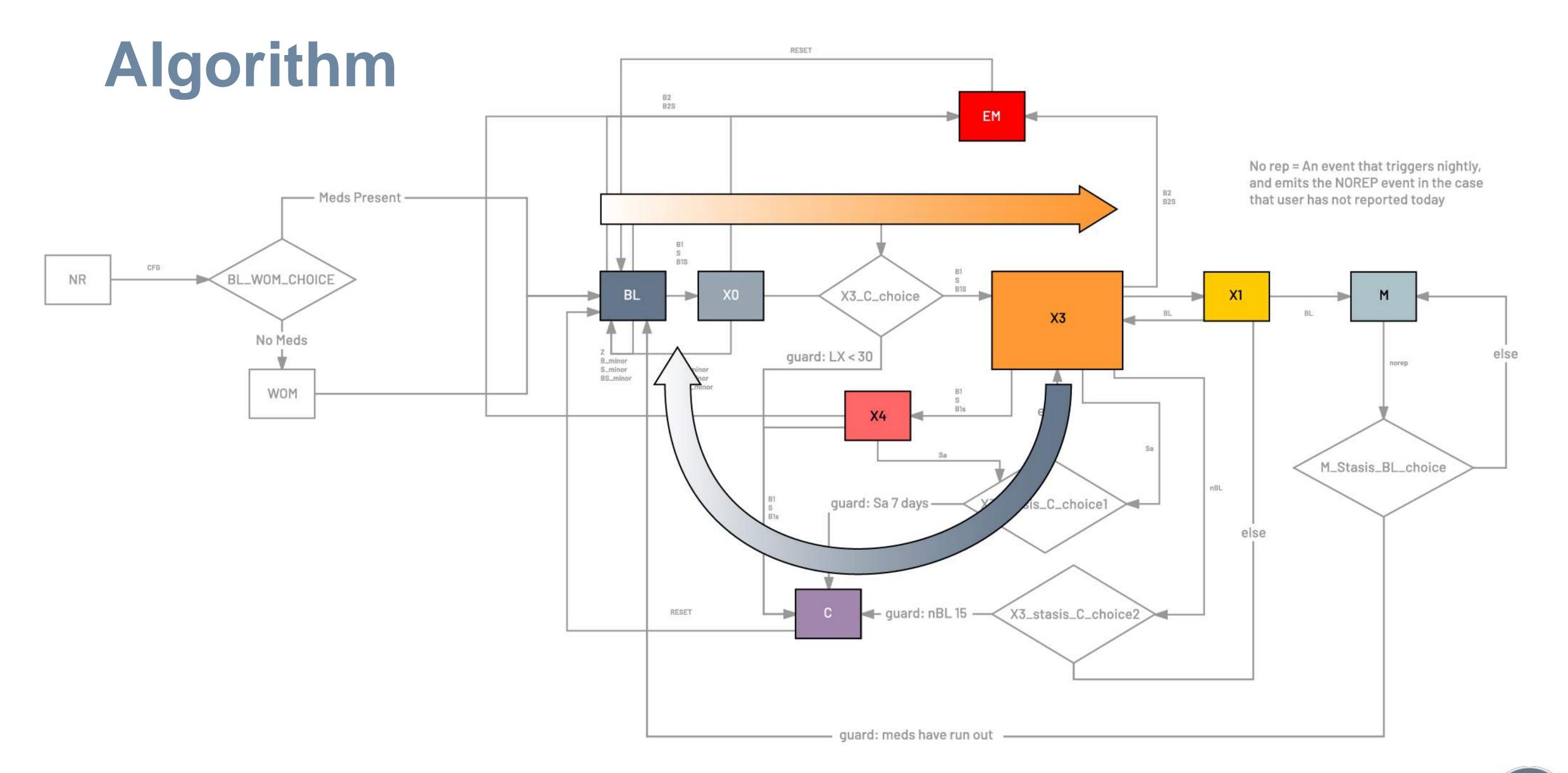
Multiple selections Colours Severity Action Plan



Step 3: Deliver personalized CTS action plan







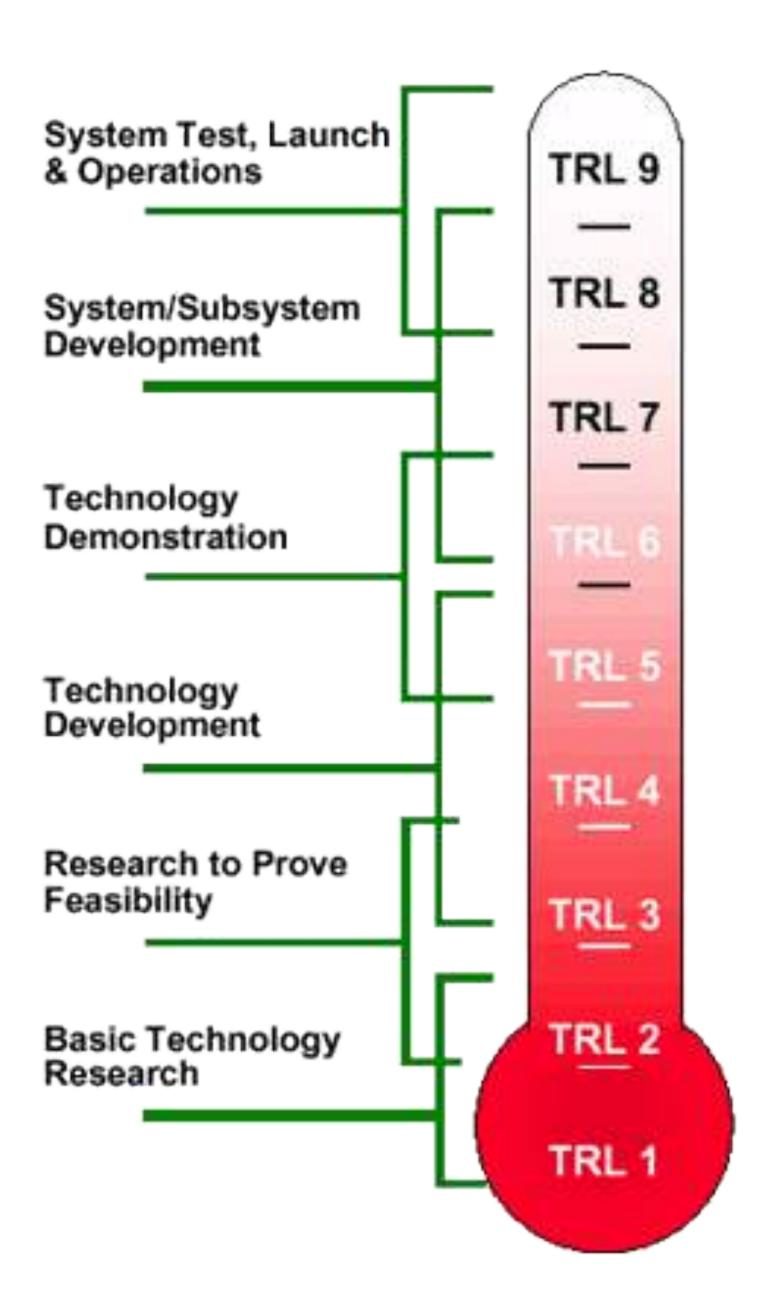
Why do good products FAIL?

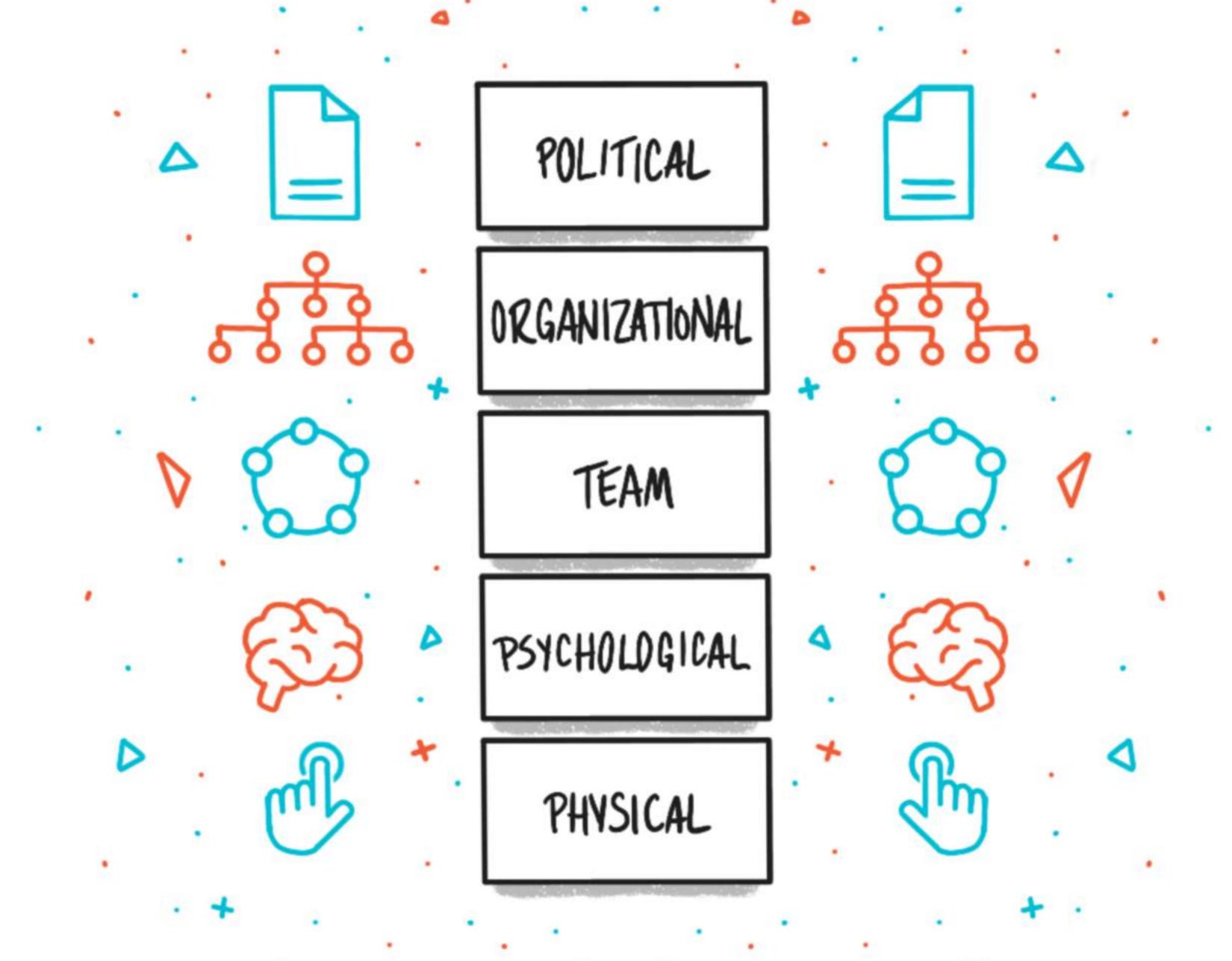




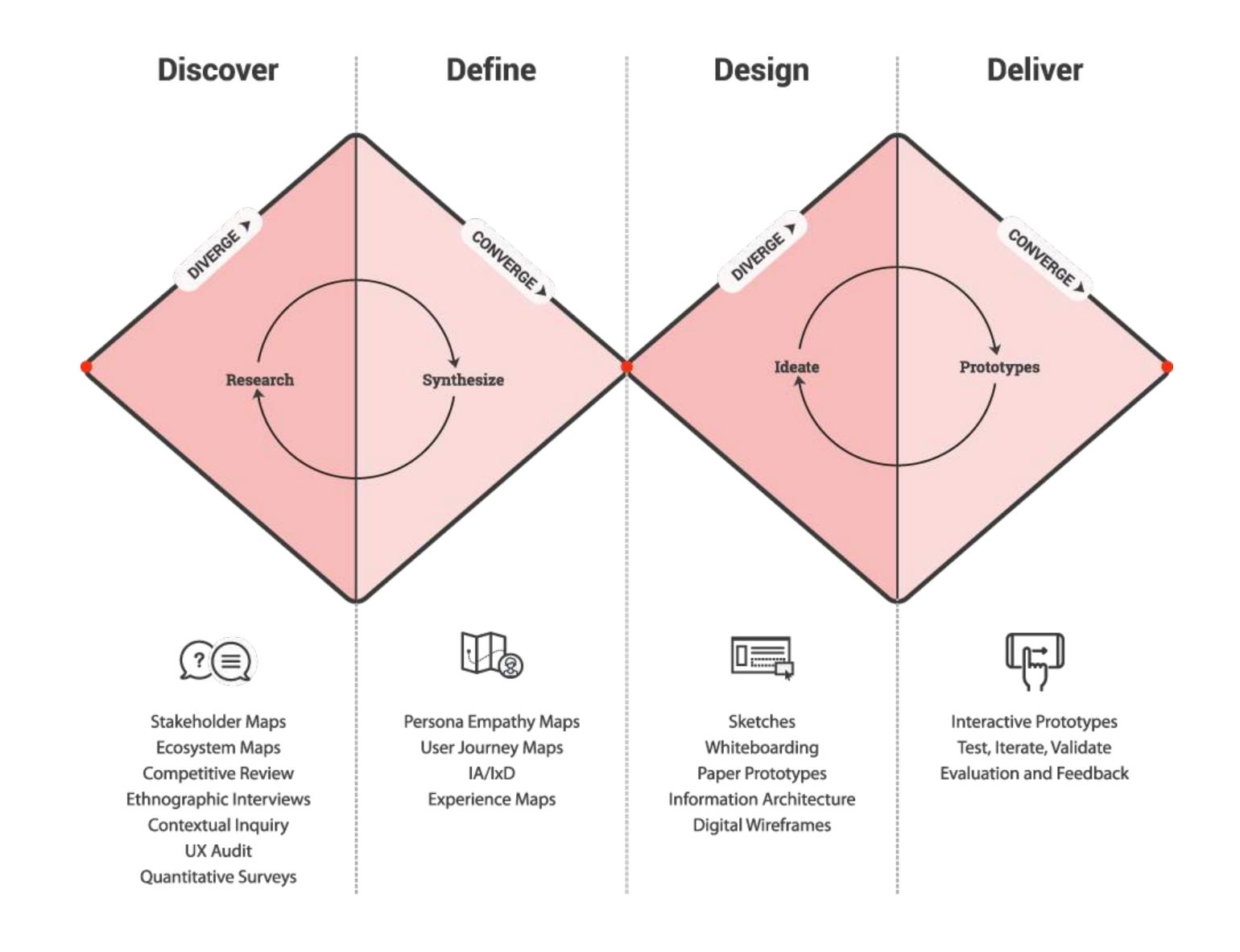




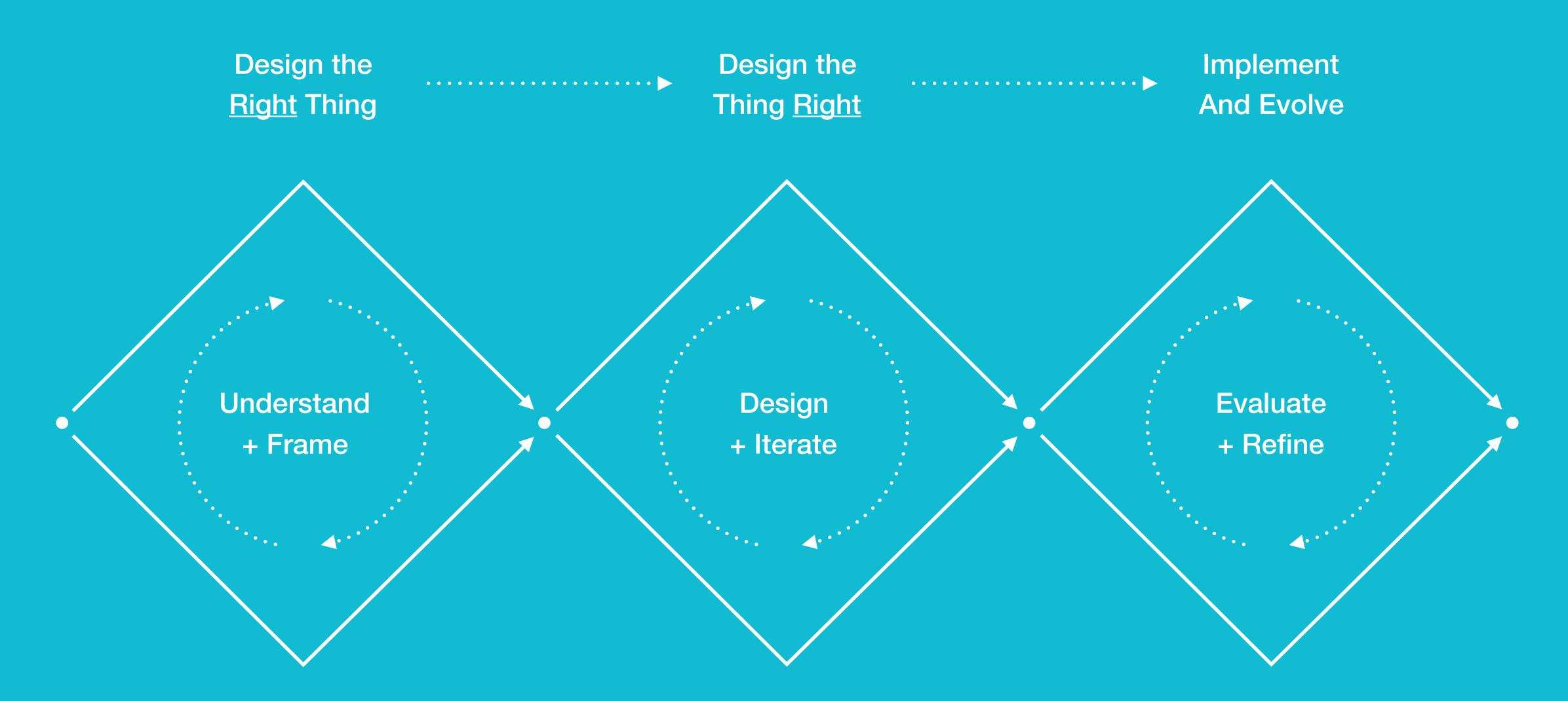


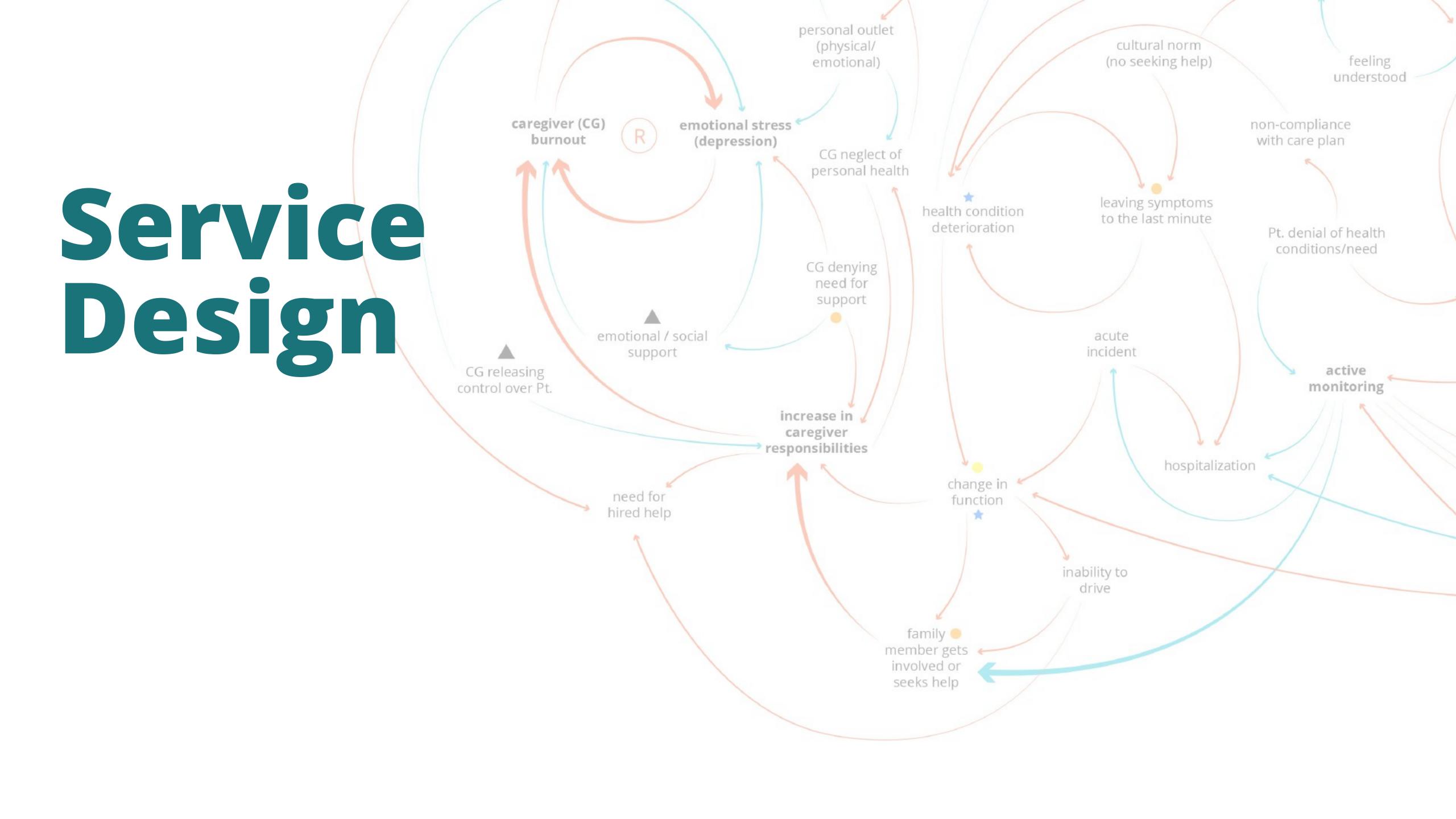


Double Diamond Design Model



Our Design Process





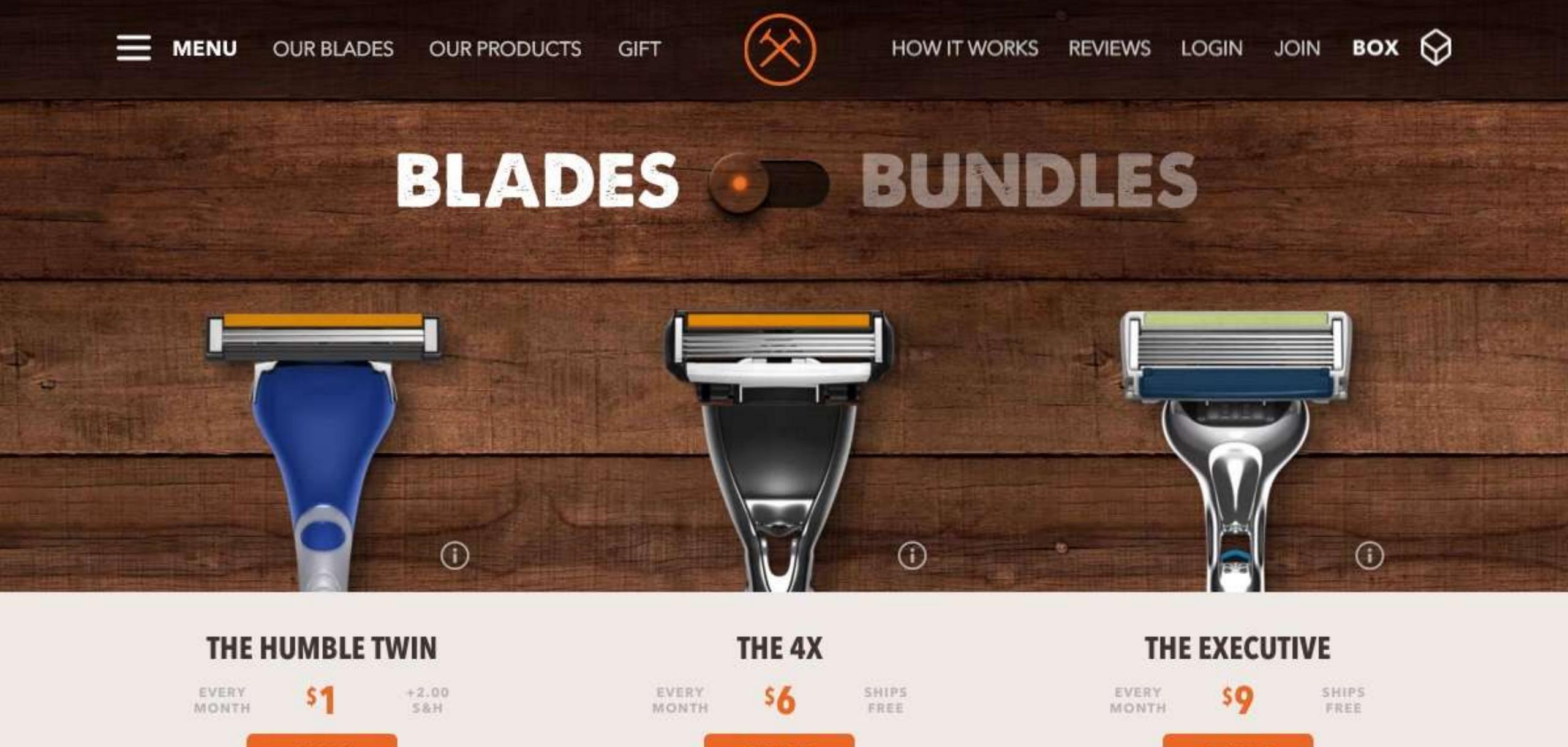
Product

Service









SELECT

A great basic shaver, for guys who dig simplicity and precision. SELECT

Member favorite – a gentle shave in a single stroke.

SELECT

The final frontier - it's like a personal assistant for your face.



THE SMARTER WAY, DELIVERED.

You'll never look back.

PRODUCT

SERVICE





PRODUCT

SERVICE

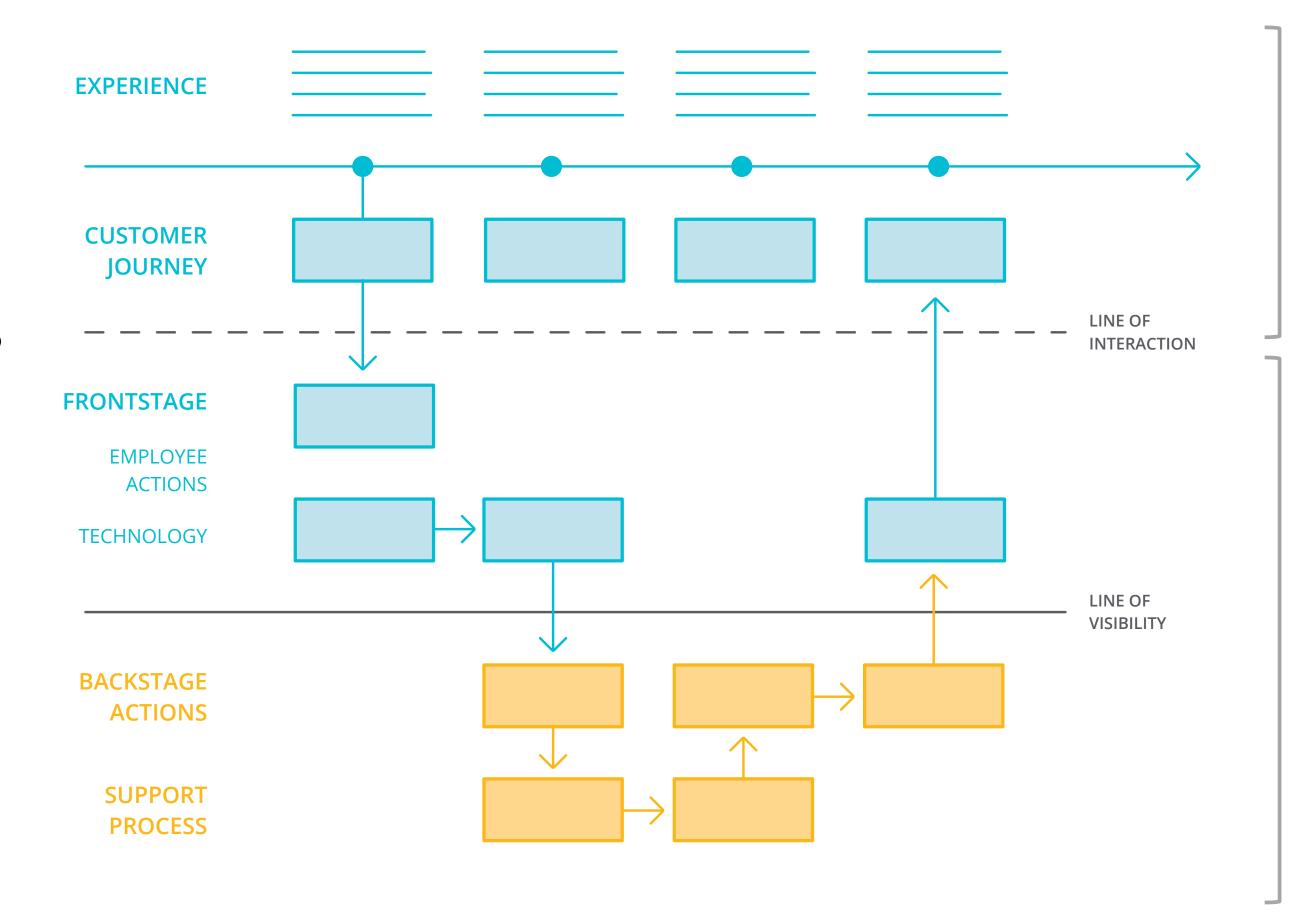


PRODUCT
tangible +
consumable

SERVICE intangible + lasting + non-ownership

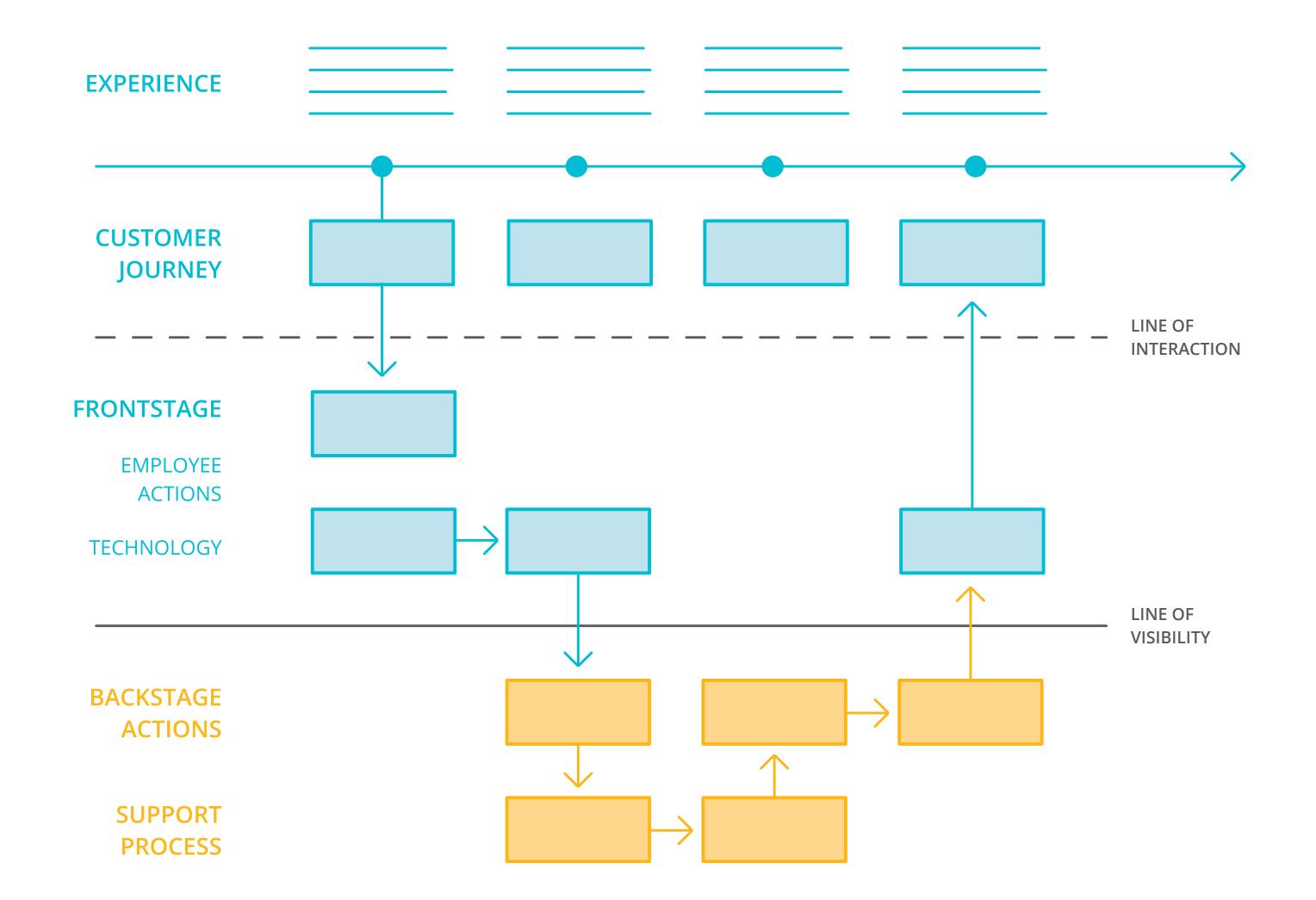
What is Service Design?

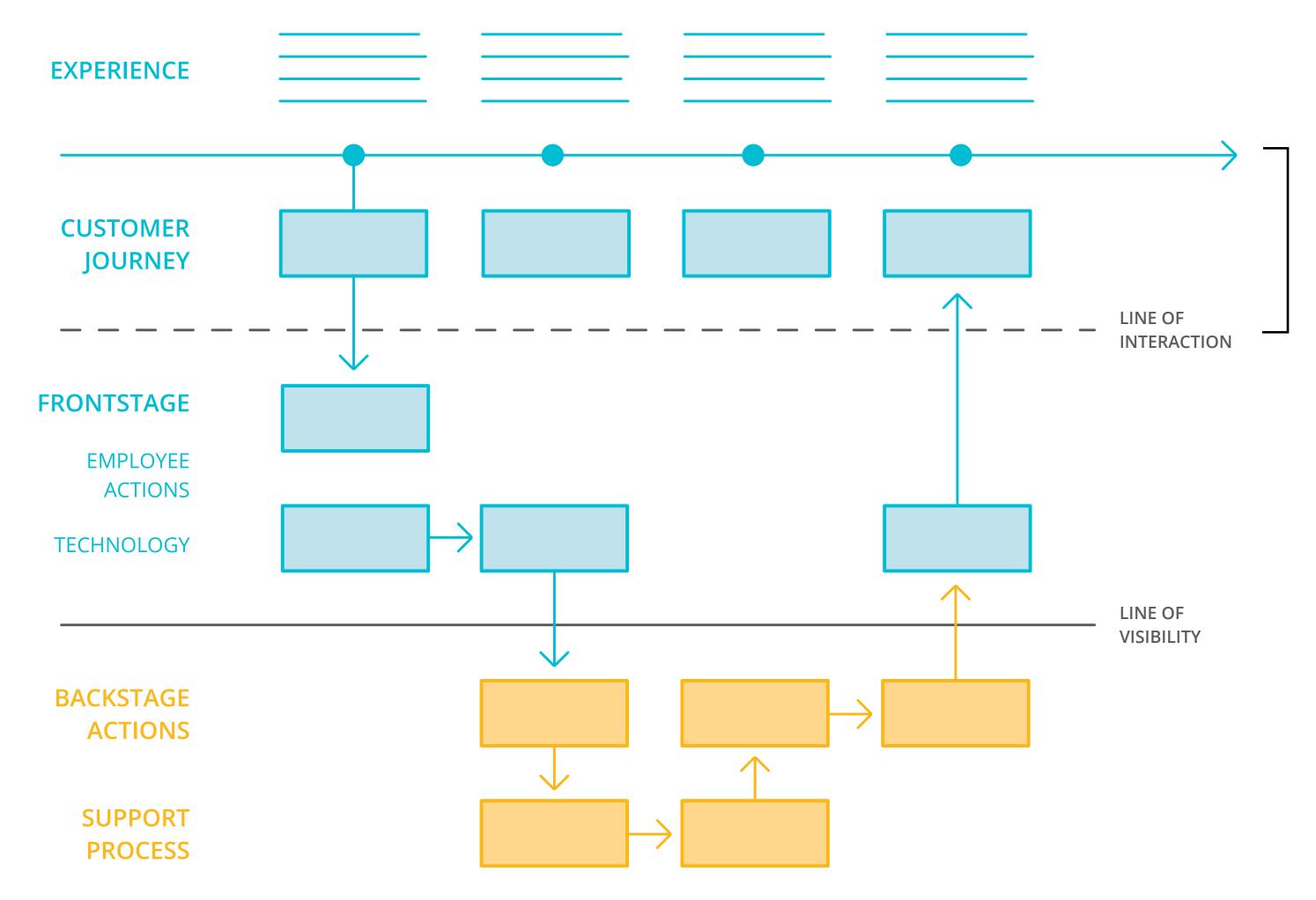
The designing, aligning, and optimizing of an organization's operations to improve the experiences of the people for whom an organization serves.



Improving the experience of your customers

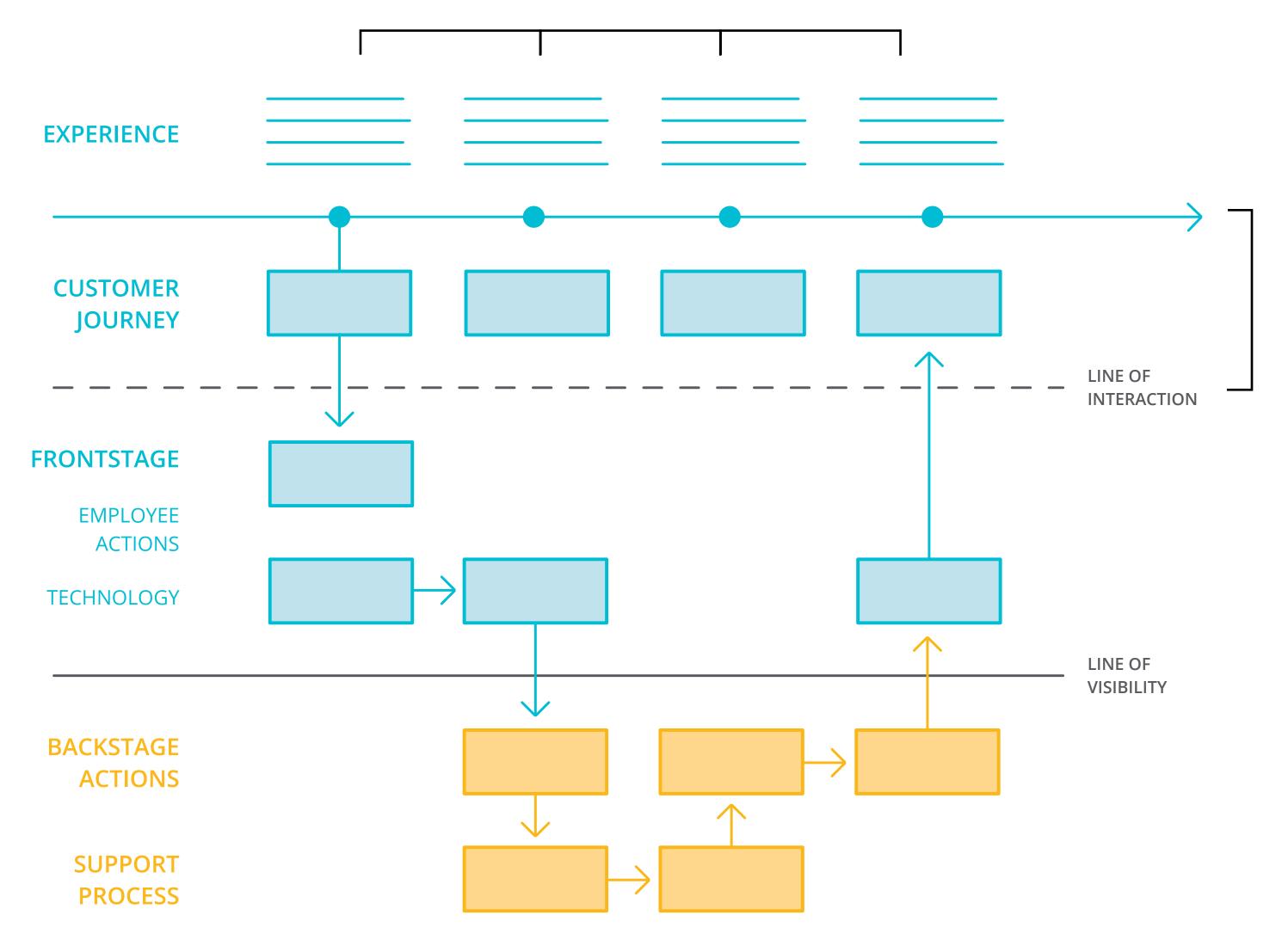
Optimizing the organization's operations to deliver the ideal customer experience





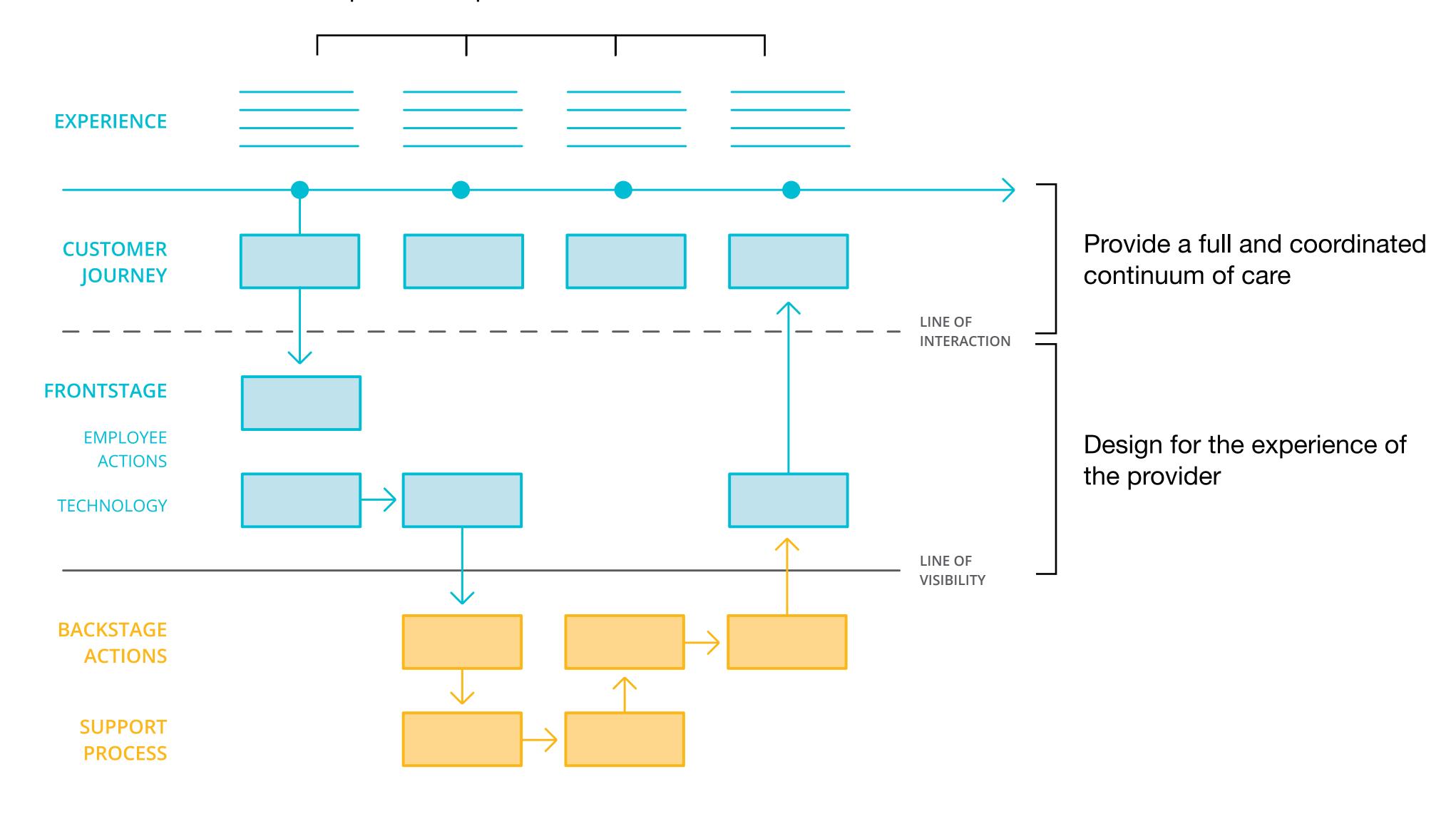
Provide a full and coordinated continuum of care

Ensure patients experience seamless transitions

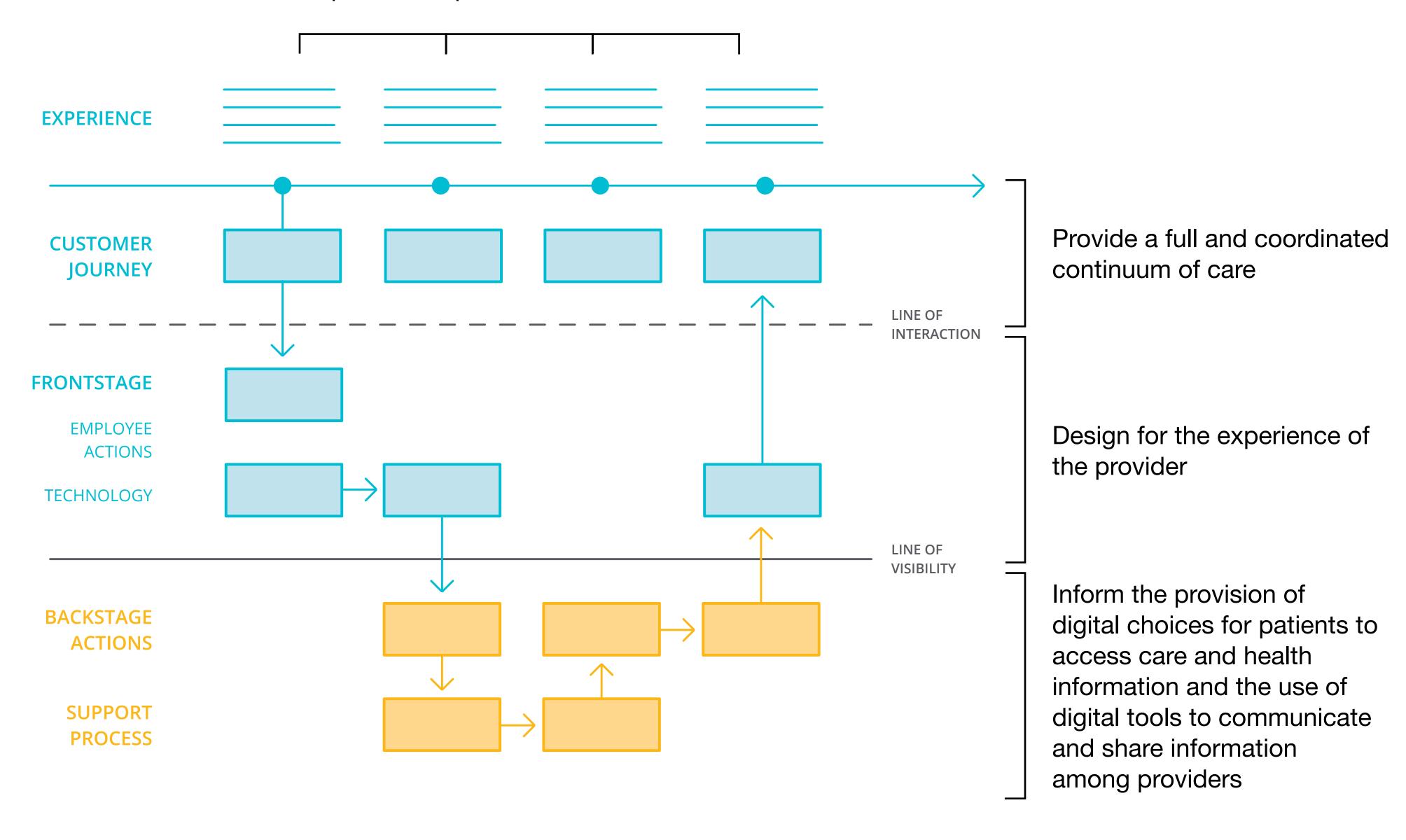


Provide a full and coordinated continuum of care

Ensure patients experience seamless transitions



Ensure patients experience seamless transitions



Case Study



50% of HF Patients are Readmitted in 6 Months

How might we modify the existing HF service to:

- reduce readmission rates
- · improve patient experience
- work with existing workflows
- · reduce costs (increase patient:nurse)







Service Blueprinting

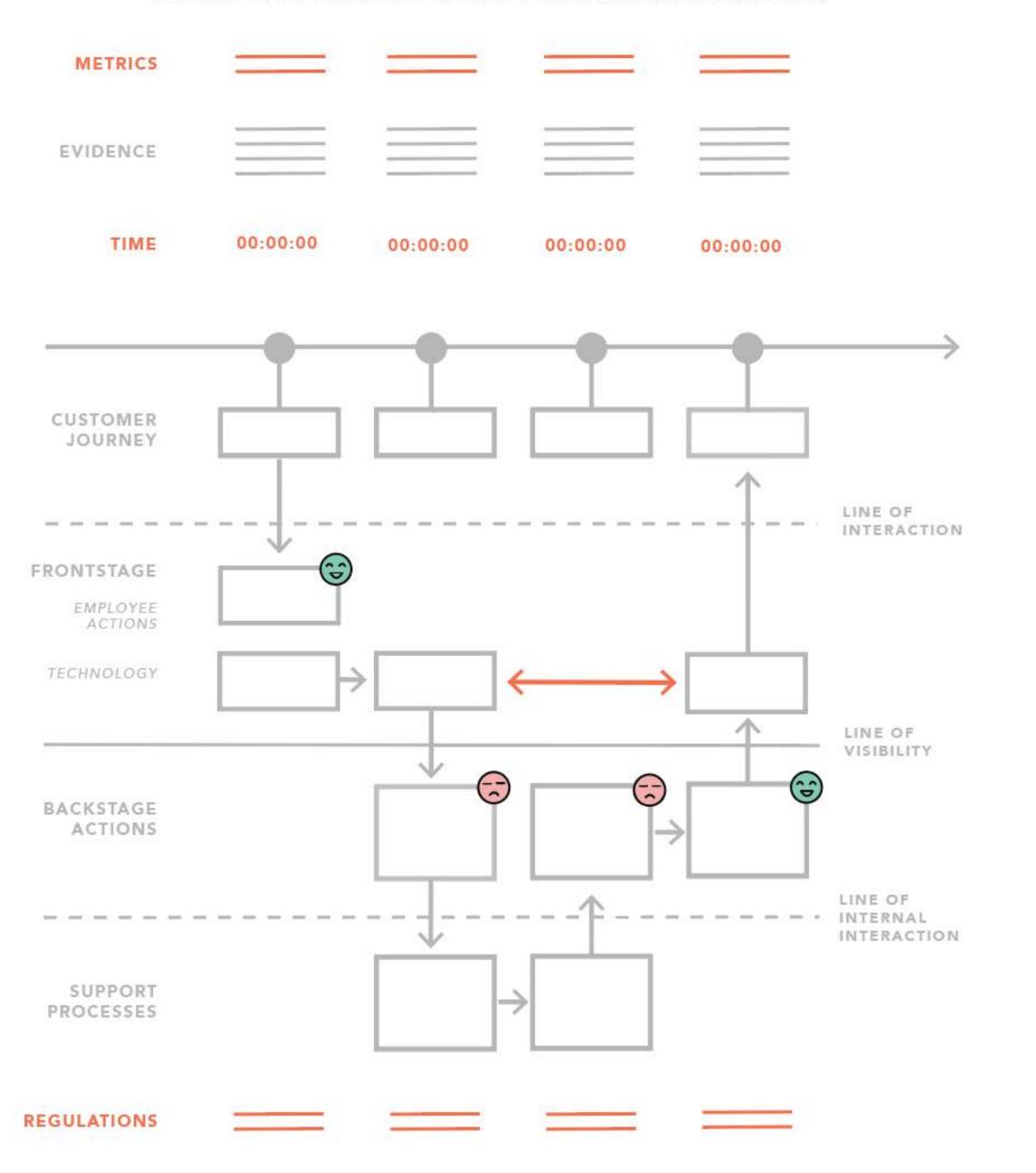
Service Blueprinting

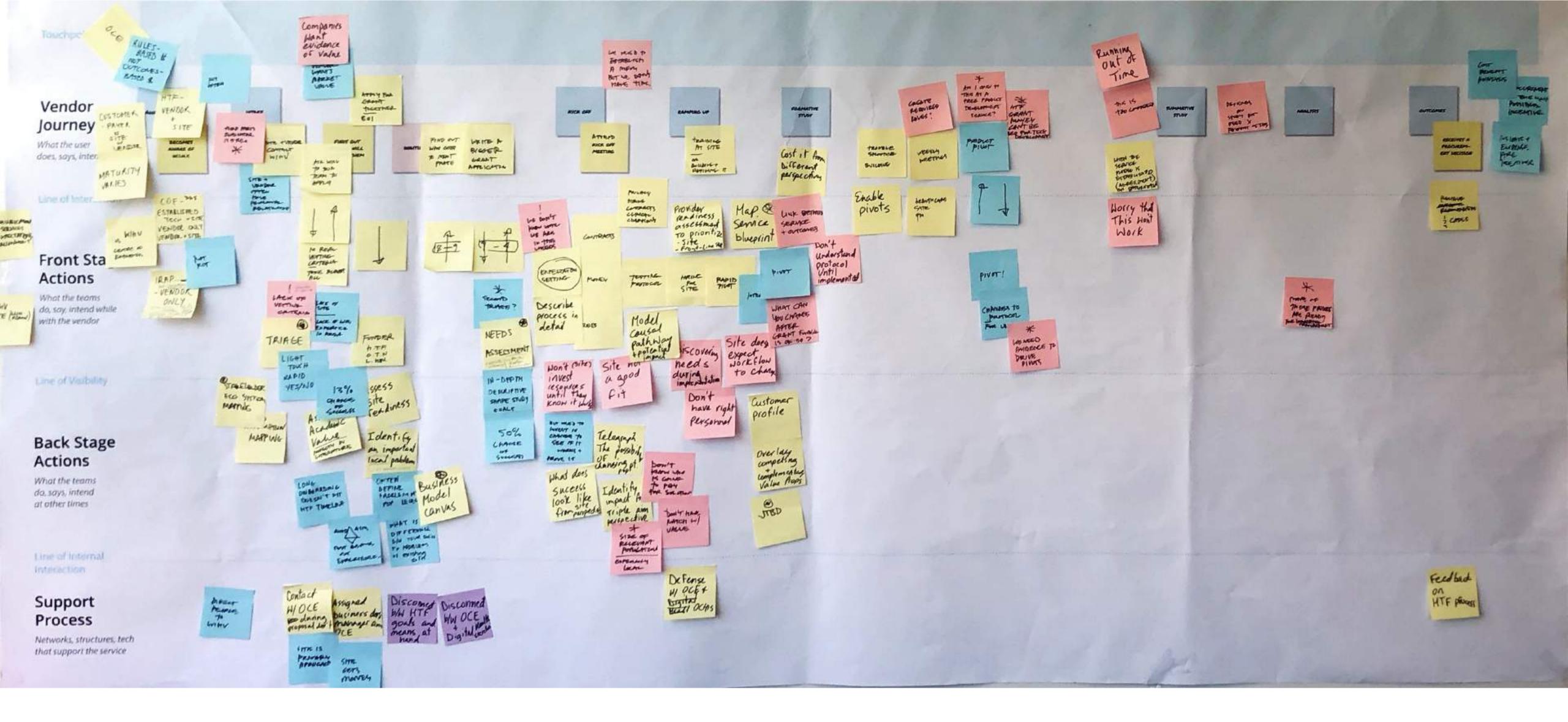
- 1. Common understanding of the patient journey and the service that supports it
- 2. Find gaps in understanding
- 3. Identify pain-points
- 4. Launch pad for ideation

Service Blueprinting Workshop

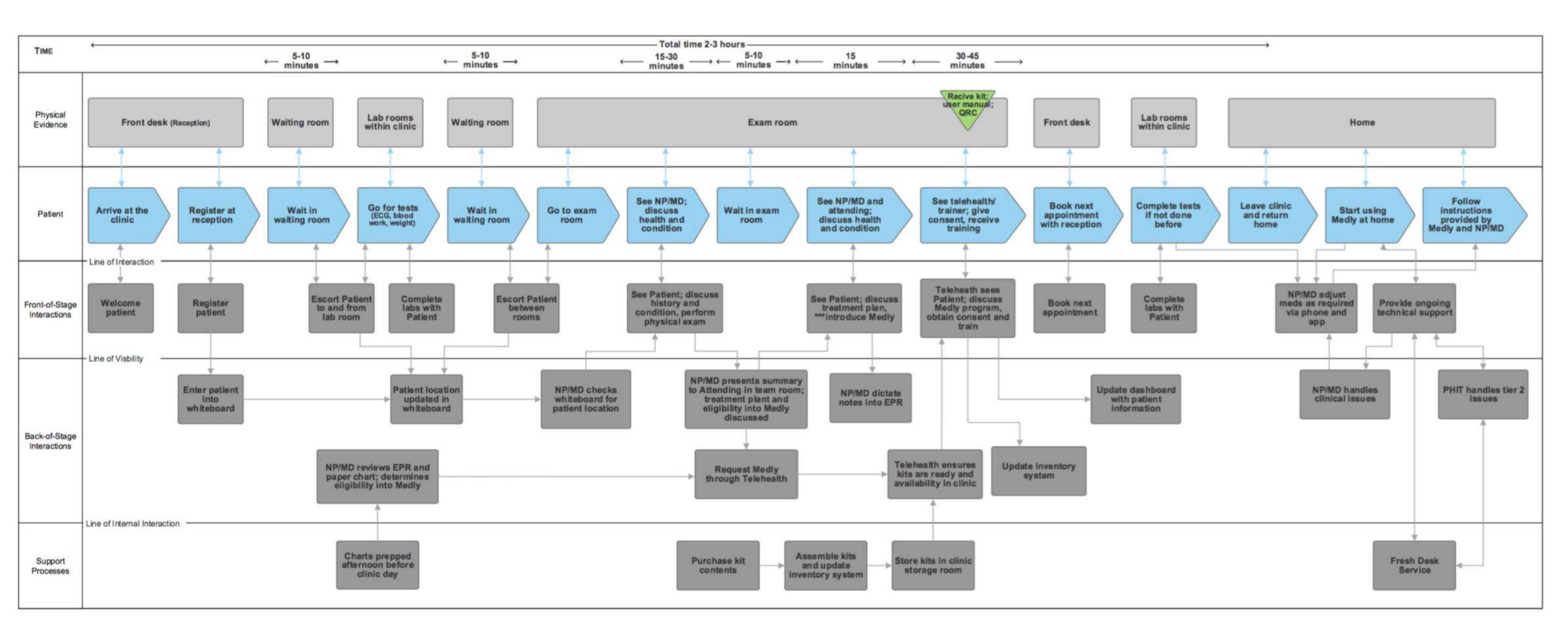
Pair-up: blue-print the first 3 phases of going to the ED / family doc. Focus on patient journey, front-stage, & technology.

SERVICE BLUEPRINT Additional Elements



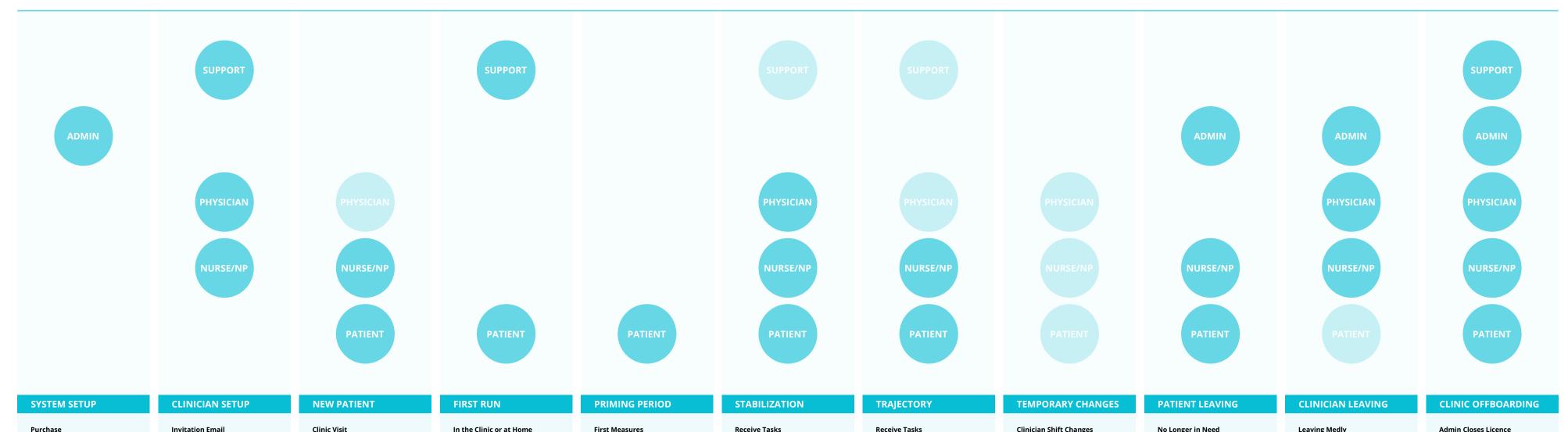


Workshop



Synthesizing

Service Overview



Purchase a licence online by

entering a licencee name and billing address and shipping address.

Chose the e-mail of the people who will have admin priveledges (don't worry, you can chose more later if you want).

Welcome E-mail

At the end of the flow you receive a welcome email with an attached receipt PDF.

Registration

Follow the link from your welcome e-mail to register the first user account on the dashboard system.

Enter the user information for this

account in the portal. **Create New Clinic**

Name the clinic and add in required information about location and contact.

Integrations

Licencees may want integrations with systems like LDAP. Any UI related to OLIS, EMR, etc. could fit here if necessary.

Clinicians & Admins (Batch)

Generate invites for any clinicians that need to use the system and chose who should share in the admin priveleges

Clinicains can be added to care teams in order to organize the enough.

Patients (Batch)

If a large batch of patients need to be added to the system because an existing clinic is putting many patients on Medly they can be added now.

Invitation Email The clinician receives an invitation e-mail from the admin that added

Registration

Following the link from their email the clinician enteres their information to set up their account on the portal.

This process may be simplified if the licencee has an account integration system like LDAP.

Confirm your identity and set a password if your licence does not have password integration.

View your clinics or add yourself to the clinics on the license that you are a part of.

Clinic performance should be

visible or have empty states. Care Model (Onboarding)

What are the bands of patient management that exist in the app?

What actions to they create for patients, what leads to alerts and how are the thresholds able to be

Care Teams

Who is on your care team or empty state prompting you to create a team of the people you work with.

What patients do you already have. Or empty state to add or take on existing patients if needed.

High risk patients can be flagged to be easily browsable by clinicians or to alert at more sensitive levels.

App Setup Scan the screen code to visit the App Store or Google Play Store and download the wrapped app for your phone.

Clinic Visit Patient comes in for an appointment usualy involving tests and discussion about the arc of

Identification &

their illness.

The patient seems to be a good fit for Medly because they are at risk of an accute event, are remote. have a large bandwidth of data to share with their clinician, would benefit from self-monitoring, or all

of the above. Introducing Medly The clinician informs the patient that there is a system in use that can help with managing their

condition in general or a fixed time

Notifies NP The clinician asks the NP to onboard a new patient and discusses the safe thresholds based on their situation.

Informed Consent

period such as titration.

The NP fills the patient in on what they will be using Medly for and answers any questions. If the patient provides consent they move forward. Patient questions and reasons for refusing Medly could be valuable to the Medly

Creates New Patient

The NP fills out the 'New Patient' workflow in Dashboard with the patient info and ranges. The form can be printed or pushed to EMR if documentation is needed for the patient's file.

Provides Onboarding Matl. The NP provides the print

materials and any hardware kit that helps the patient understand

In the Clinic or at Home The Patient might download the app while with a nurse or disease educator if they are curious or unconfident with setting up.

Other patients may opt to go home because they are confident or because they (or their Clinicians) are pressed for time and space.

First Run Flow

The first time the user opens the app they will read through the information about the value prop, integrations and taking good

They may even want to enter their first readings in the clinic. The nurse should be able to provide them with their first measures from in the clinic to test manual

entry. Maybe these are written

down on the print materials for

sets up the equipment and goes

through a first run on the device.

(priming) in case they are using a

This usage should accomodate

in clinic.

clinic scale.

them if we want everyone to set up

Baseline Formed

readings will form some kind of baleline with a range of deviation. The system will indicate that the priming period is complete and the patient will use Medly as normal from now on.

Return to Priming

on a trip or is admitted they might have to prime again. What could this look like?

The patient takes their first measures and needs to be informed if they are in a priming period about what that means and how long it will last.

In Range

First Measures

In range values are fine, but we might want to tell users that their values look good and priming will end soon.

Out of Range

Out of range values need the caviate that they might be caused by changes in scales or by changes in the user's health. Priming will end when values converge.

What kind of notifications need to be created during a priming period? At the end of the priming period is there a notification? Is there a list of priming patients? How long does priming last? Or is it about convergence? What if the patient is unstable? Is it safe?

At some point the patient's

If a patient changes scales, goes

Every morning the unstable patient receives tasks. Perhaps they are being titrated onto new meds like Lasix or Insulin. At this time the relationship between the meds and their biometrics is not clear.

Complete Readings When the patient completes their

readings they are transmitted to the clinicians in their care team and the clinicians are allerted if something seems out fo the ordinary.

Alerts Generated

The patient is told what to do if they have readings that are out of the ordinary. Their clinician is sometimes alerted if they need to intervene or if it makes sense for them to follow up.

Critical Patients

The clinicians want to follow a small set of files more closely than others because they often have a set of patients that are either new to the practice, less stable, had a recent critical event, or have high risk factors that mean they need to be followed more closely.

Clinician Thought Process visits to the patient profile.

The Clinician is spending their time adjusting the meds and thresholds, looking at the corresponding change and seeing if this is balancing the patient out (CHF is a stable weight on diuretics, DB is often a stable blood glucose from before bed to waking up).

Patient Stable As patient's are titrated or the clinicain has found the right balance of meds and lifestyle related changes they can often go back to being managed normally.

This may mean they can be completely discharged to a more hands of practice or a GP. It may mean that they just go lower into the pile of folders for now.

Receive Tasks The patient receives tasks like they always have. We should consider if the day to day management for some diseases should look different from stabilization. Maybe over time the patient takes readings less often or has less of a need for adherance calls as they begin to self manage.

Provide Support

People who have trouble with their devices, the app or the surrounding service will need support. This applies to patients and clinicians. It is important to clarify the kinds of support we are willing to provide and where people can look for the support we are not willing to provide.

Maybe if the Patient calls the clinician for support that we provide they can flag in Dashboard that the Patient needs support. That way there is a single point of contact and the Clinicians act as a filter (however, this could create a

Clinician Initiated Changes Changes to the patient baselines or patient treatment plan involve

burden for the clincians if lots of

support is needed).

As natients come in for appointments the clinician may need a summary of their recent progress. The timeline for this summary could be adjustable.

Patient Initiated Changes

The patient might have a critical event or unrelated health scare that needs to be relayed to their doctor. Their lifestyle, meds or condition may change.

Clinician Shift Changes A clinician may have someone who is on call for them on weekends, while they are on vacation or working in the ward. In this situation they should be

able to hand their patients off transplant). to another clinician. If the other clinician initiates taking their patients temporarily they should be notified and be able to snooze

alerts for the duration.

Regular Shift Change If clinicians regularly switch shifts they should be able to just be on the same care teams and switch in and out, the geustion of snoozing alerts and who is responsible during a period of time becomes more of a challenge in this situation.

Patient Vacation

In general patients should be encouraged to continue participating in Medly while on vacation, but the difficulties of wifi, devices, battery power and the prospect of a bunch of adherance calls may make this unlikely in some situations.

Patients are notnotifying about vacation just because they don't want to take readings. They also may want their clinicians to know that they are travelling to avoid sending the impression that they

Critical Event or Admit

they may need time off Medly as changes to their treatment plan or their baselines may make them unstable at first or they may not be in a condition to deal witht he pressure of a service like this.

We should be conscious of the way the adherance calls opperate when a patient is admitted. Maybe there is an addition to the call that explains what to do if you are unwell. There should also be a proceedure for bringing patients

back onboard.

No Longer in Need Over time patients may become stable or no longer be critical enough that regular monitoring makes sense. They may in some circumstances recover completely (post NODAT or after a heart

They should be able to phase out when ready. The messaging and process for this should be considered carefully.

No Longer a Fit

A patient may be losing their vision, have to hectic of a lifestyle or have financial issues that impact their access to a smart phone and There should be sensitive an

dignified ways of opting out of the

program in these situations or

being assisted with access where this makes sense.

Become Too Sick There are patients dealing with comorbidities or natients whose illness becomes too serious (even paliative) to the point where monitoring doesn't make sense or the burden impacts the patient's quality of life.

In this situation there should be sensitive ways of opting out fo the program. The way in which the program is shut off and the messaging to the patient is very important. Any hardware that needs to be collected should be should be as easy as possible to complete the return.

Sudden Death

This is a very challenging scenario that it is not easy to plan for. The way in which we identify that a patient has died is important. Adherance calls could be problematic in this scenario. The process of retrieving any equipment is extremely sensitive.

Leaving Medly A clinician may opt to stop using Medly for their patients even though the licence as a whole remains open and other clinicians

When this happens we need a proceedure for freezing their patients and a flow for closing out all of the apps of the patients that are using Medly on their phones. What messaging do they see? Does their app stop working? What happens to their ability to view

data or take readings? Leaving the Clinic

stay on.

If a clinician is leaving the clinic and their patients will simply be distributed to other clinicians we need a flow for this redistribution.

but it is still something to consider.

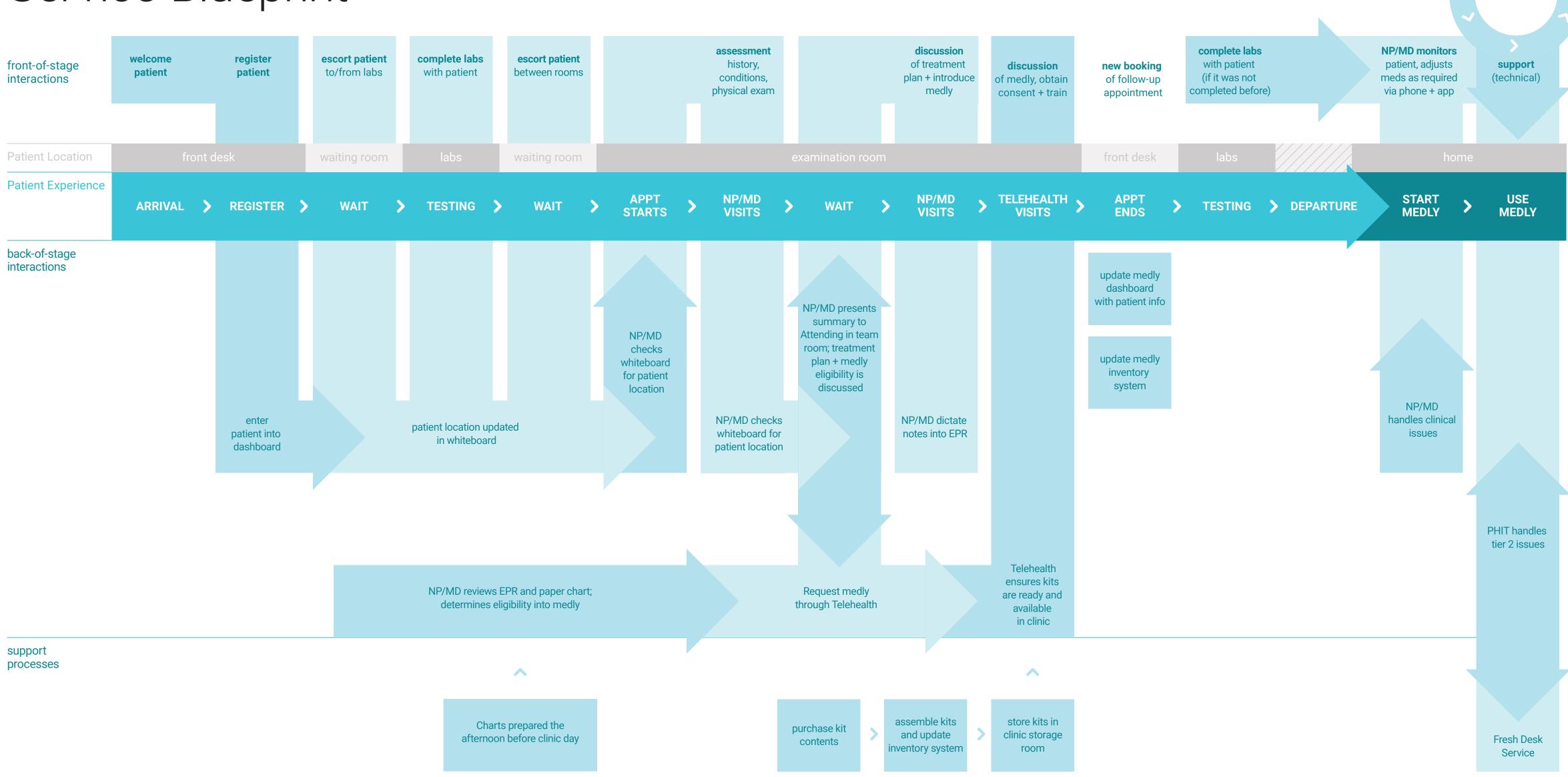
It will perhaps be less of an issue because the patients are stainh on for self management. so there are no special closeouts,

Admin Closes Licence This means that all patients and clincians are removed from Medly. There will need to be notification e-mails that are sent out to the clinicians and messaging that they see if they try to log in.

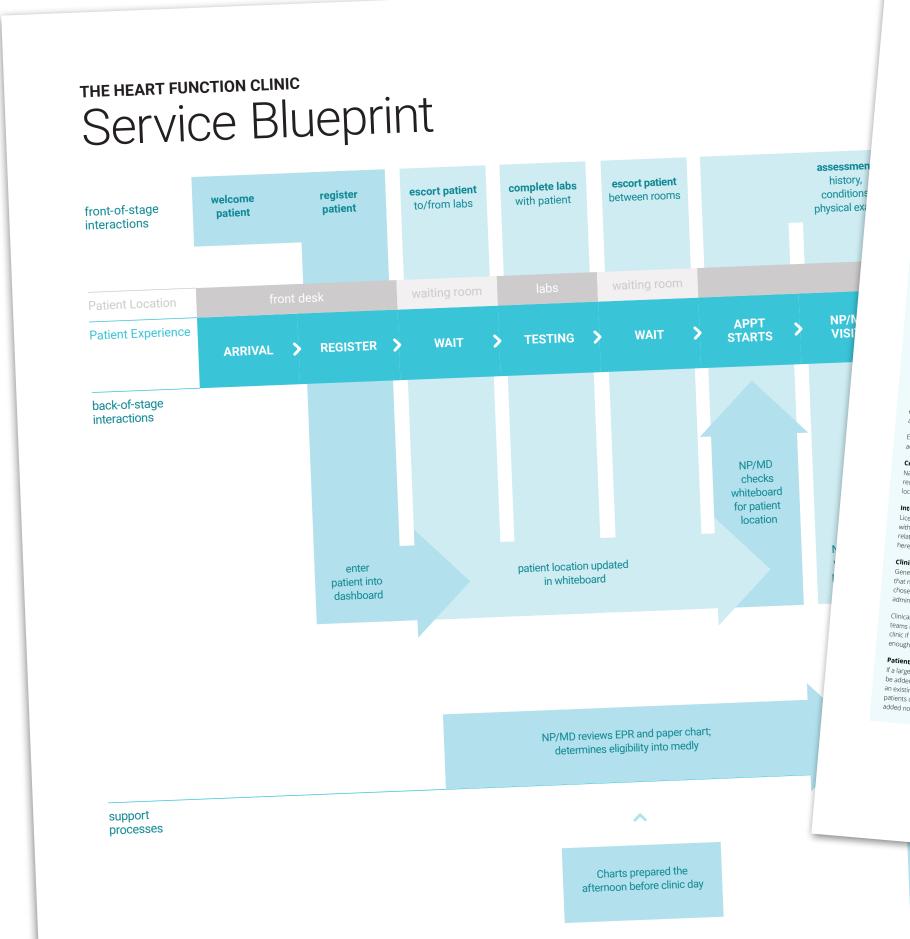
It could be possible for a clinician or even a patient to have accounts on multiple licences (a clinician at multiple sites or patient with MCC). In this case we may have to think about in app messaging or notification.

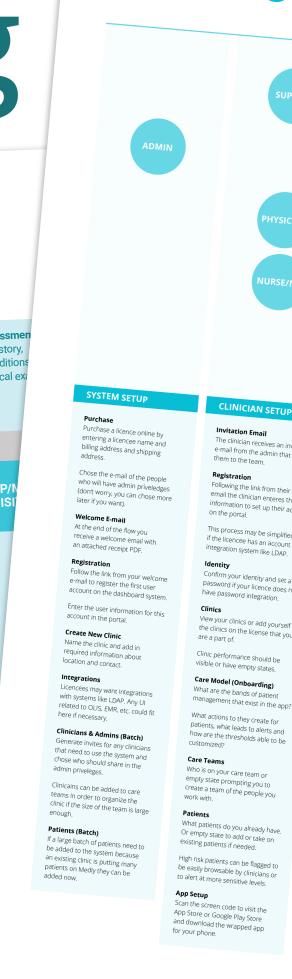
Again patients will need special notifications in app if their health care provider has closed out their license. Medly is intended to be used with a clinic so if the license has been closed there is also the possibility of recomending an app

Service Blueprint

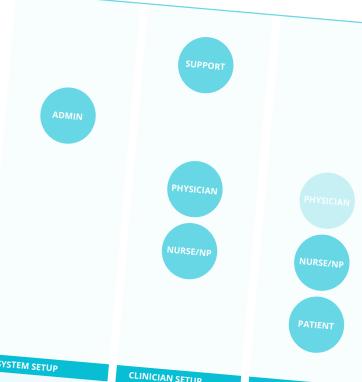


Artifact-ing





Service Overview



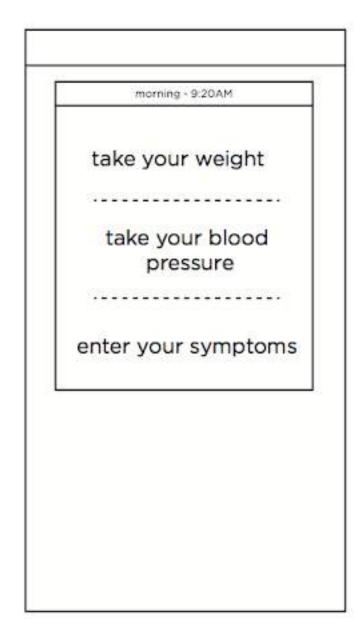
and update

inventory system

Prototyping

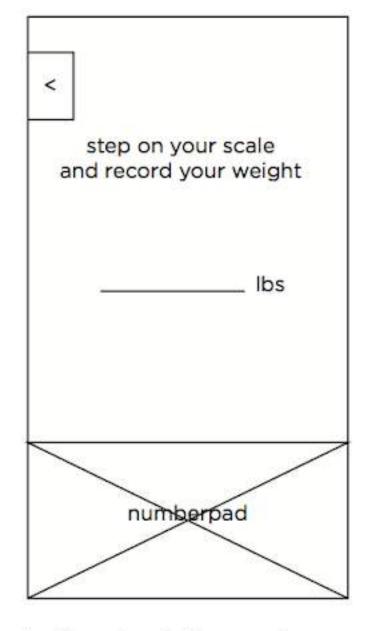
USER GOAL

I want to enter my data in manually.



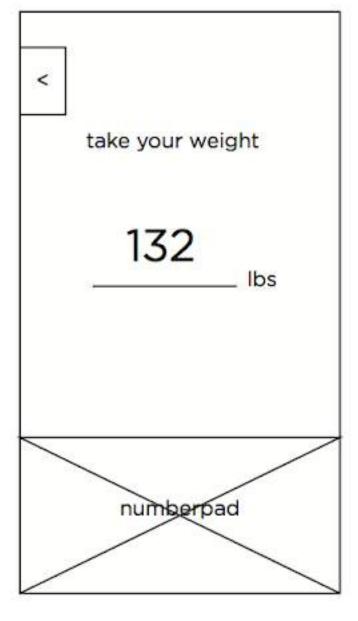
User is presented with blank home card that directs them to their tasks.

By tapping on the task, the user is pushed into the repurposed wizard.



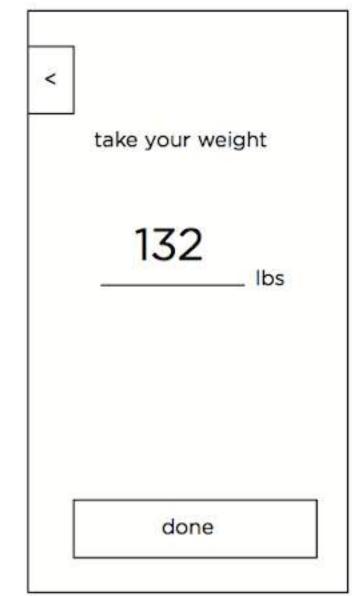
In the wizard, the user has a 1-one line instruction, and a blank line for their value.

The numberpad is automatically open when user enters in, and the first parameter is always selected.

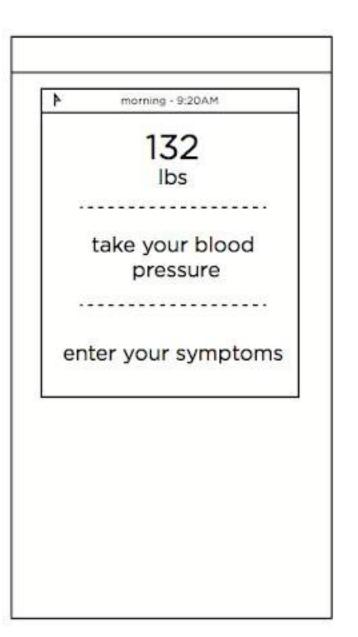


User enters their value with the keyboard, and the blank line fills in.

To exit the numberpad, user has to press the checkmark button in the numberpad.

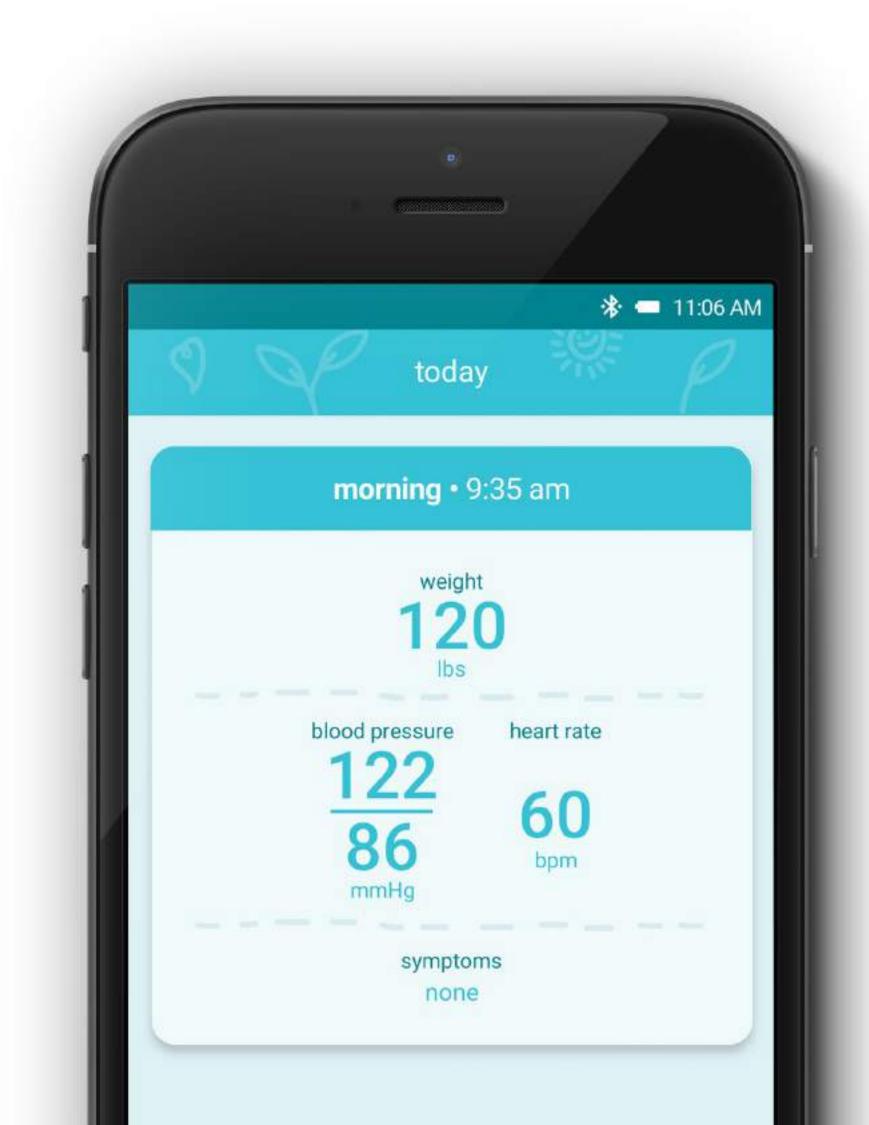


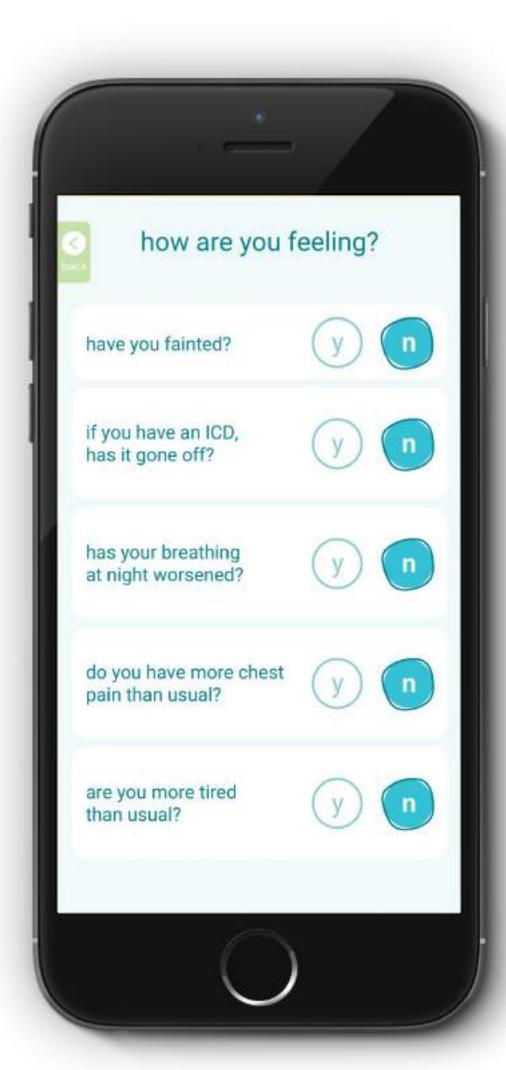
When the numberpad is closed, it will draw back down and the 'Done' button is available so the user can submit their value and return to home.



Home card is updated with the value.

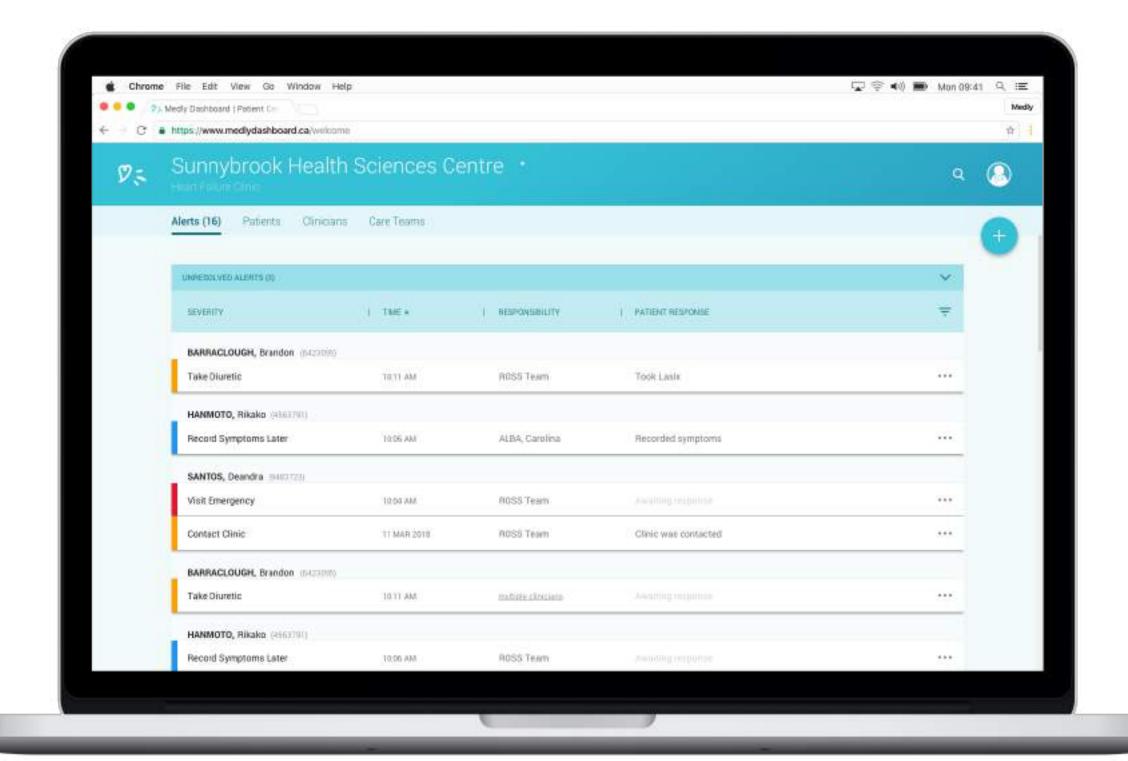
Patient App

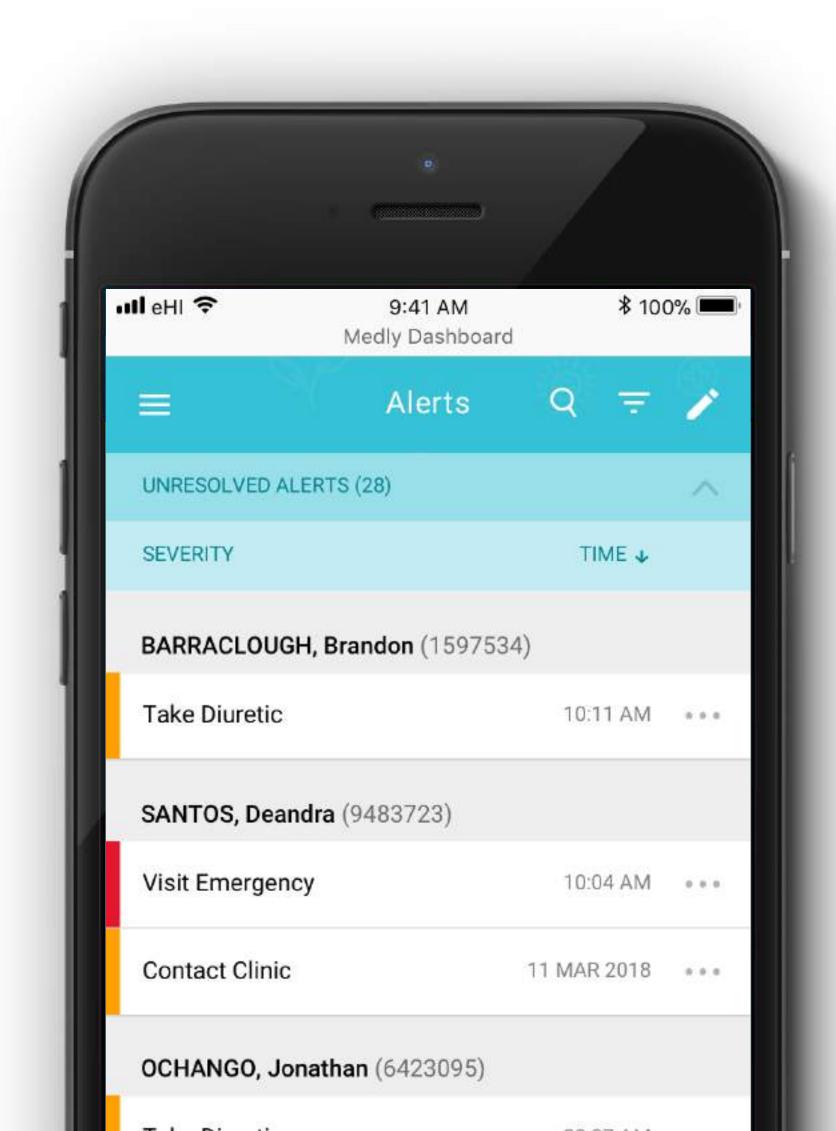






Clinical Dashboard









Clinician Scripts

Ned, A Play

Featuring:
Sheena as Dr. Andrew Feifer
Hiba as Julie
Cait as Amna/Inside-Clinic Observer
Quynh as Quynh/Outside-Clinic Observer

SCENE 1: PATIENT ENTERS JULIE'S WAITING ROOM

Julie: greets patient, tells them to sit down and that Dr. Feifer will call them in shortly.

Patient sits.

Julie: tells patient that Andrew is ready for them and directs them into Andrew's office.

Patients exits Julie's waiting room and enters Andrew's office.

SCENE 2: PATIENT ENTERS ANDREW'S OFFICE

Andrew: greets patient, asks them how they are.

Patient responds.

Andrew: tells patient about Ned. SPEAKING POINTS

- A mobile and web application for healthcare providers and their patients, conceptualized by Andrew Feifer in partnership with UHN
- First consumer health application to directly connect to Ontario Laboratory Information Systems (OLIS)
- · Releases PSA result directly to the application
- Patient can see their PSA result through the Ned Application
- Proactively collect Patient Reported Outcomes (patient fills out EPIC-26 & FACT-P on a monthly basis)
- Results of Patient Reported Outcomes and Lab results aggregated on patient and clinician application
- · Hope that this will result in:
 - o Improved shared decision making
 - o More investment in care, resulting in better self-management

Andrew: asks patient if they are interested in using Ned as part of their care.

Patient: may ask questions, may be unsure, but ultimately will say yes.

Andrew: tells patient that in order for them to get access to Ned, they will need to join the Ned Study.

SPEAKING POINTS

- a clinical trial of Ned will be launched at two Trillium Health Partners hospital sites (Mississauga and Credit Valley)
- a total of 400 survivors and their circle of care will be given access to Ned for
 12 months.
- the study is being done because we want to understand the effect of Ned on healthrelated quality of life, satisfaction with cancer care, unmet needs, self-efficacy, and prostate cancer-related levels of anxiety.

- the knowledge gained from this study will help us to understand how and why Ned works, for whom, and in what circumstances
- . currently, it is not possible to use Ned without joining the Ned study
- the patient does not have to decide right now in this chair if they want to join the Ned Study.
- However, if they are interested in learning more, Andrew can provide them with a Ned card so that that they can learn more about the Ned Study, and can make a decision to join the study and get access to the application, ONLY if they want to.

Patient: may ask more questions about the study and why it is necessary, but will ultimately say they are interested in learning more about Ned.

Andrew: takes a Ned card, signs the bottom of the card, tells the patient to go out into Julie's waiting room, fill out the card there, rip it in half, and give the bottom of the card to Julie.

Andrew: warns patient that they will have to stay an extra 10 minutes to complete the study consent form in-clinic in order to get access to Ned.

Andrew: thanks the patient for coming in, asks them if they have any more questions, directs them back to Julie's waiting room.

Patient exits Andrew's office and enters Julie's waiting room.

SCENE 3: PATIENT RETURNS TO JULIE'S WAITING ROOM

Patient: sits down, fills out card, rips card, brings bottom half to Julie.

Julie: takes card, hands patient a tablet with a consent form, tells patient that the consent form can be completed using this tablet, tells patient to take a seat in the clinic, complete the consent form, and once they have submitted the form, to bring it back to Julie.

Julie: makes sure the patient knows that if they have any questions about anything they read on the consent form, they can call the Ned Research Team at the number specified on Julie's desk to have their question answered.

Patient sits down to complete form.

do not make a Ned account for the patient.

Patient may call the Ned Research team - Quynh to answer if this happens.

Patient may try and ask Julie about a research-related question — if this happens, Julie is to make it clear that she is not part of the research team, but that there is a dedicated research hotline that a patient can call to have their questions answered. If the patient states that they do not want to call the research team and would instead prefer live support, Julie is to call Amna and request that she come to the clinic and support the patient in person.

Patient completes consent form and returns the tablet to Julie.

Julie: directly asks patient if they provided informed consent to join the Ned Study.

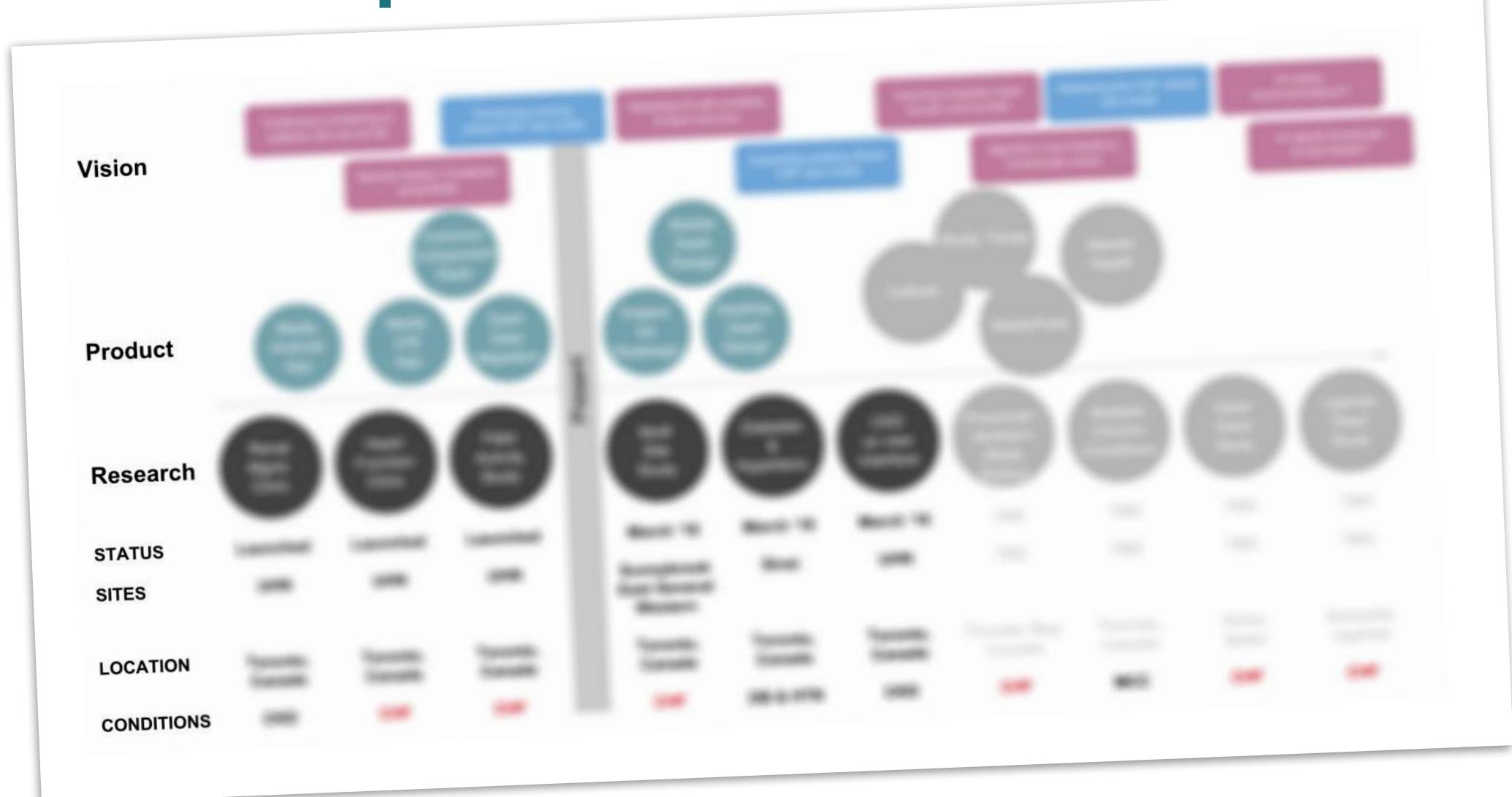
If YES: thank patient, tell them to keep their portion of the Ned card and to look for an email later that day, make a Ned account for the patient

If NO: thank patient, tell them to go ahead and throw away their portion of the Ned card,

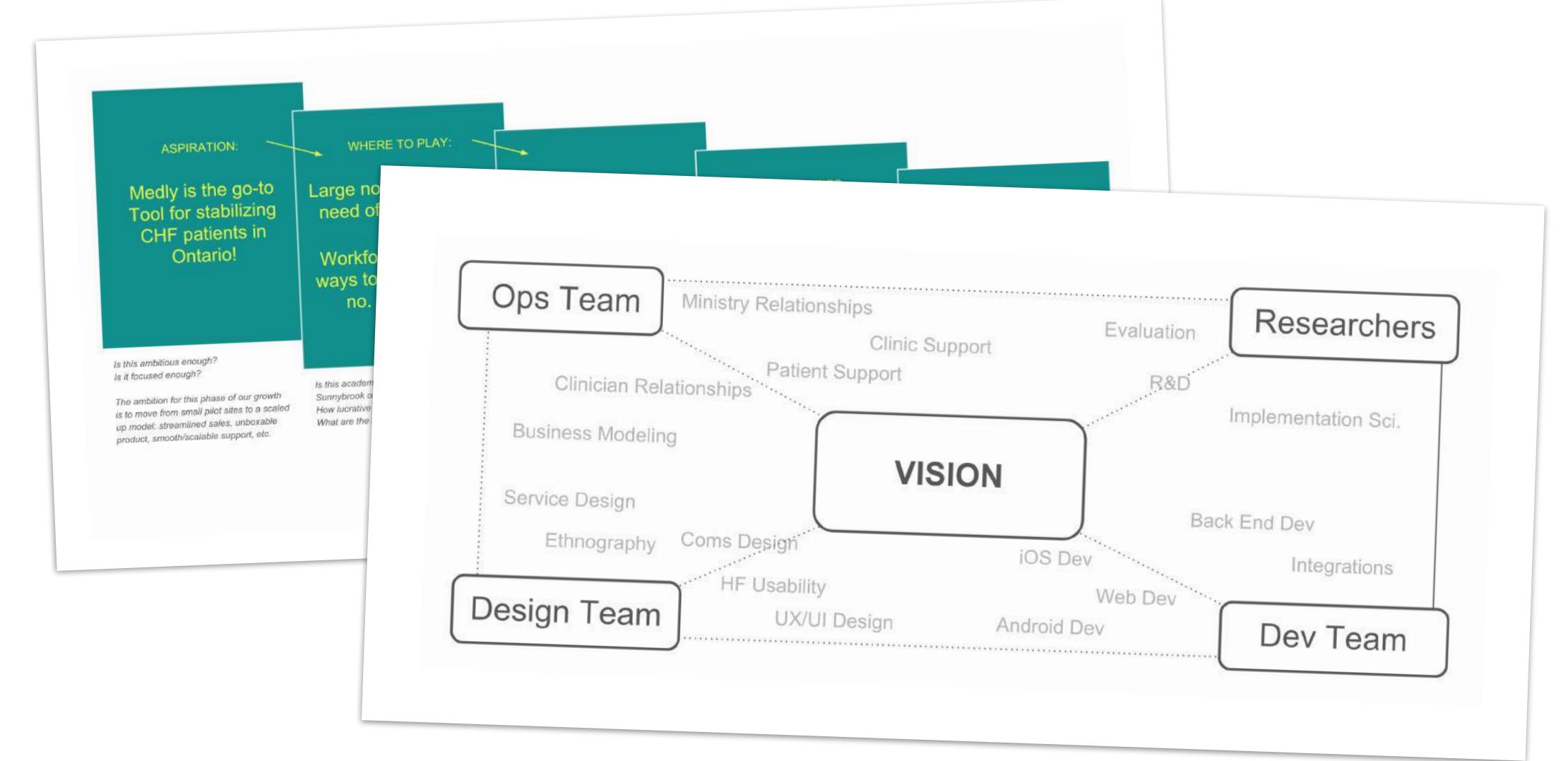
Clinician Slips

medly of Onboarding Slip PATIENT IDENTIFICATION STICKER **RCT QUESTIONS NYHA Class Ejection Fraction** Patient Email MEDLY ALERT THRESHOLDS WEIGHT **BLOOD PRESSURE & PULSE RANGES** Systolic BP **Set Ranges to Trigger Alert** Max. mmHg **Diastolic BP Delta Value** Max. Max. weight change between morning readings mmHg mmHg Pulse **Target Weight** bpm between QUESTIONS Were medications changed Does the patient have an icd? Automatic message to patients on excessive weight gain: now. Restrict salt and fluids. Follow your doctor's orders to take an extra **AUTHORIZATION** I have trained the patient and have inputted the parameters into Dashboard. Clinician Signature Date Telehealth Signature Date

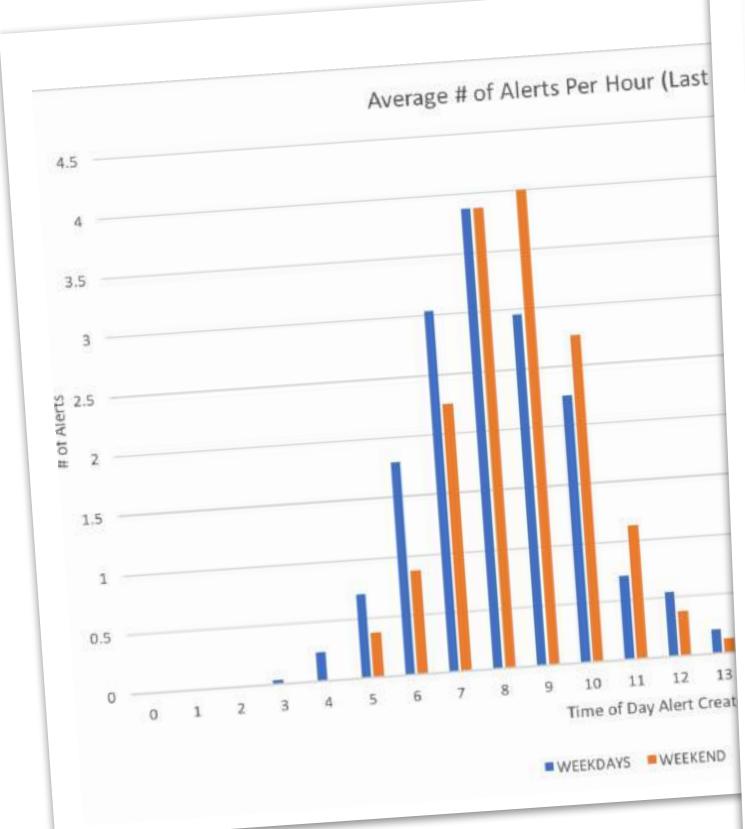
Roadmap Consolidation

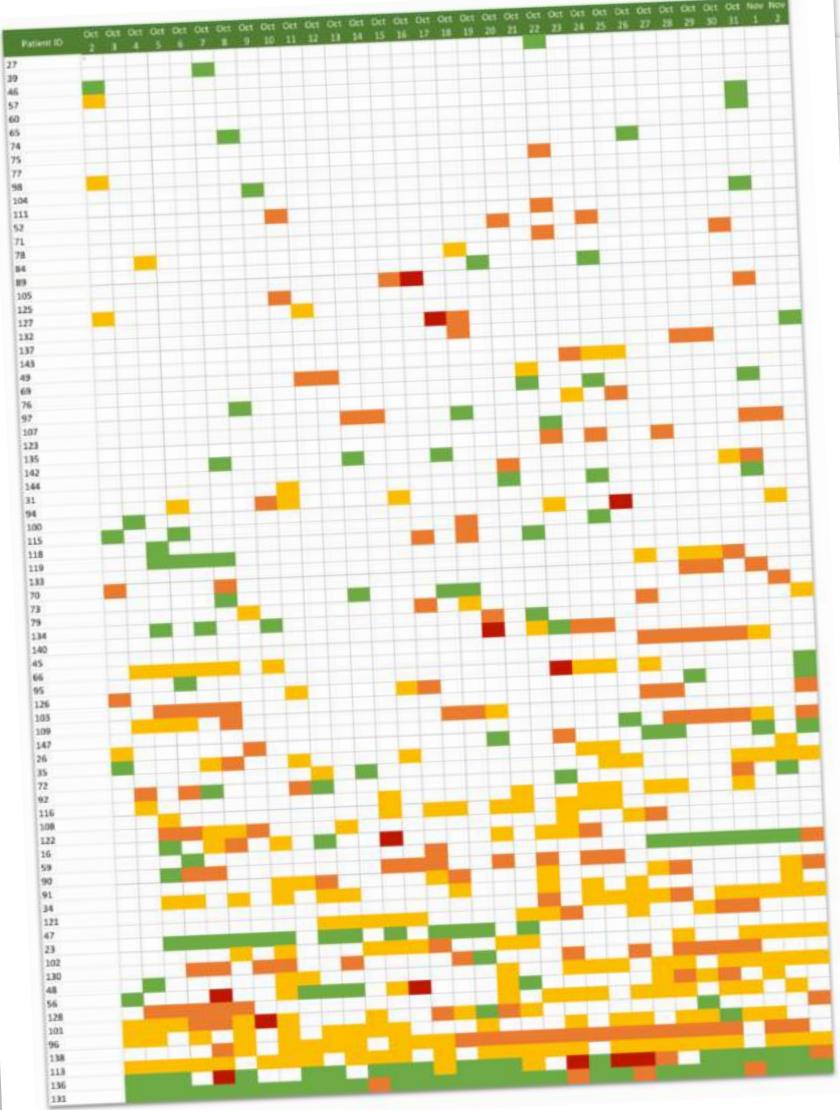


Org Design



Evolution







Good Service for Medly

- Considered referral, visit, home, support
- · Cohesive bag, manual, apps, support, dashboard
- · Coordinated clinician, admins, support
- Contextual older users & traveling, site-specific
- Clear who to phone

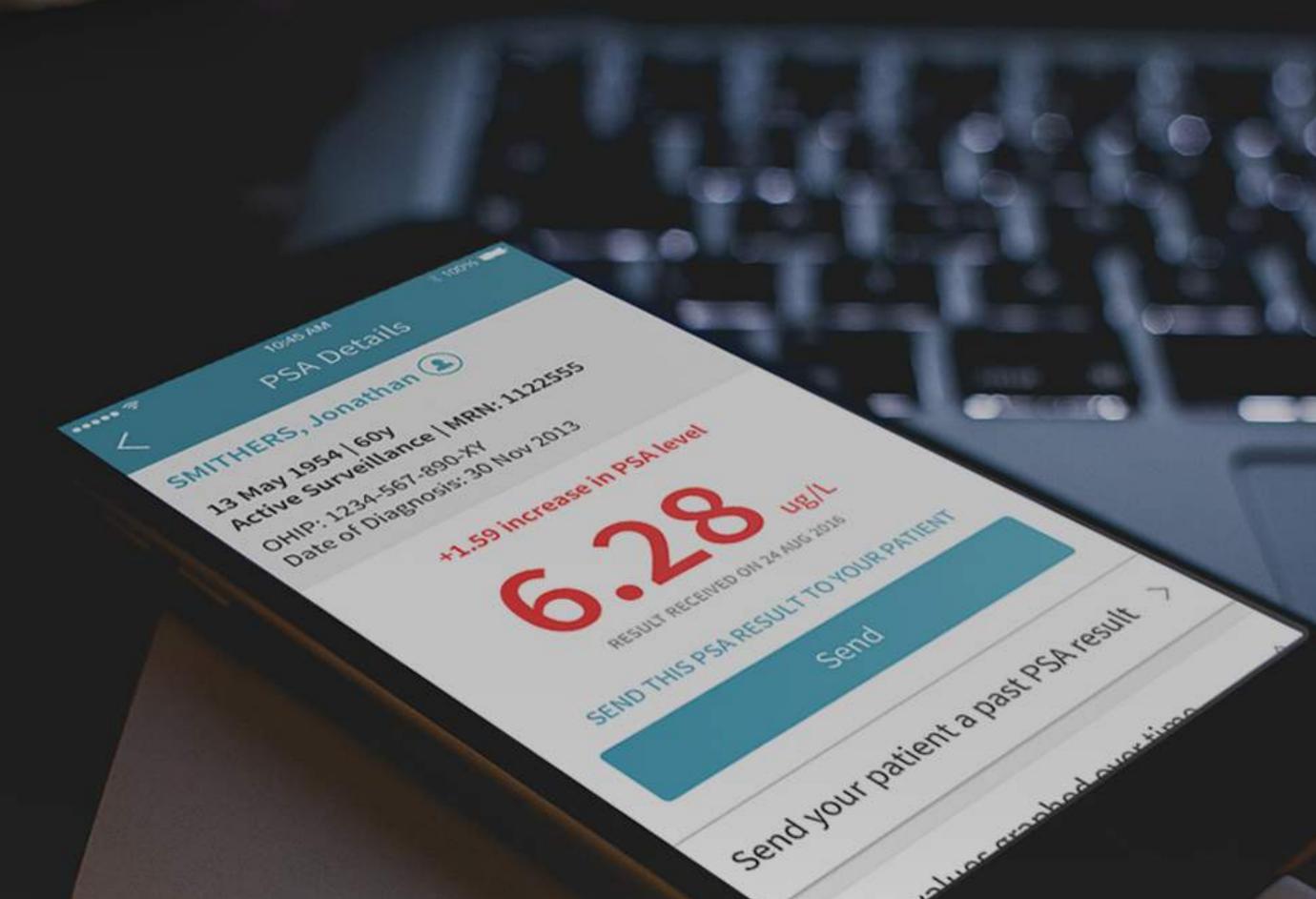


Beyond the RCT

A review of alternatives in mHealth clinical trial methods

Quynh Pham, PhD

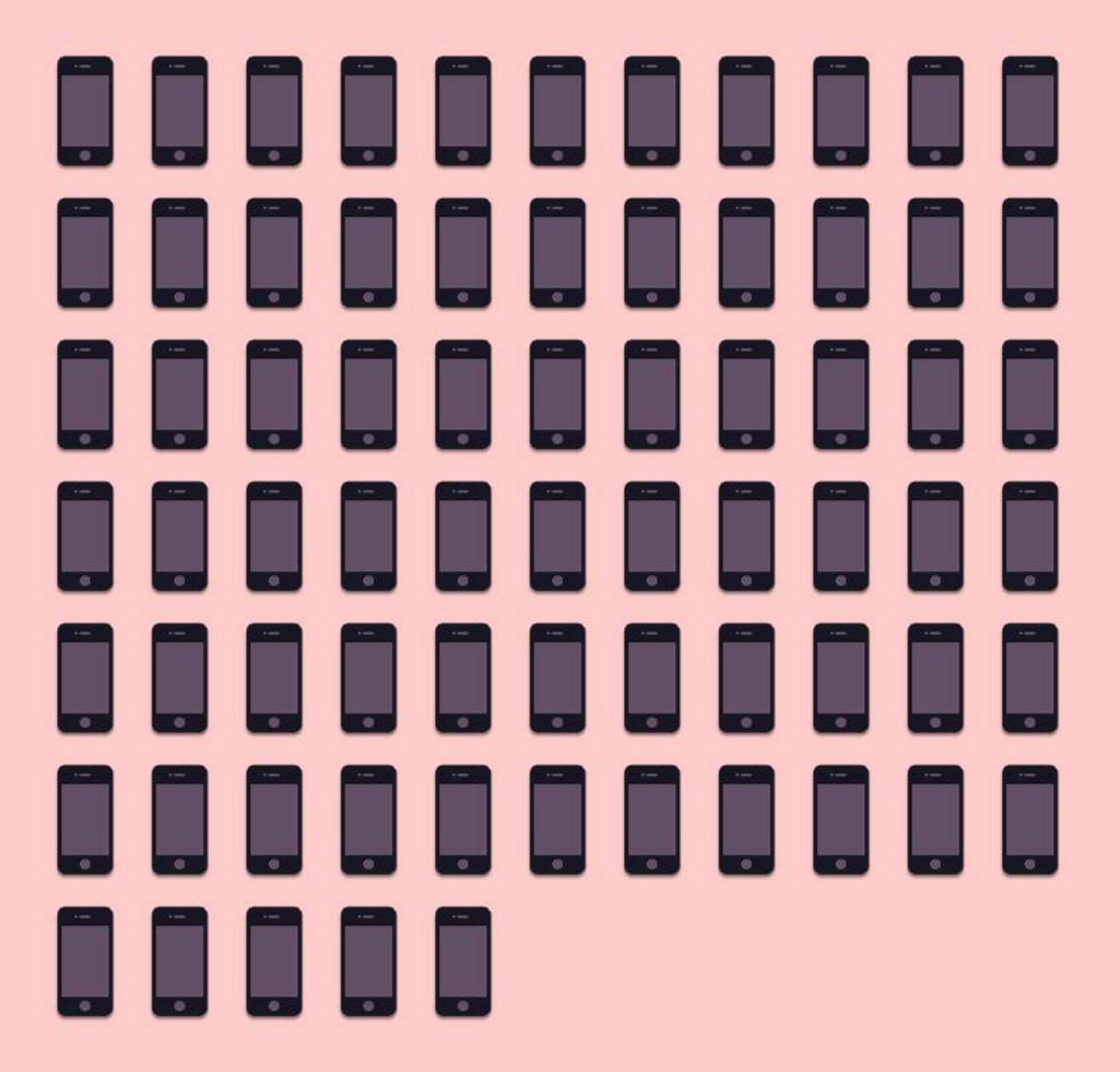
University of Toronto

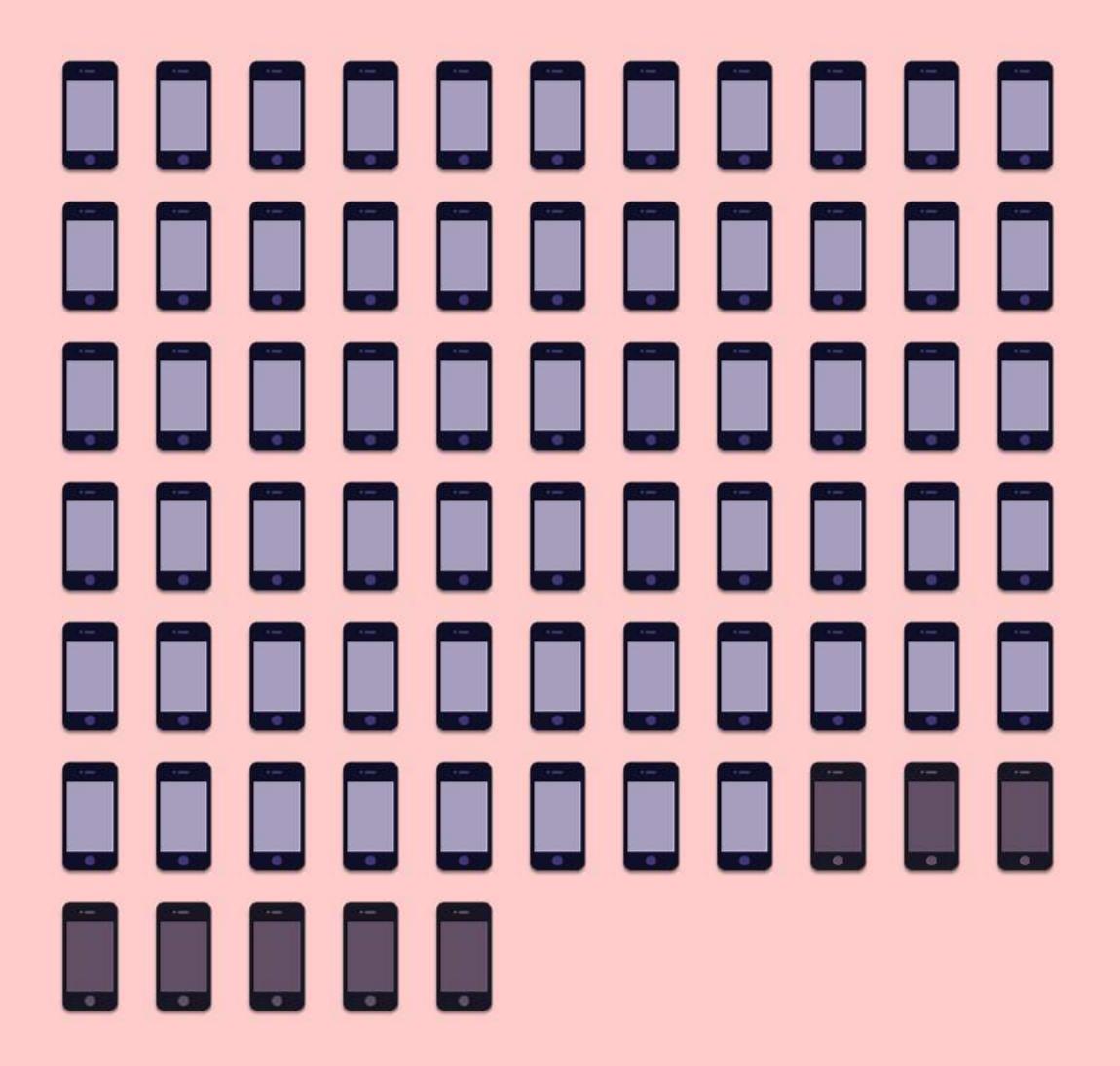


mHealth in 2016

45,000 companies 165,000 mHealth apps 3,000,000,000 downloads What research designs and methods are currently being used in mHealth clinical trials?

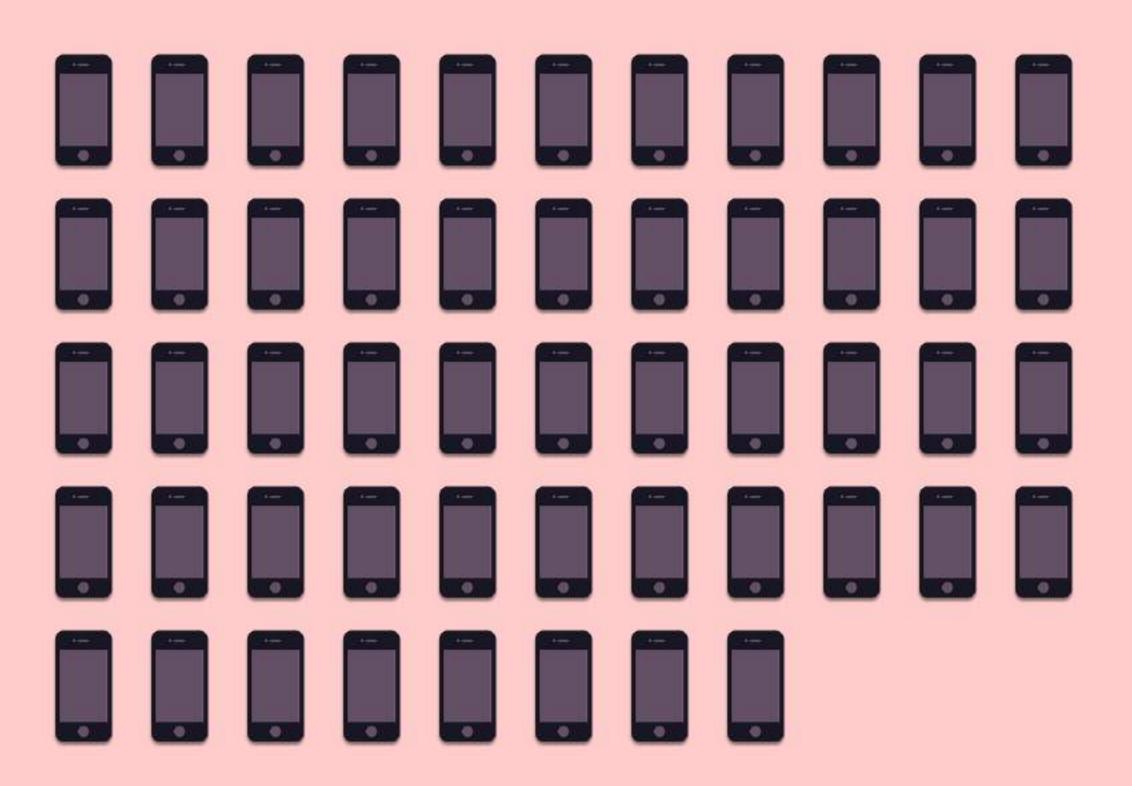
I conducted a review of every single clinical trial registered on ClinicalTrials.gov between November 2014 and November 2015 that evaluated an mHealth app.





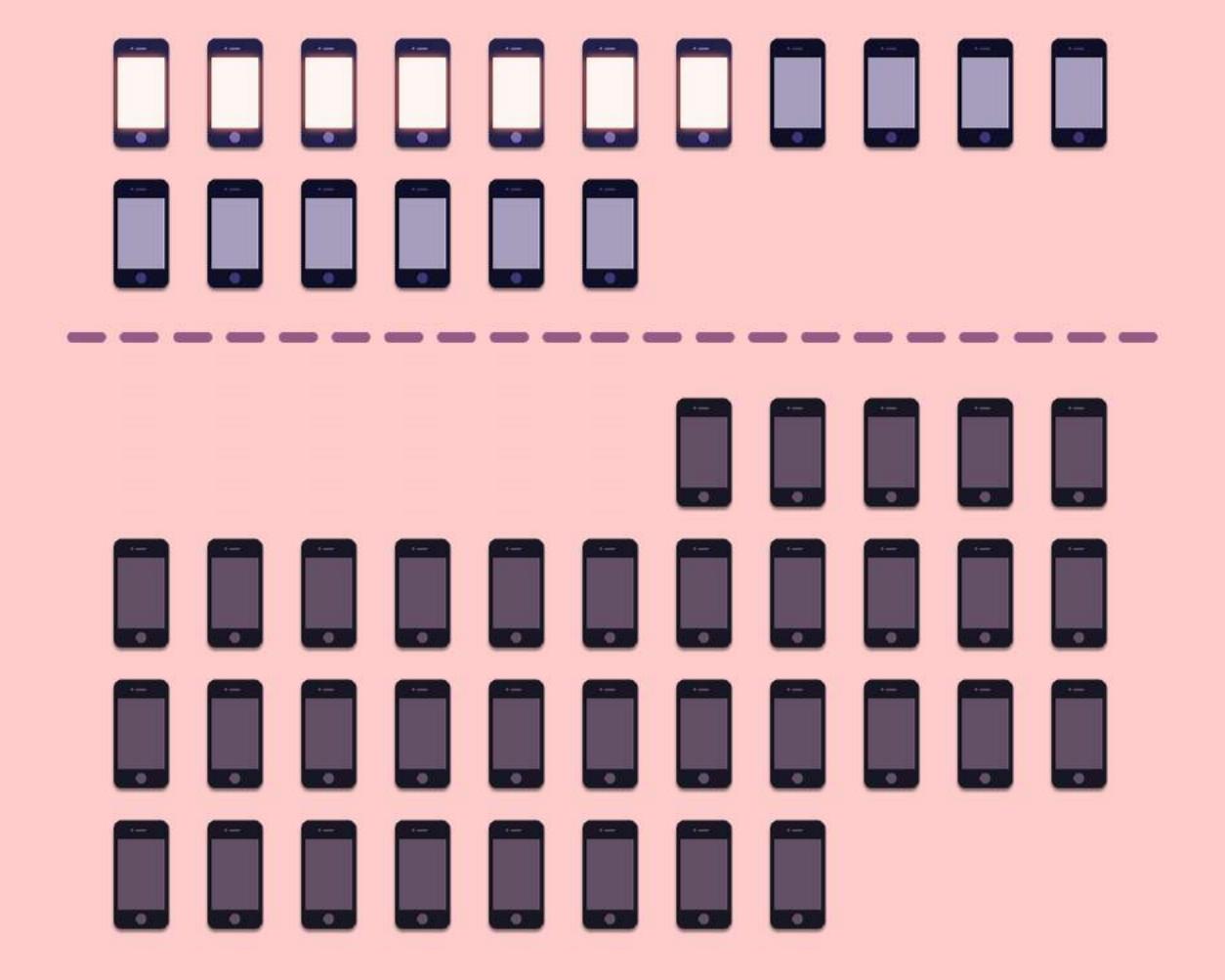
The average study duration for a clinical trial evaluating an mHealth app is 20 months.

As an mHealth research community, we have not deviated from traditional methods.



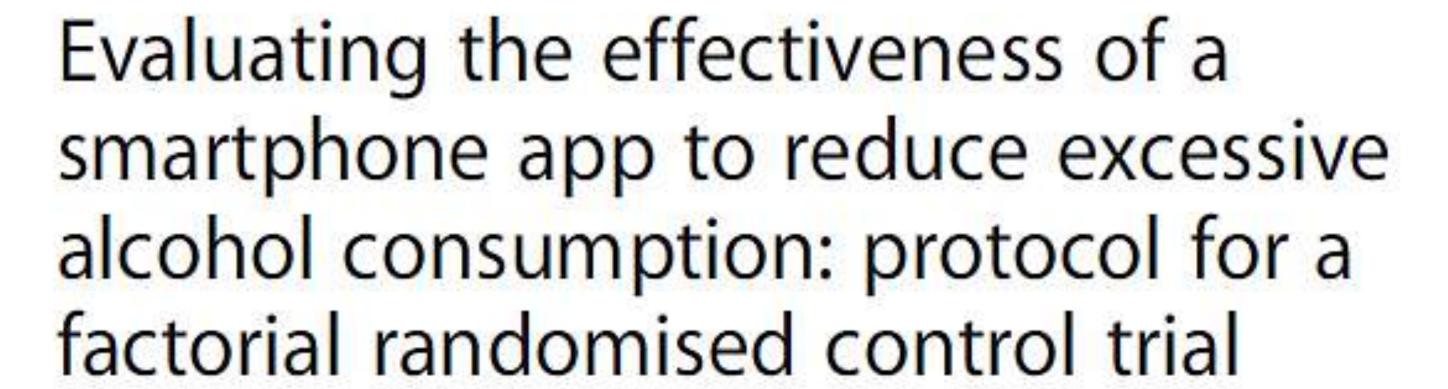






STUDY PROTOCOL

Open Access





Claire Garnett^{1*}, David Crane¹, Susan Michie^{1,2}, Robert West³ and Jamie Brown^{1,3}

Abstract

Background: Excessive alcohol consumption is a leading cause of death and morbidity worldwide and interventions to help people reduce their consumption are needed. Interventions delivered by smartphone apps have the potential to help harmful and hazardous drinkers reduce their consumption of alcohol. However, there has been little evaluation of the effectiveness of existing smartphone interventions.

A systematic review, amongst other methodologies, identified promising modular content that could be delivered by an app: self-monitoring and feedback; action planning; normative feedback; cognitive bias re-training; and identity change. This protocol reports a factorial randomised controlled trial to assess the comparative potential of these five intervention modules to reduce excessive alcohol consumption.

Methods: A between-subject factorial randomised controlled trial. Hazardous and harmful drinkers aged 18 or over



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Designing a Pilot Sequential Multiple Assignment Randomized Trial for Developing an Adaptive Treatment Strategy

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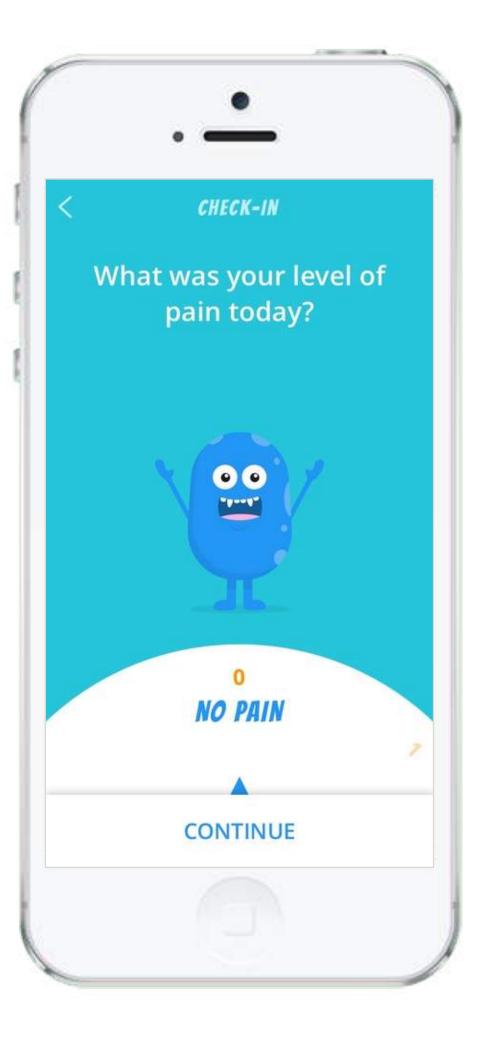
Department of Statistics & Institute for Social Research, University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, MI

Abstract

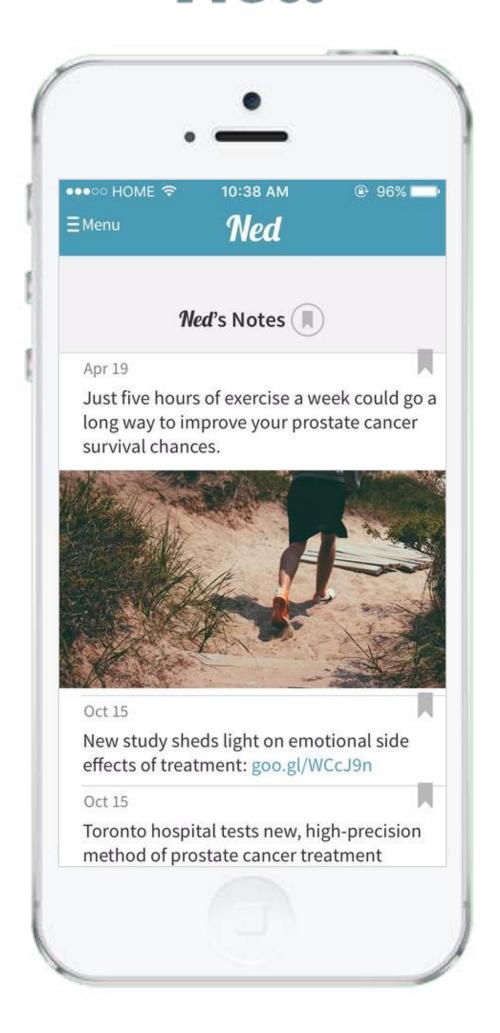
There is growing interest in how best to adapt and re-adapt treatments to individuals to maximize clinical benefit. In response, adaptive treatment strategies (ATS), which operationalize adaptive, sequential clinical decision making, have been developed. From a patient's perspective an ATS is a sequence of treatments, each individualized to the patient's evolving health status. From a clinician's perspective, an ATS is a sequence of decision rules that input the patient's current health status and output the next recommended treatment. Sequential multiple assignment randomized trials (SMART) have been developed to address the sequencing questions that arise in the development of ATSs, but SMARTs are relatively new in clinical research. This article provides an introduction to ATSs and SMART designs. This article also discusses the design of SMART pilot studies to address feasibility concerns, and to prepare investigators for a full-scale

Upcoming trials

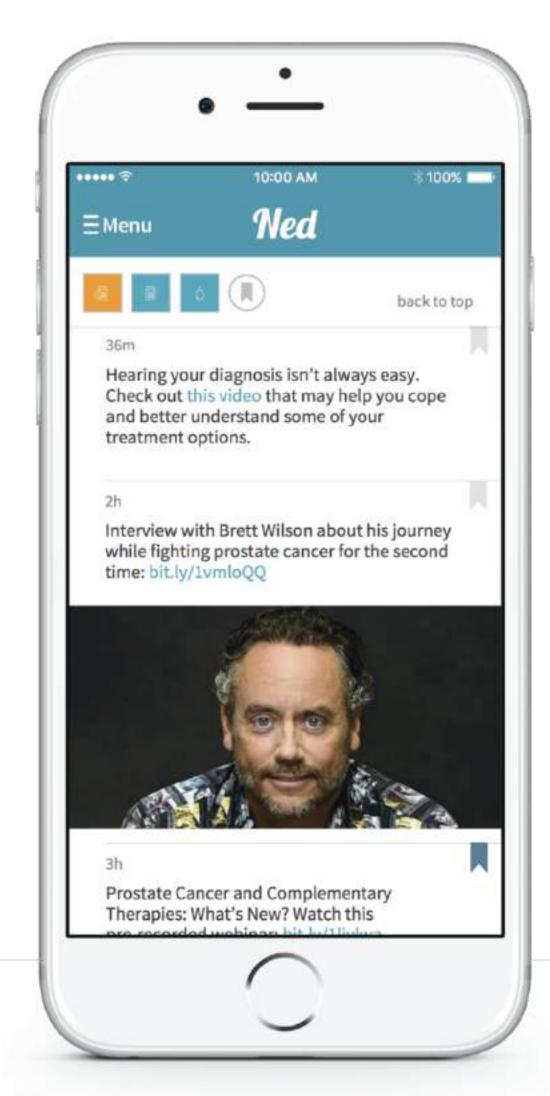
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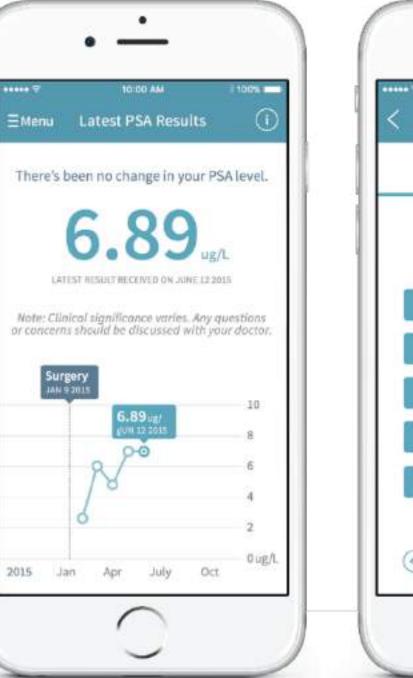


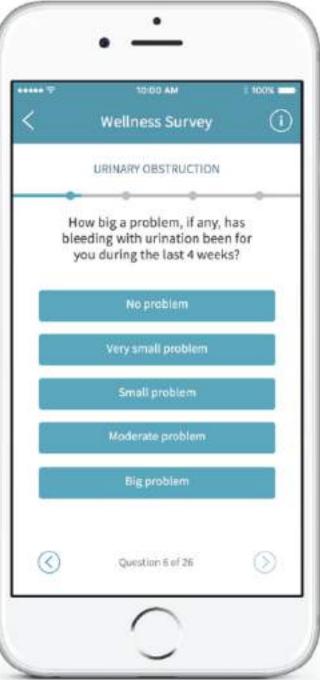
Ned

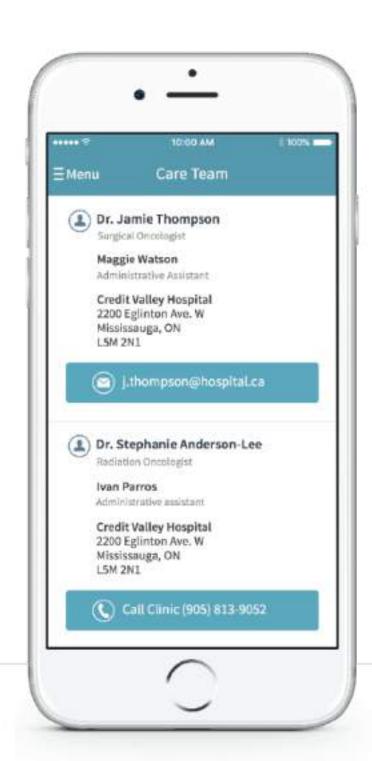


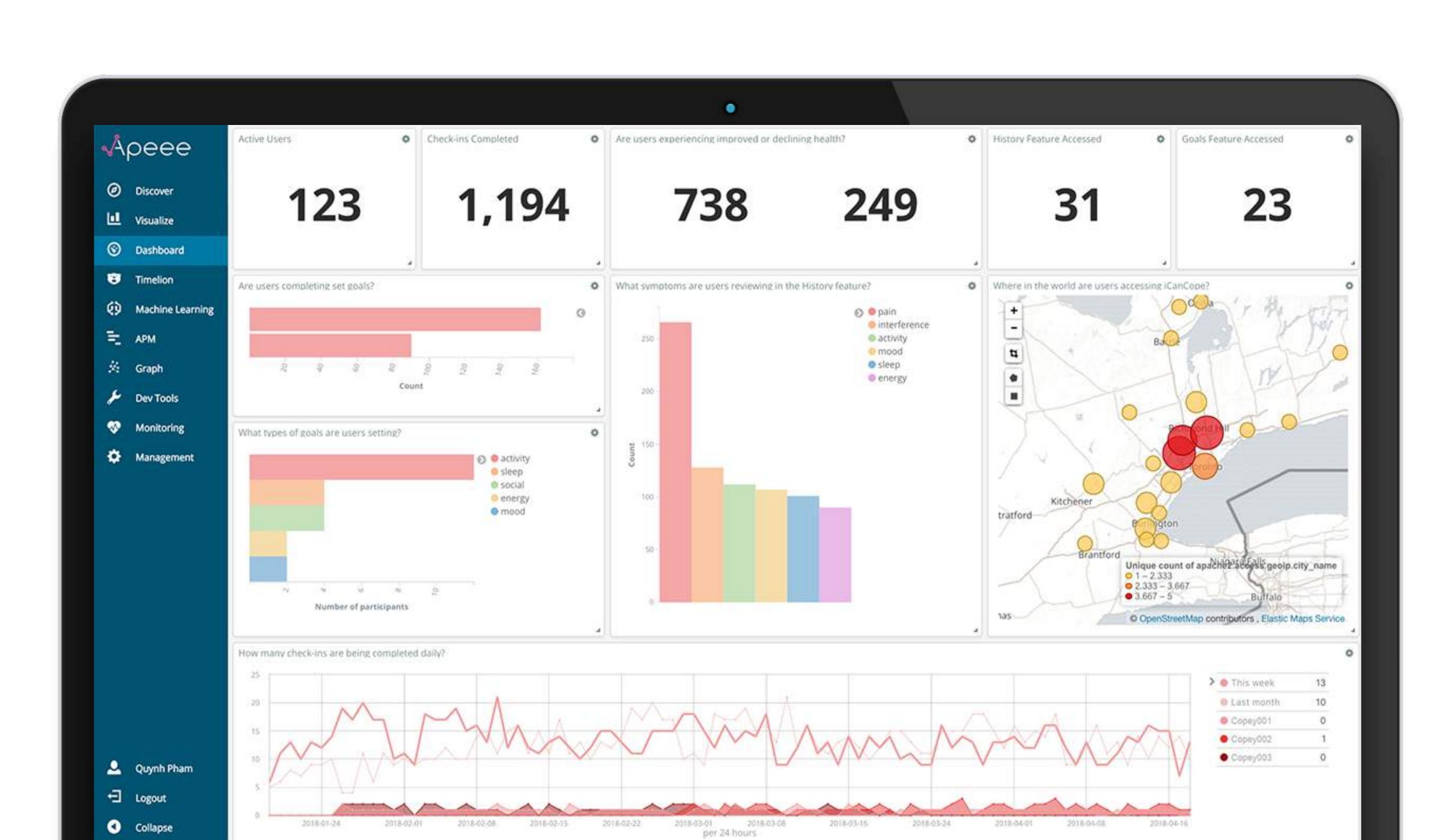
A Case of Ned

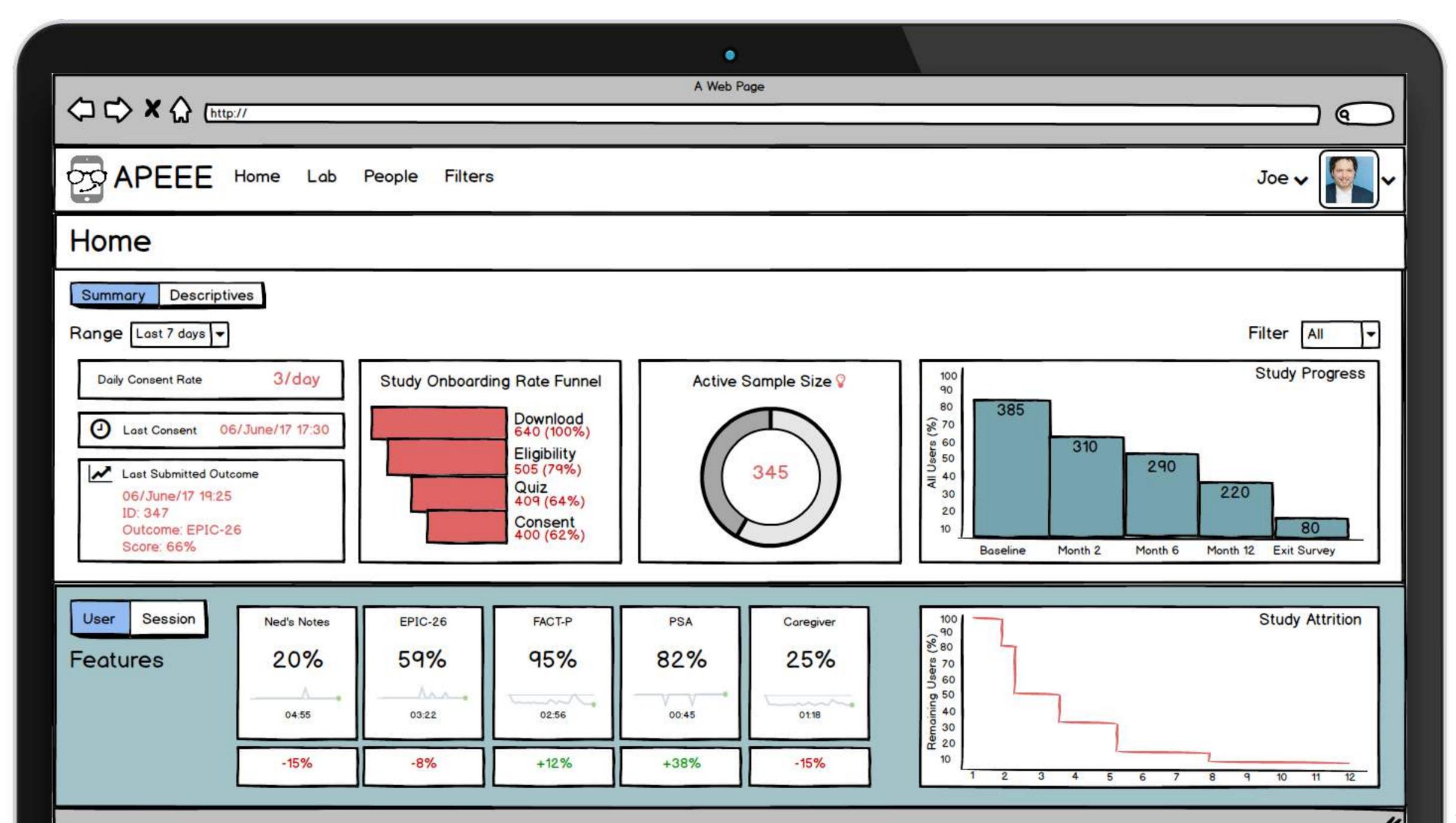




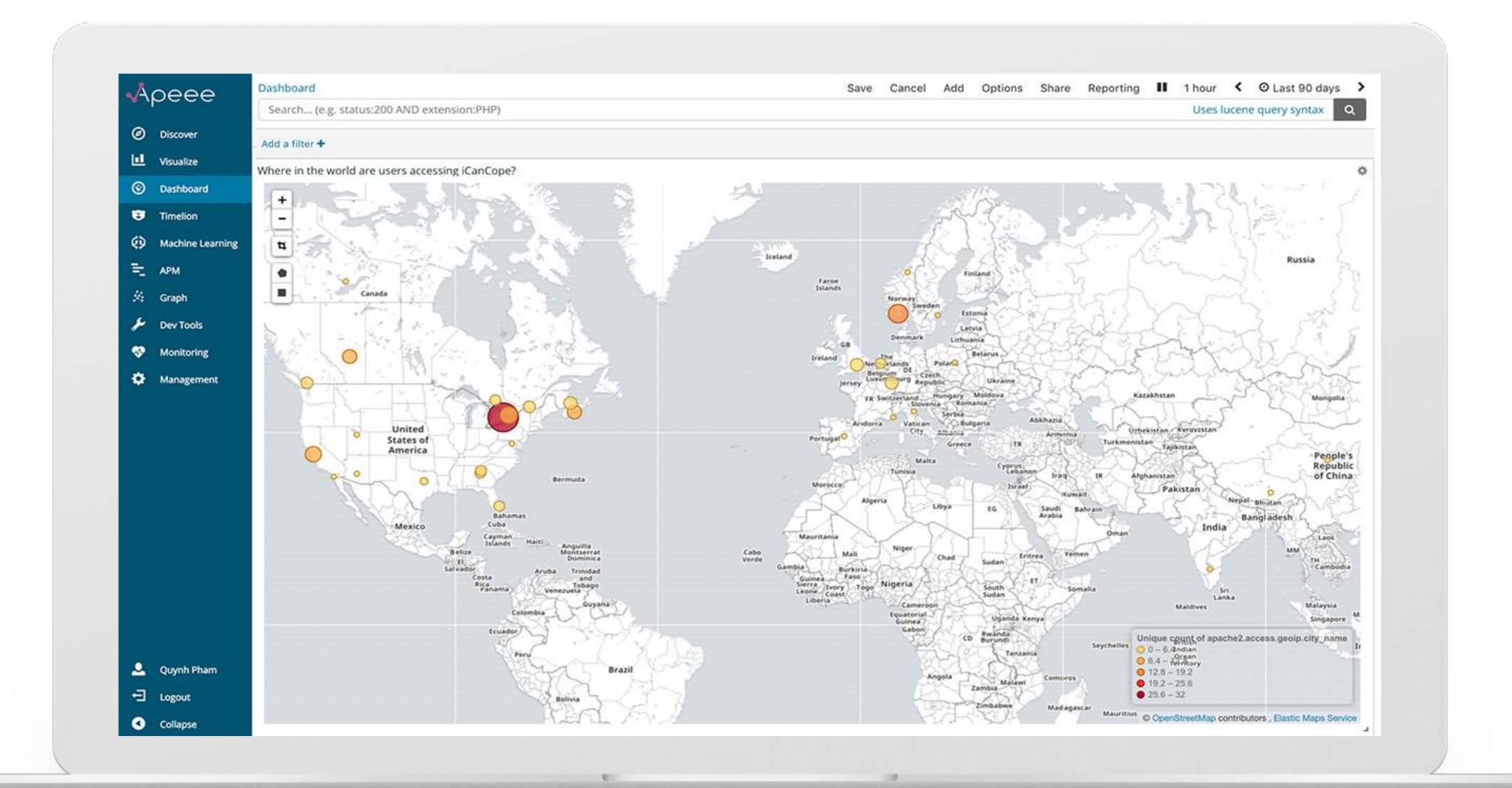


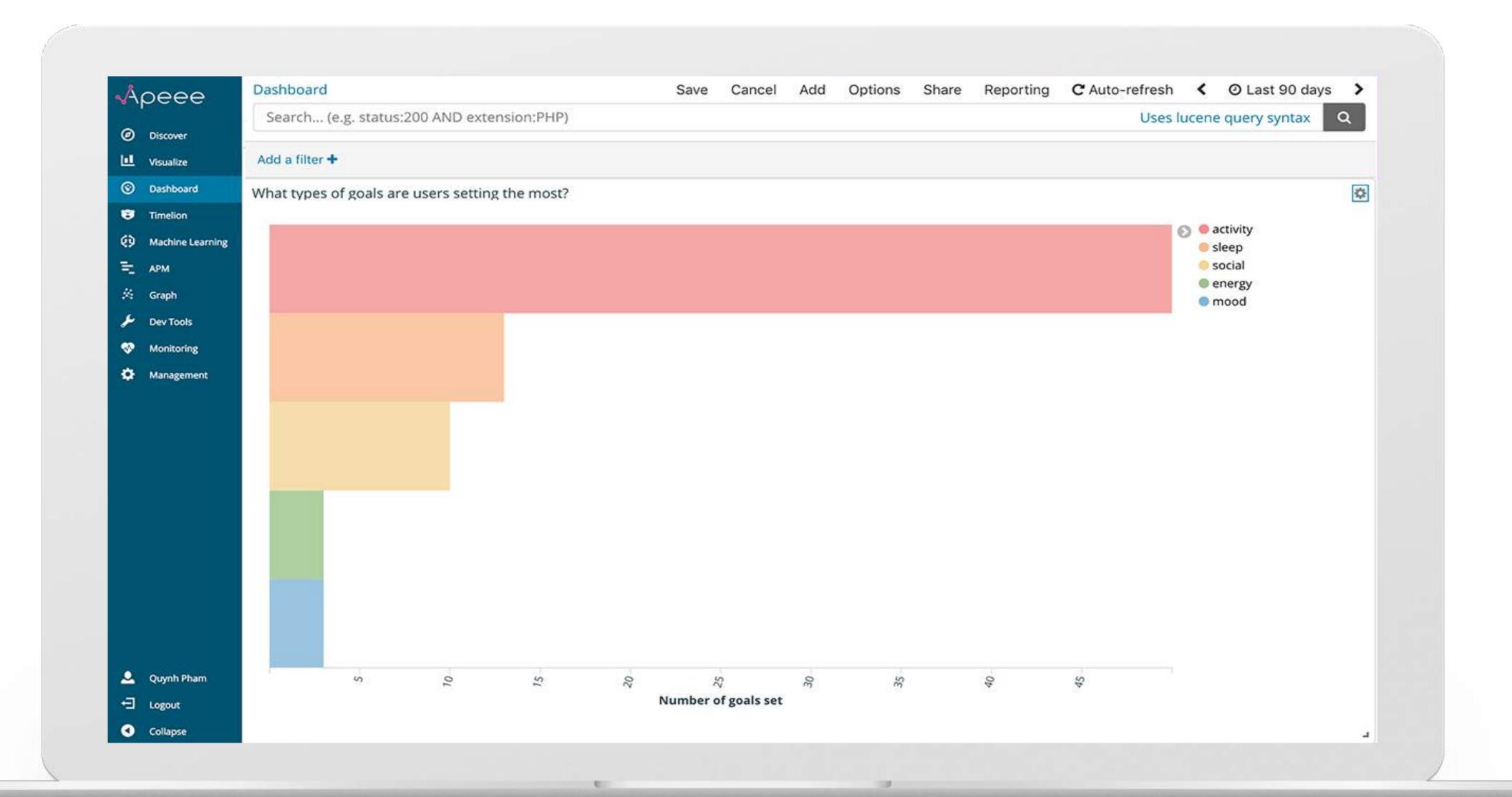


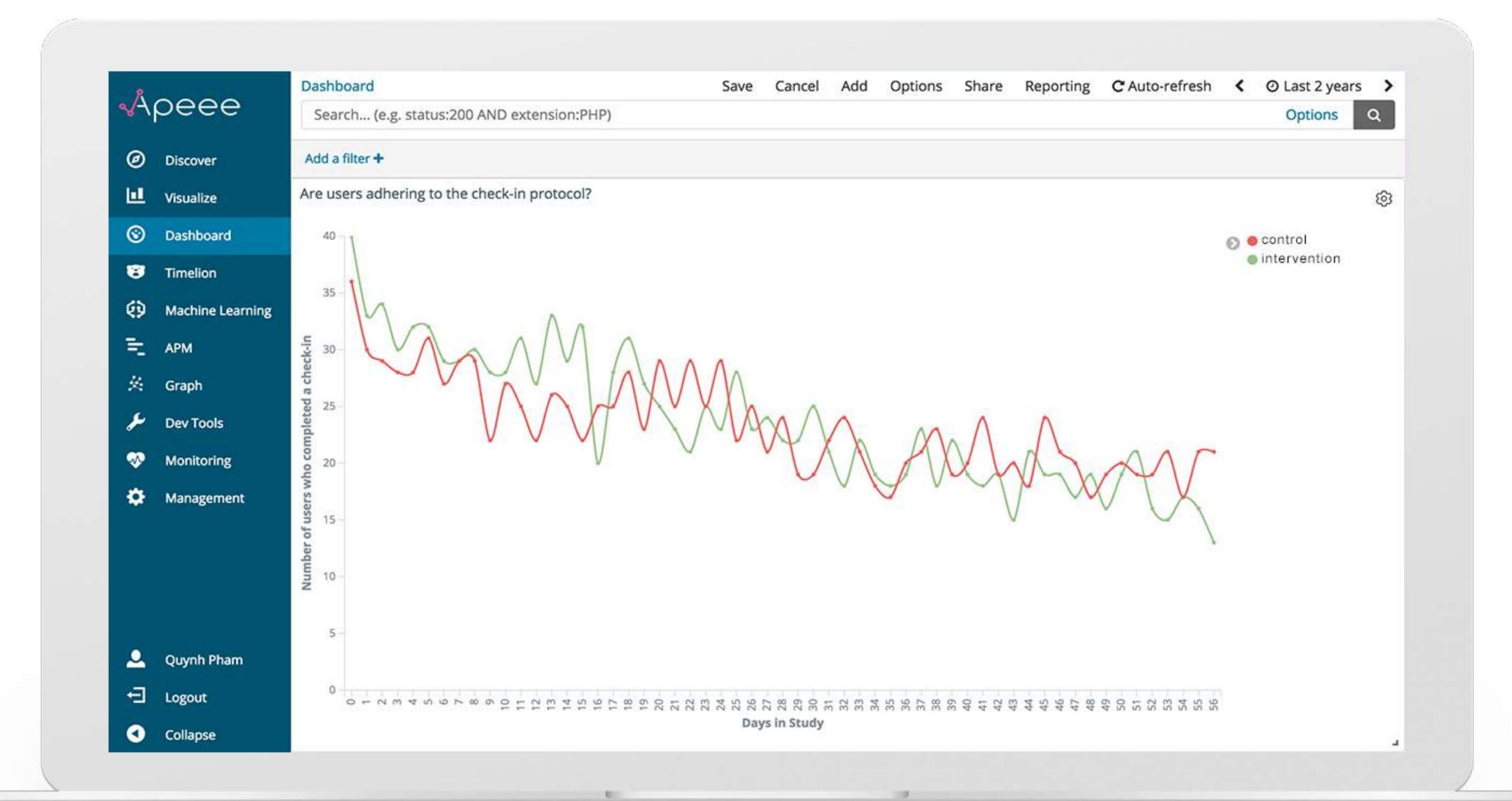








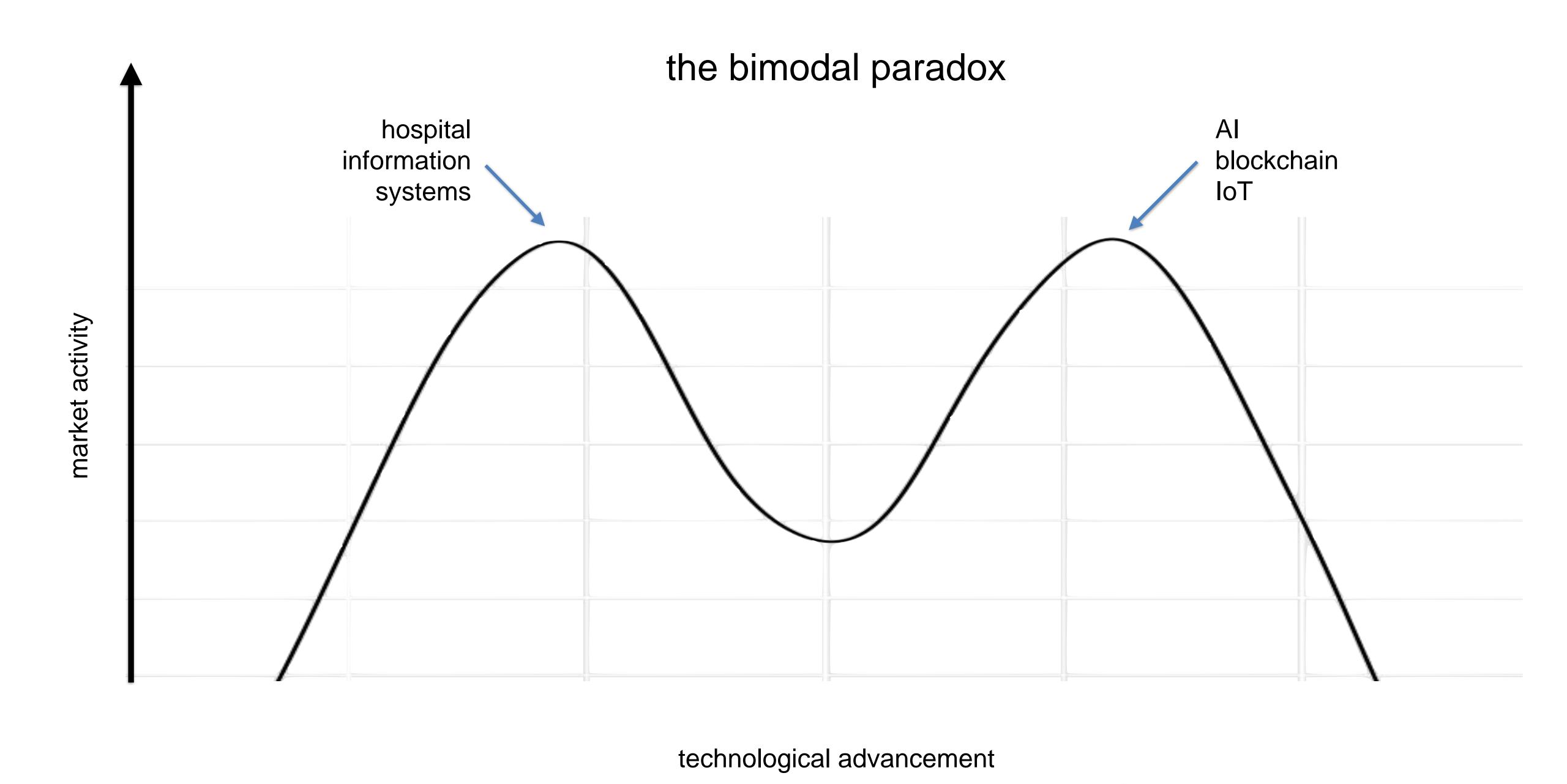


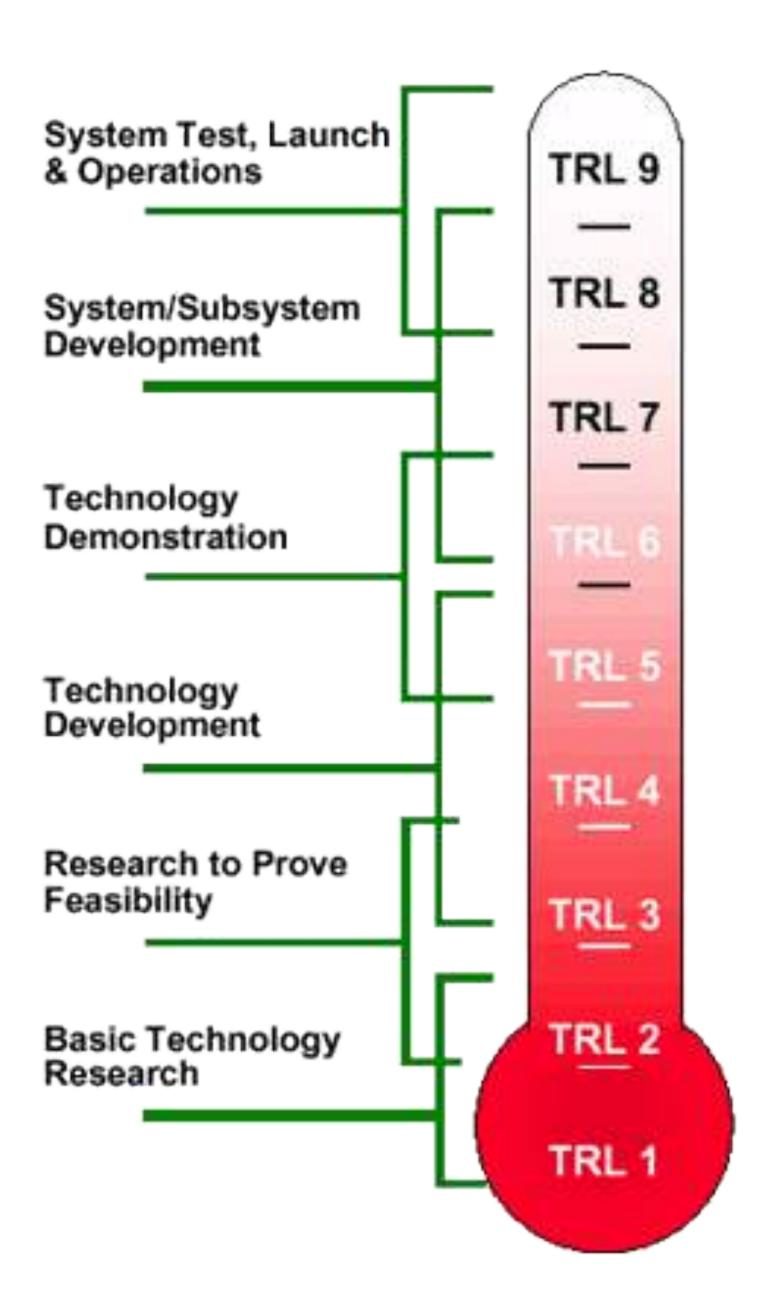


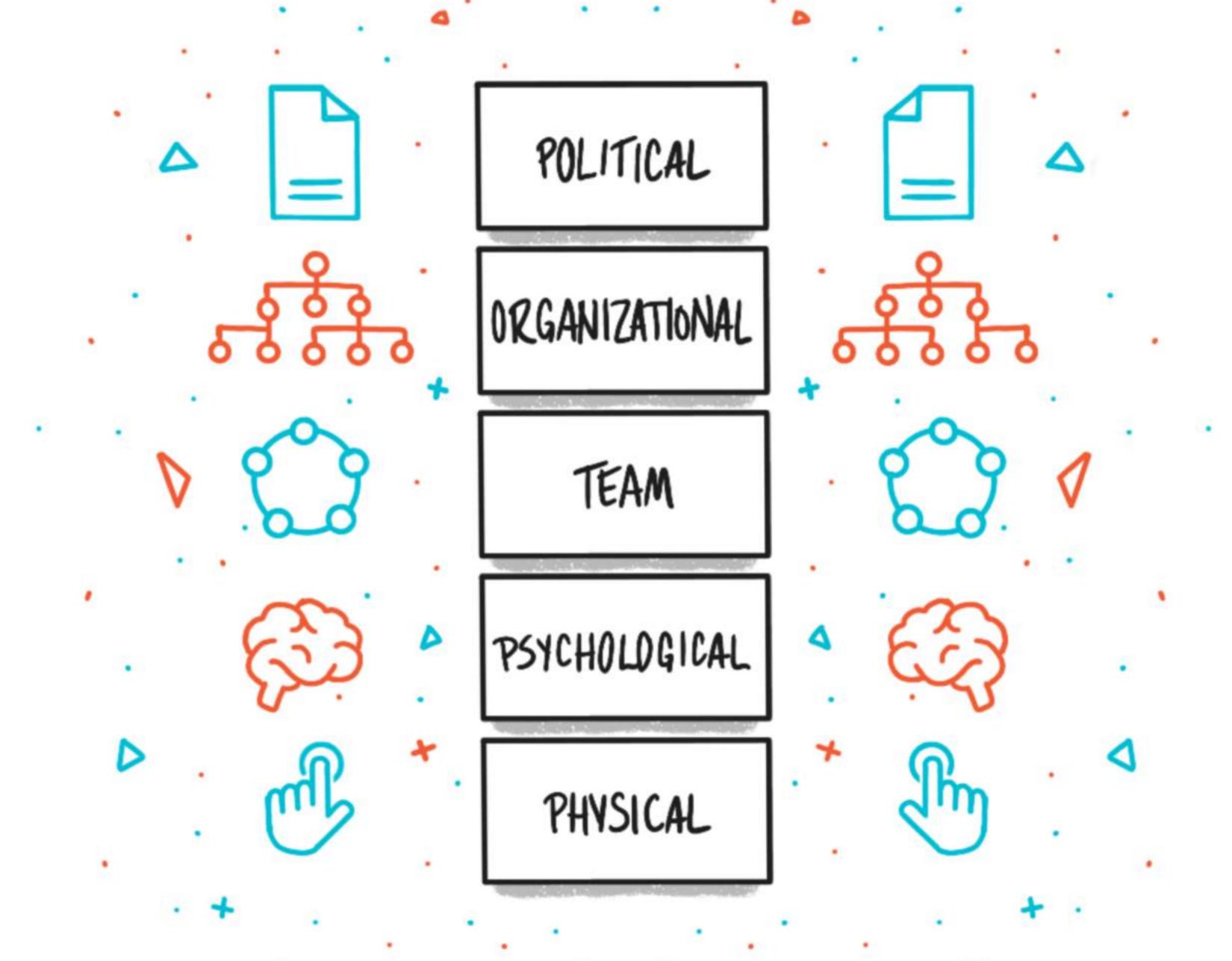




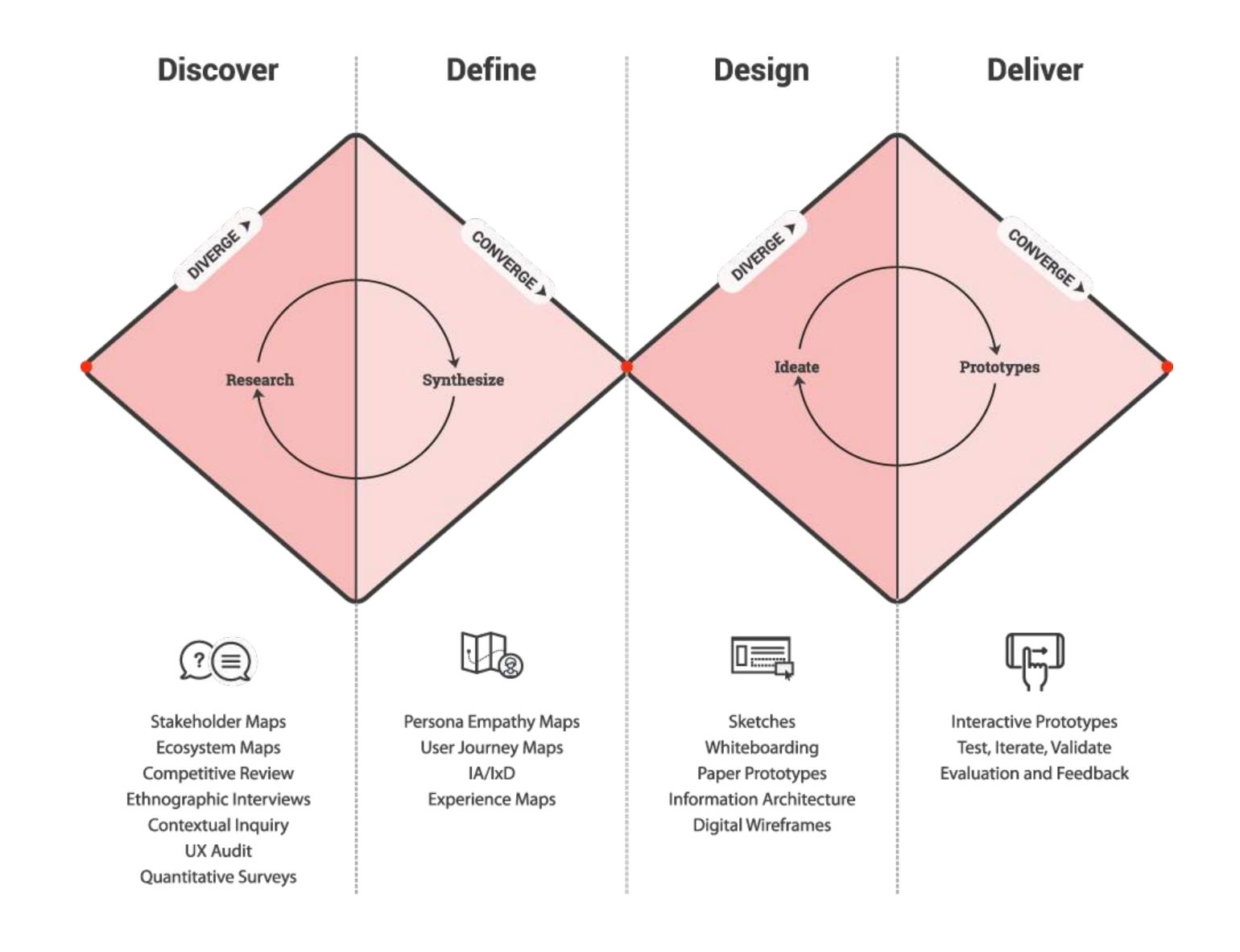
There is a need for clinical evaluation to keep pace with the level of mHealth innovation if it is to have meaningful impact in informing payers, providers, policy makers, and patients.



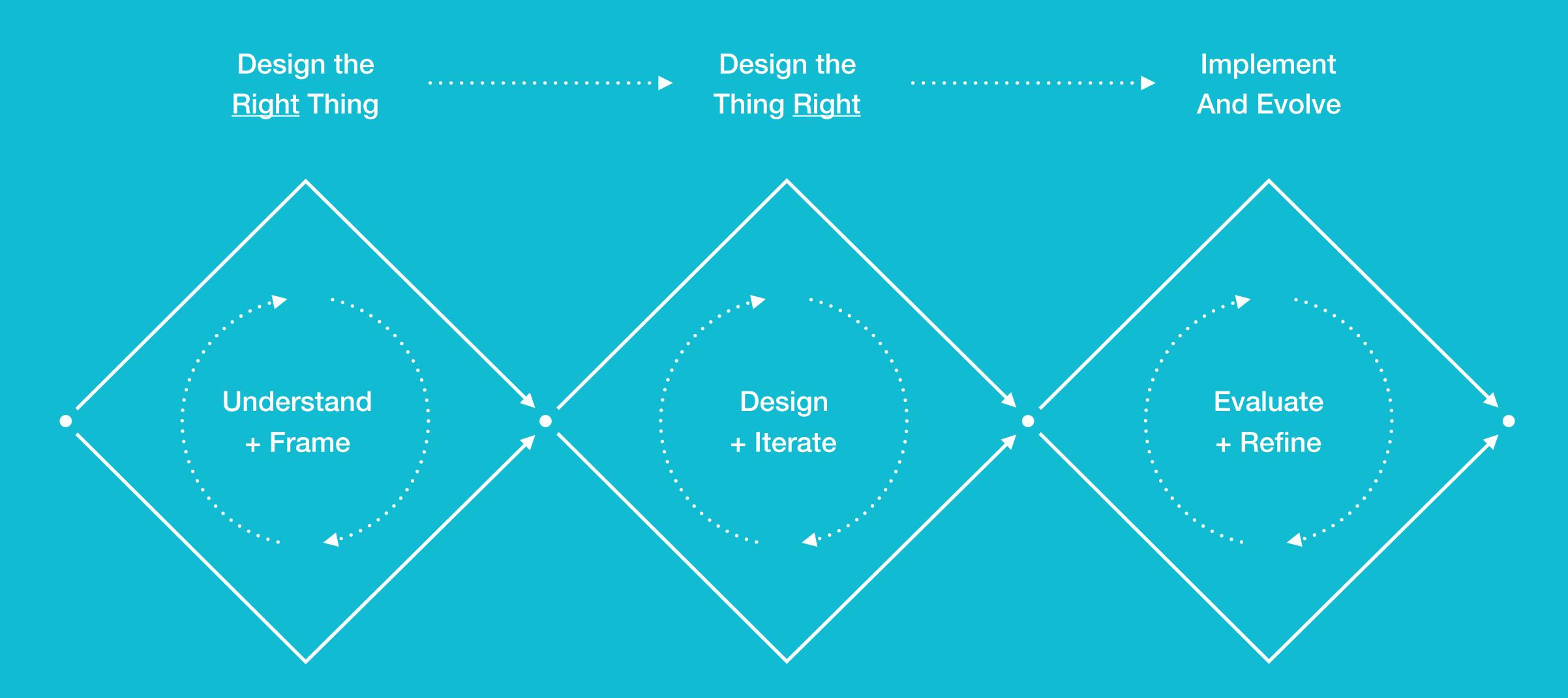




Double Diamond Design Model



Our Design Process



New dimensions of design for user experience and evaluation in digital health

Joseph Cafazzo PhD PEng

Wolfond Chair in Digital Health Executive Director, Centre for Global eHealth Innovation, University Health Network Associate Professor, University of Toronto





